慈悲道場 懴 法 第 田

Emperor of Liang Jeweled Repentance

Repentance Dharma of Kindness and Compassion in the Bodhimanda

Volume 1

梁皇寶 懺 Emperor of Liang Jeweled Repentance

慈悲道場懺法(第一冊) Repentance Dharma of Kindness and Compassion in the Bodhimanda (Volume 1)

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梁皇寶懺

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第一册 Volume 1



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序言

在我 47 年的僧侶生涯中,禮拜《梁皇寶懺》總是一件非常特別 的事。我已經多次參與拜懺,其中有一次讓我印象最為深刻。

那次的拜懺要回溯到幾十年前,我的師父宣公上人說:「果修, 妳或者果真,可以做法主。」我從未想過今生能以女身承擔起法 主的責任。我對性別的偏見來自於童年的影響——那無處不在以 男性為中心的社會:不管是家中的嚴父,學校的男老師、男性行 政人員,或者是教堂中主持儀式的牧師或神父。

所以當我第一次站在梁皇寶懺法會的正中央擔當法主時,親身體 驗了佛法在這一方面異乎尋常的平等。這種示現是經由我們的師 父,一位明眼善知識,而呈現在我們眼前。

不僅如此,身為法主,讓我迅速地察覺到修行者的誠心和集體禮 懺的強大力量。從法會法主的制高點,我能清晰地感受到這種強 大的正面能量的湧現和散播。

隨著《梁皇寶懺》的進展,這股強有力的能量可以讓我們斷除疑 惑、懺悔前業、發菩提心、發弘誓願、普利有情,以及藉著懺悔 的功德迴向世界和平,福澤眾生。

這股藉由懺悔湧現出的能量,相續不斷地往外搏動,能令修行 者精神抖擻,也使懺悔功成事遂;這種功效不只局限於參加法會 者,而是能擴展到整個宇宙,乃至修行者心念所到之處,並能造 福一切眾生。因此,這種真實的經歷,最佳地印證了我們拜懺的 信心。我相信你們可以很快的參與其中,自己去親身見證。

> 比丘尼 恒持 於盂蘭盆會佛歡喜日 2016 年 8 月 17 日

Foreword

Bowing the *Repentance of Emperor Liang* has always been a special event for me during my life as a Buddhist monastic — now in its forty-seventh year. I have participated in many such ceremonies. One occasion stands out as most memorable.

This occasion unfolded a couple of decades ago when my teacher, Master Hua, said to me, "GuoXiu, you or GuoZhen can be the Dharma Host." It had never occurred to me that I, housed in a female body this life, might presume to be a host of anything! That genderprejudiced view I held harkened back to a childhood dominated by the strict father, an education dispensed by male teachers and administrators, and church-going experiences where religious rituals were always conducted by men-only.

So, when I stood for the first time at the center of the *Repentance of Emperor Liang* assembly fulfilling the role of Repentance Host, I personally experienced an aspect of the extraordinary equality of Buddhism, as presented to us by our Master, a bright-eyed sage!

More than that, as Host, I quickly became aware of the power of the collective energy that is generated by a gathering of sincere practitioners performing a ritual together. This strong and positive energy that surges and spreads was palpable to me from my vantage point at the Host's post in the middle of the assembly.

As the *Repentance of Emperor Liang* unfolds, this powerful energy can be channeled into severing doubts, repenting for deeds done, bringing forth the resolve for Bodhi, making significant vows, aiding beings in many realms, and dedicating the merit of all this to peace for the world and well-being for all inhabitants of it.

As this energy created by the performance of the Repentance pulsates outward and onward, repentance participants are invigorated and the effectiveness of repentance becomes a practical reality, not only within the confines of the assembly, but extending throughout the cosmos as far as the minds of the participants can reach — for the betterment of all. Thus, the actual experience of bowing the Repentance provides the very best affirmation of faith possible! I trust you will join one soon and see for yourselves.

Bhikshuni Heng Chih On Ullambana and the Buddhas' Happy Day August 17, 2016

The origin

梁皇懺法(即慈悲道場懺法)。為寶誌禪師與高僧十人所 集。肇始於梁武帝。故俗稱梁皇懺。

梁皇懴缘起

武帝姓蕭。名衍。字叔達。蘭陵人。仕齊封梁王。受齊禪。 國號梁。在位四十六年。壽八十有六。

武帝之原配郗夫人。妒忌側室。動心發口。有如毒蛇。 三十歲時。忽爾天亡。生前心懷瞋毒。致死後墮落蟒中。

靈性不昧。知其業因。至帝登極之次年。現形宮中。訴 其苦狀。及所作諸惡業。求帝救拔。脱離此苦。帝遂請 寶誌禪師等。依經律懺罪要義。製懺文十卷。為夫人懺 悔。眾僧建壇行道。

禮拜方畢。忽見一人。峨冠赤服。對帝謝曰。我蒙佛力。 得脱蟒身。將生天上。故來禮謝。言訖不見。懺悔功德。 不可思議。此懺法遂流布天下。至今遵行。 This Repentance Dharma of Kindness and Compassion in the Bodhimanda was compiled by ten eminent monks led by Chan Master Baozhi. It has been commonly known as the *Emperor of Liang Repentance*, because it was compiled at the request of Emperor Wu of the Liang Dynasty.

Emperor Wu (464 C.E. - 549 C.E.), whose surname was Xiao, given name Yan, and courtesy name Shuda, was born in Lanling, (Jiangsu Province). He served as a government official in the Qi Dynasty, and was appointed as Duke of Liang. Later, he forced the abdication of Emperor Qi and ascended the throne. He named his dynasty "Liang." He reigned for 46 years until his death at the age of 86.

His wife, Empress Chi, died a premature death at the young age of thirty. Because of her intense jealousy and hatred for the consorts and concubines, her words and thoughts were as vicious as that of a poisonous snake. Having harbored so much hatred and anger while alive, she was consequently reborn as a python.

As a python, her spiritual nature was not entirely clouded, and she knew of her karmic causes. In the second year of Emperor Wu's reign, she appeared in the palace in the form of a python and told the emperor of her suffering as well as of her evil karma. She beseeched the emperor to rescue her from her misery. Accordingly the emperor requested the assistance of Chan Master Baozhi and other monks who then compiled this Repentance. This text consists of ten rolls and is based on the essentials of bowing repentances taught in the sutras and vinaya texts. With this text, an assembly of monks set up the Bodhimanda and conducted the Repentance on her behalf.

At the conclusion of the repentance, a person attired in red robes and wearing a high hat suddenly appeared and expressed profound gratitude to the Emperor, "By the power of the Buddhas, I have been liberated from the body of a python. I am about to be reborn in the heavens. Before going, I have come to express my gratitude." After that, the person disappeared. From this we can conclude the merit and virtue accrued from this repentance is inconceivable. Since then, the *Emperor of Liang Jeweled Repentance* has spread throughout the world and is still practiced today.

慈悲道場懴法傳

此懺者,梁武帝為皇后郗氏所集也。郗氏崩後數月,帝 常追悼之。畫則忽忽不樂,宵乃耿耿不寐。居寢殿,聞 外有騷窣之聲。視之,乃見一蟒,盤躄上殿。睒睛呀口, 以向於帝。帝大驚駭,無所逃遁。不得已,蹶然而起, 謂蛇曰:朕宮殿嚴警,非爾蛇類所生之處。必其妖孽, 欲崇朕耶?

蛇為人語,啓帝曰:蟒則昔之郗氏也。妾以生存嫉妒六 宮,其性慘毒。怒一發,則火熾矢射,損物害人。死以 是罪,謫為蟒耳。無飲食可實口,無窟穴可庇身。飢窘 困迫,力不自勝。

又一鱗甲,則有多蟲,唼嚙肌肉,痛苦甚劇,若加錐 刀。為蟒非常蛇,亦復變化而至,不以皇居深重為阻耳。 感帝平昔眷妾之厚,故託醜形骸陳露於帝,祈一功德, 以見拯拔也!帝聞之,嗚呼感慨!既而求蟒,遂不復見。

帝明日大集沙門於殿庭,宣其由,問善之最,以贖其苦。 誌公對曰:須禮佛懺滌悃款方可!帝乃然其言,搜索佛 經,錄其名號。兼親抒睿思,灑聖翰,撰悔文,共成十 卷。皆採摭佛語,削去閑詞,為其懺禮。

Prologue

This Repentance was compiled at the request of Emperor Wu of Liang on behalf of the deceased Empress Chi. The Emperor had been mourning her death for several months — pining for her during the day and suffering from insomnia at night. One evening when the Emperor was in the bedroom, he heard a rustling sound outside. On closer look, he saw a python curled up in the main hall, staring at him with its eyes blinking and mouth wide open. The emperor was extremely frightened, tried to escape but had no place to hide; being cornered, he stood up tensed and said to the python, "This palace is tightly guarded and there should not be a snake here. Are you a demon trying to haunt me?"

The python answered with a human voice, "I was your wife Chi, now in the form of a python. When I was alive, I was very jealous of your concubines. I had a ferocious temperament and a vicious nature. Once my anger erupted, it was like blazing fire or darting arrows, harming people and destroying things. Due to such offenses, I was reborn in a lower realm as a python. Without food and shelter, I suffer unbearable hunger and misery.

Moreover, there are many parasites underneath each of my scales and they gnaw at my flesh. The pain is like sharp knives stabbing my skin. I became a python, and unlike an ordinary snake, can transform my body and come unhindered into your royal palace, a restricted place. Mindful of your Majesty's deep affection for me in the past, I now reveal myself before you in this grotesque form. I pray that you can create some merit on my behalf so that I can be rescued from this predicament. Upon hearing this, Emperor Wu of Liang lamented deeply, and when he sought to interact further, the python had already disappeared!

The following day, the Emperor gathered a large group of monks in the palace, explained what had happened, and asked them the best method to liberate the python from its suffering. Venerable Baozhi said, "The only way is to bow to the Buddhas and repent sincerely on behalf of the empress." The Emperor agreed to the advice. They then searched the sutras, gathered the names of Buddhas, extracted passages, and compiled the Repentance. The Emperor himself contributed his invaluable input and helped edit and embellish the writing of the Repentance text, including removing extraneous words. With the actual Repentance Proper based on the words of Buddhas, this text then became the Repentance Dharma in ten rolls that the assembly used to repent on behalf of the empress.

又一日,聞宮室內,異香馥郁,良久轉美,初不知所來。 帝因仰視,乃見一天人,容儀端麗,謂帝曰:此則蟒後 身也!蒙帝功德,已得生忉利天。今呈本身以為明驗也。 慇懃致謝,言訖不見。

自梁訖今,已千餘年,得此懺本,虔敬禮懺。所為所祈 者,皆有陰騭感應。猶恐厥事闇然未彰,輒以粗記,用 達諸耳目云!

光緒十五年夏月 金陵刻經處重刊

One day, a rare fragrance permeated the palace and lingered for a long time. At first, no one knew where it came from. But when the Emperor looked up, he saw an adorned heavenly being who said to him, "I was the python that you saw previously. Because of the merit and virtue accrued from the repentance, I was reborn in the Trayastrimsha Heaven. I am here to stand testimony to your repentance effort." Having expressed heartfelt gratitude, the heavenly being disappeared.

Although it has been more than a thousand years since the Liang Dynasty, people still use this text to conduct repentances. Whoever bows or prays sincerely will obtain a response. I, as editor of this reprint, was afraid that such knowledge concerning the Emperor of Liang Repentance would be lost in the future or would not be understood clearly, thus, I have tried to explain it in simple words for everyone's benefit.

Summer of 1889, 15th Year of the Guangxu Reign, Qing Dynasty. A preface by Jinling (Nanking) Sutra Texts Publishing House before republishing the Repentance.

戒定真看禶 jiè dìng zhēn xiāng zàn

		焚起衝天上。 fén qǐ chōng tiān shàng
		爇在金爐放。 rè zài jīn lú fàng
項刻氤氲 qǐng kè yīn yūn	0	即遍满十方。 jí biàn mǎn shí fāng
		免難消災障。 miǎn nàn xiāo zāi zhàng
		菩薩摩訶薩 (三稱) pú sà mó hē sà

Praise of True Incense of Precepts and Samadhi

True incense of precepts and samadhi is lit, Clouds of fragrance soar up to Heaven. As it burns in the golden censer, All in the assembly are reverent and sincere. Fragrance instantly pervading everywhere, Quickly reaching out into the ten directions. Disasters and hindrances are eradicated, Just like for Yasodara in the past. Namo Incense Cloud Canopy Bodhisattva Mahasattva (3 times)

梁皇寶戲儀 liáng huáng bǎo chàn yí 粱 wén

恭聞 gōng wén

梁皇啓建,彌勒題名。誌公集華藏之玄 liáng huáng qǐ jiàn mí lè tí míng zhì gōng jí huá zàng zhī xuán 文,群經錄諸佛之聖號。大集沙門,宏宣 wén qún jīng lù zhū fó zhī shèng hào dà jí shā mén hóng xuān 懺法。懺文感夢於梁朝,瑞氣騰輝於武 chàn fǎ chàn wén gǎn mèng yú liáng cháo ruì qì téng huī yú wǔ 帝。由是耿耿金光不昧,皎皎寶欲芬芳。 dì yóu shì gěng gěng jīn guāng bú mèi jiǎo bǎo yàn fēn fāng 郁郁香煙熏内闕,重重華蕊耀王宫。青霄 yù yù xiāng yān xūn nèi què chóng chóng huā ruǐ yào wáng gōng qīng xiāo 雲裡, 天人現報體之端嚴。白玉階前, 郗 yún lǐ tiān rén xiàn bào tǐ zhī duān yán bái yù jiē qián chī 氏脱蟒身之苦難。以此消災,災消吉至。 shì tuō mǎng shēn zhī kǔ nàn yǐ cǐ xiāo zāi zāi xiāo jí zhì 因茲滅罪,罪滅福生。真救病之良藥,乃 yīn zī miè zuì miè fú shēng zhēn jiù bìng zhī liáng yào nǎi 破暗之明燈。恩沾九有,德被四生。懺之 pò àn zhī míng dēng ēn zhān jiǔ yǒu dé bèi sì shēng chàn zhī 功德,讚莫能窮 gōng dé, zàn mò néng qióng

兹者懺文肇啓,仰叩普賢行王。運想香 zī zhě chàn wén zhào qǐ yǎng kòu pǔ xián hèng wáng yùn xiǎng xiāng 華,供養十方調御。欲嚴清淨之懺壇,先 huā gòng yàng shí fāng tiáo yù yù yán qīng jìng zhī chàn tán xiān 誦秘密之章句。要祈善果以周隆,必使罪 sòng bì mì zhī zhāng jù yào qí shàn guǒ yǐ zhōu lóng bì shǐ zuì 華而凋謝。仰叩洪慈,大彰靈應。 huā ér diāo xiè yǎng kòu hóng cí dà zhāng líng yìng 南無普賢王菩薩摩訶薩 (三稱) ná mó pǔ xián wáng pú sà mó hē sà

Listen respectfully

The Emperor of Liang initiates this Repentance; Maitreya Bodhisattva names it. Venerable Baozhi compiles it from the sacred Flower Treasury, With names of Buddhas gathered from the sutras; Monastics assemble and conduct the Repentance. This Dharma of Repentance is proclaimed vastly. The Repentance originates from a dreamlike encounter by the Emperor of Liang, And it results in clouds of auspiciousness welling forth around the palace. Within the Bodhimanda, Glittering lanterns shining everywhere;

Ritual of the Emperor of Liang Repentance

Golden flames ever illuminating; Fragrant incense enveloping the palace; Exquisite flowers adorning in many layers. In the white clouds and blue sky, appears an adorned celestial being; Before the white jade staircase, Chi is liberated from her suffering. By the merit and virtue of this Repentance, Calamities are quelled and offenses eradicated. Calamities quelled, auspiciousness descends; Offenses eradicated, blessings sprout forth. A good medicine it is, curing illnesses; A bright light it is, dispelling darkness. Benefitting the nine states of existence, Blessing the four kinds of birth. Boundless is its merit and virtue, Beyond praise or exaltation! To commence this Repentance, we with utmost sincerity: Bow respectfully to Samantabhadra, King of Great Conduct Bodhisattva;

Contemplate that this incense and flowers are offered to all Buddhas of the ten directions; Recite the sacred mantra phrases to purify this Repentance Bodhimanda; Cause the "blossoming offenses" to wither away and fall so as to achieve the perfect and abundant fruition.

We again reverently bow to the Greatly Compassionate One, wishing that he will bless us with efficacious responses.

Namo Samantabhadra Bodhisattva Mahasattva (3 times)

有一菩薩 結跏趺坐 名曰普賢	There exists a Bodhisattva,
yǒu yì pú sà jié jiā fū zuò míng yuē pǔ xián	Seated in full-lotus posture,
自人工名 工上插业 工上插名	Known as Samantabhadra,
身白玉色 五十種光 五十種色 shēn bái yù sè wǔ shí zhǒng guāng wǔ shí zhǒng sè	With a body of white jade.
	From the back of his neck
以爲項光 身諸毛孔 流出金光	Emanates fifty kinds of light
yǐ wéi xiàng guāng shēn zhū máo kǒng liú chū jīn guāng	Made of fifty different colors.
其金光端 無量化佛 諸化菩薩	From every pore,
イェノレーオー デー 生 TO TAF 昭 TO 石 I座 qí jīn guāng duān wú liàng huà fó zhū huà pú sà	Golden light comes pouring forth;
	At each tip of golden light,
以為眷屬 安詳徐步 雨大寶華	Appear countless transformation Buddhas
yǐ wéi juàn shǔ ān xiáng xú bù yù dà bǎo huā	And countless transformation Bodhisattvas,
至行者前 其象開口 於象牙上	All as his retinues.
zhì xíng zhě qián qí xiàng kāi kǒu yú xiàng yá shàng	Together they stroll around peacefully,
壮山工L + +	As precious flowers shower down.
諸池玉女 鼓樂絃歌 其聲微妙 zhū chí yù nǚ gǔ yuè xián gē qí shēng wéi miào	Samantabhadra descends before the cultivator.
	His elephant trumpets
讃歎大乘 一实之道 行者見已	And on top of its tusks,
zàn tàn dà chèng yì shí zhī dào xíng zhě jiàn yǐ	Appear many maidens as exquisite as jade in ponds,
歡喜敬禮 復更讀誦 甚深經典	Singing and playing melodious music.
和 一 以 但 一 仅 文 明 的 一 匹 八 三 六 huān xǐ jìng lǐ fù gèng dú sòng shèn shēn jīng diǎn	Their voices and sounds wonderful and subtle,
	In praise of the Mahayana,
遍禮十方 無量化佛 禮多寶佛塔	And the Path of One Reality.
biàn lǐ shí fāng wú liàng huà fó lǐ duō bảo fó tǎ	Aware of this, we cultivators rejoice and bow in worship.
及釋迦牟尼 並禮普賢 諸大菩薩	We further read and recite the profound sutras.
jí shì jiā móu ní bìng lĩ pủ xián zhū dà pú sà	We universally bow to the ten-direction
孤早近陌 艾北宁运 雁目並堅	Myriad transformation Buddhas,
發是誓願 若我宿福 應見普賢 fā shì shì yuàn ruò wǒ sù fú yīng jiàn pǔ xián	The Stupa of Many Jewels Tathagata,
	Shakyamuni Buddha,
願尊者遍吉 示我色身	Samantabhadra Bodhisattva,
yuàn zũn zhẻ biàn jí shì wǒ sè shēn	And all great Bodhisattvas.
南無普賢菩薩 (+稱)	We now make this vow:
南無普賢菩薩 (+稱) ná mó pǔ xián pú sà	If I have planted blessings,
	I can surely see Samantabhadra Bodhisattva.
	So may this Venerable Universally Auspicious One

Manifest before me. Namo Samantabhadra Bodhisattva (10 times)

yí	切恭敬 qiè gōng jìng
	一心頂禮十方法界常住佛 (一拜) yì xīn dǐng lǐ shí fāng fǎ jiè cháng zhù fó
	一心頂禮十方法界常住法 (一拜) yì xīn dǐng lǐ shí fāng fǎ jiè cháng zhù fǎ
	一心頂禮十方法界常住僧 (一拜) yì xīn dǐng lǐ shí fāng fǎ jiè cháng zhù sēng
shì 養	諸眾等,各各胡跪,嚴持香華,如法供 zhū zhòng děng gè gè hú guì yán chí xiāng huā rú fǎ gòng ,十方法界三寶。 shí fāng fǎ jiè sān bǎo
	願此香華遍十方 以爲微妙光明臺 yuàn cǐ xiāng huā biàn shí fāng yǐ wéi wéi miào guāng míng tái
	諸天音樂天寶香 諸天餚膳天寶衣 zhū tiān yīn yuè tiān bǎo xiāng zhū tiān yáo shàn tiān bǎo yī
	不可思議妙法塵 一一塵出一切塵 bù kě sī yì miào fǎ chén yī yī chén chū yí qiè chén
	一一塵出一切法 旋轉無礙互莊嚴 yī yī chén chū yí qiè fǎ xuán zhuǎn wú ài hù zhuāng yán
	遍至十方三寶前 十方法界三寶前 biàn zhì shí fāng sān bào qián shí fāng fǎ jiè sān bào qián
	悉有我身修供養 一一皆悉遍法界 xī yǒu wǒ shēn xiū gòng yàng yī yī jiē xī biàn fǎ jiè
	彼彼無雜無障礙 盡未來際作佛事 bǐ bǐ wú zá wú zhàng ài jìn wèi lái jì zuò fó shì
	普熏法界諸眾生 蒙熏皆發菩提心 pǔ xūn fǎ jiè zhū zhòng shēng méng xūn jiē fā pú tí xīn
	同入無生證佛智(想已散花舉) tóng rù wú shēng zhèng fó zhì

Let us all be respectful and reverent.

Single-mindedly, we bow to the eternally abiding Buddhas of the Dharm	na
Realm throughout the ten directions. (1 bow)	

- Single-mindedly, we bow to the eternally abiding Dharma of the Dharma Realm throughout the ten directions. (1 bow)
- Single-mindedly, we bow to the eternally abiding Sangha of the Dharma Realm throughout the ten directions. (1 bow)

The cantor chants:

All in this assembly, each one kneeling and solemn, holding incense and flowers, in accord with Dharma, make offerings to the Three Treasures of the Dharma Realm throughout the ten directions.

May this incense and flower pervade the ten directions, Making a tower of subtle, wonderful light. All heavenly music, jeweled heavenly incense, Rare heavenly delicacies, and jeweled heavenly garments, All inconceivably wonderful dharma objects, Each object emitting all objects, Each object emitting all dharmas, Revolving unobstructed and adorning each other, Are offered everywhere to the Three Treasures of the ten directions. Before the Three Treasures of the Dharma Realm throughout the ten directions, My body everywhere makes offerings. Each one entirely pervades the Dharma Realm, Each one unalloyed and unimpeded, Exhausting the bounds of the future, doing the Buddhas' work. May the fragrances permeate living beings throughout the Dharma Realm. Having been permeated, may they all bring forth the resolve for bodhi, And together enter the unproduced and attain the Buddha's wisdom.

(contemplate flowers raining down from the sky)

		香 xiāng		雲 yún		-	满 mǎn	•	-	•	
		yí		佛 fó			法 fă				
無 wú	邊 biān	聲 shēng	焆 wén	眾 zhòng		及 jí	yí	切 qiè	天 tiān	仏 _{xiān}	
		光 ^{guāng}					於 yú				
無 wú	邊 biān	佛 fó	上 dù	中 ^{zhōng}		受 shòu	用 yòng	作 zuò	佛 fó	事 shì	
普pů	熏 xūn	諸 _{zhū}	眾 zhòng	生 ^{shēng}		比 jiē	發 fā	苔pú	提 tí	心 xīn	
南 ná	無 mó	審 J bǎo	景 玄 án	華 huā	苔ú	薩 sà	摩 mó	訶 hē	薩 sà	(三	稱)
		甚 shèn		妙 miào			明 míng				
		曾 céng				今 jīn	• -	-		-	
聖 shèng	主 _{zhů}	天 tiān	中 ^{zhōng}	王 wáng		迦 jiā	陵 líng	頻 pín	伽 qié	聲 shēng	
		眾 zhòng					等 děng				

May this cloud of incense and flowers fully pervade the ten directions, As an offering to all Buddhas, all Dharma, and all Bodhisattvas,
As well as to the multitudes of Hearers, Pratyekabuddhas, and devas,
Making a tower of subtle, wonderful light that extends boundlessly into all realms.
May beings in boundless Buddhalands,
Enjoy them and do the Buddhas' work.
May the fragrances permeate all beings,
So they bring forth the resolve for bodhi.
(Assembly rises and bows to the following Bodhisattva:)
Namo Precious Udumbara Flower Bodhisattva Mahasattva (3 times)

His appearance, how wonderful and rare, His light, illumining all ten directions! To whom I had made offerings in the past, To whom I am now drawing near. A sage leader he is, a king, divine among the divine, With the voice of kalavinkas, Taking great pity on all beings, To him we now pay our reverence.



Emperor of Liang Jeweled Repentance

(Roll1)

Roll 1

rù chàn

恭 聞 gōng wén

一體化身, 普應十方國土。一音說法, 聲 yì tǐ huà shēn , 逆 yìng shí fāng guó dù 。 yì yīn shuō fǎ shēng 聞三界人天。一切無礙人, 皆從一道一門 wén sān jiè rén tiān 。 yí qiè wú ài rén ,皆從一道一門 wén sān jiè rén tiān 。 一乘圓頓教 ,皆因一相一味 er chū shēng sǐ hǎi 。 一乘圓頓教 ,皆因一相一味 er chū shēng sǐ hǎi 。 道機似月映千江, 應物如春 er zhèng niè pán shān 。 suí jī sì yuè yìng qiān jiāng , ŷing wù rú chūn 回大地。 遍緣法界 , 普坐道場 。 希道眼以 huí dà dì biàn yuán fǎ jiè , pǔ zuò dào chǎng xī dào yǎn yǐ 證知, 鑒凡情之微悃。 zhèng zhī , jiàn fán qíng zhī wéi kǔn

奉為今辰求懺某等,啓建慈悲道場懺法。 rin chén qiú chàn mỗu dễng, qǐ jiàn cí bẽi dào chẳng chàn fǎ 兹當第一卷,入壇緣起。我諸眾等,端格 zī dāng dì yī juàn, rù tán yuán qǐ wǒ zhū zhòng děng, duān kè 一心,肅清三業,依科演梵。燒香散華, yì xīn, sù qīng sān yè, yī kē yǎn fàn。 shāo xiāng sàn huā 供養十方三寶;稱唱諸佛洪名。五體投地 gòng yàng shí fāng sān bǎo, chēng chàng zhū fó hóng míng, wǔ tǐ tóu dì 以皈依,發露懺除諸業障。 yǐ guī yī, fā lù chàn chú zhū yè zhàng

切念某等,自從無始以來,至於今日。因 qiè niàn mǒu děng, zì cóng wú shǐ yǐ lái, zhì yú jīn rì。 yīn 迷一性,理昧一乘。一翳在眼時,空華亂 mí yí xìng, lǐ mèi yí chèng, yí yì zài yǎn shí, kōng huā luàn 墜。一漚於起處,幻海波翻。一眞三昧乖 zhuì, yì ou yú qǐ chù, huàn hǎi bō fān, yì zhēn sān mèi guāi

Listen respectfully

One body transforms and responds universally to the lands of the ten directions. *One* sound proclaims the Dharma and all beings hear it — humans, heavenly beings, and the rest of the three realms.

Commencement of the Repentance

Through the One path and One gateway, all Unobstructed Ones transcend oceans of samsara.

The *One* Vehicle's perfect and direct teaching enables one to reach Nirvana's summit through the *One* attribute and *One* flavor.

Like the moon reflecting in a thousand rivers, the Dharma is taught according to the potentials of beings;

Like spring returning to earth, sages respond to beings accordingly.

They universally engage all beings throughout the Dharma Realm, while seated in each and every Bodhimanda.

May you witness this with your enlightened eye, and verify our sincerity and humility.

[Dharma Host: On behalf of ______] and all of us who seek to repent, we practice this Repentance Dharma of Kindness and Compassion in the Bodhimanda. We now come to Roll One. With all conditions fulfilled, we now enter the Repentance Platform. May we all reverently and wholeheartedly purify our three karmas, and chant the text accordingly. We burn incense and present flowers as an offering to the Three Treasures in the ten directions. We chant and praise the sacred names of Buddhas. We bow to them in full prostration and take refuge in them. We confess our mistakes and seek to eradicate our karmic obstacles.

[Dharma Host: May ______ be earnestly mindful], including all of us who seek to repent, that from time without beginning till now, due to our confusion in the One Nature, the Buddha-nature, we have turned our backs on the Dharma of the One Vehicle. One small defect in our diseased eyes causes us to see a labyrinth of flowers in empty space; one small bubble in the ocean causes waves to roll and churn in the stormy ocean of delusion. We have long been going against the samadhi

Commencement of the Repentance

Roll 1

違,一點無明恣縱。意含三毒,業造萬 yì diǎn wú míng zì zòng。 yì hán sān dú , że żao wàn 端。開塵勞八萬之門,起煩惱百千之障。 duān huāng yù jìng , rú kuáng zhī mén qǐ fán nǎo bǎi qiān zhī zhàng 耽 荒欲境,如狂象之無鈎。追逐妄緣,似 đān huāng yù jìng , rú kuáng zhī wú gōu 。 zhuī zhú wàng yuán sì 飛蛾而赴火。罪若丘山之積, 業如滄海之 fēi é ér fù huǒ 。 zuì ruò qiū shān zhī jī , że rú cāng hǎi zhī 深。既微少於善根,恐難逃於惡果。

今則依熟在念,馂革于心。外托勝緣,内 jīn zé yī qín zài niàn quān gé yú xīn wài tuō shèng yuán nèi 懷慚愧。集此現前清眾,披閱懺悔靈文。 huái cán kuì jí cǐ xiàn qián qīng zhòng pī yuè chàn huǐ líng wén 仗千佛之威光,洗多生之罪垢。我願如 zhàng qiān fó zhī wēi guāng xǐ duō shēng zhī zuì gòu wǒ yuàn rú 斯,佛必哀憐。仰叩洪慈,冥熏加被。 of *One* Reality. Our single thought of ignorance has let loose all reins, causing our minds to be filled with the three poisons, resulting in our creating myriad forms of karma. This opens up the doors to the eighty thousands defiling passions, and gives rise to the hundreds of thousands of obstacles of afflictions. Like a wild and unrestrained elephant, we indulge in desires. Like a moth flying into fire, we chase after illusory conditions. Our offenses accumulate as high as mountains and our karma runs as deep as the ocean. With such scant roots of goodness, we fear we will not be able to escape our evil retributions.

Let us now be diligent in our mindfulness and rectify our thoughts. Externally, we rely on the sublime conditions of this wonderful bowing ceremony; internally, we feel deep shame and remorse. We gather together in this present pure assembly to chant this efficacious repentance. By relying on the awesome light of thousands of Buddhas, we cleanse our offenses of defilements accumulated through many lives. We pray all Buddhas take pity on us. We now respectfully bow to the Greatly Compassionate One to invisibly bless and protect us.

	上 shàng													
世 shì	周 jiān	所 suŏ	有 yǒu	我 wǒ	盡 jìn	見 jiàn		yí	切 qiè	無 wú	有 yǒu	如 rú	佛 fó	者 ^{zhě}
	運 yùn													
	心 xīn					•	佛 fó							
	無 mó			毘 pí			佛 fó							
南 ná	無 mó	尸 shī	•	佛 fó										
	無 mó				佛 fo									
	無 mó				佛 fo									
南 ná	無 mó	拘 jū	那 nà	含 hán	牟 móu	尼 ní	佛 fó							
	無 mó													
	無 mó		師 ^{shī}					佛 fo						
南 ná	無 mó	當 dāng	來 lái	彌 mí	勒 lè	尊 zūn	佛 fo							
					J	第 kāi	經	• -	,)					
南	無	本	師	釋	迦	牟	尼	佛	(三	.稱)				
	mó				-				-					
無 wú	上 shàng	甚 shèn	深 ^{shēn}	微 wéi	妙 miào	法 fǎ		百 bǎi	₽ qiān	萬 wàn	劫 jié	難 nán	遭 zāo	遇 yù

願解如來真實 yuàn jiě rú lái zhēn shí

義

VÌ

Commencement of the Repentance Roll 1
In the heavens above and all that is below, nothing compares with a Buddha;
Throughout the worlds of the ten directions he is matchless.
Of all I have seen in the world,
There is nothing at all like a Buddha.
We now begin the Repentance Dharma of Kindness and Compassion in the Bodhimanda.
Together in this assembly, we single-mindedly return to and rely on all Buddhas of the three periods of time.
Namo Buddhas of the past, Vipashyin Buddha
Namo Shikhin Buddha

Namo Vishvabhu Buddha

Namo Krakucchanda Buddha

Namo Kanakamuni Buddha

Namo Kashyapa Buddha

Namo our Fundamental Teacher Shakyamuni Buddha

Namo Honored Future Buddha, Maitreya

Verse for Opening a Sutra

Namo our Fundamental Teacher Shakyamuni Buddha (3 times)

The unsurpassed, profound, and wonderful Dharma,

Is difficult to encounter in hundreds of millions of eons.

I now see and hear it, receive and uphold it, And I vow to fathom the Tathagata's true meaning.

我今見聞得受持 wǒ jīn jiàn wén dé shòu chí

慈悲道揚戲注卷第一 cí bēi dào chǎng chàn fǎ juàn dì yī

立此慈悲道場四字,乃因夢感。彌勒世 lì cǐ cí bēi dào chǎng sì zì nǎi yīn mèng gǎn mí lè shì 尊,既慈隆即世,悲臻後劫,依事題名, zūn jì cí lóng jí shì bēi zhēn hòu jié yī shì tí míng 弗敢移易。 fú gǎn yí yì

承此念力,欲守護三寶,令魔隱蔽。摧伏 chéng cǐ niàn lì yù shǒu hù sān bǎo hìng mó yǐn bì cuĩ fú 自大增上慢者。未種善根者,今當令種。 zì dà zēng shàng màn zhě wéi zhòng shàn gēn zhě jīn dāng lìng zhòng 已種善根者,今令增長。若計有所得,住 yǐ zhòng shàn gēn zhě jīn lìng zēng zhǎng ruò jì yǒu suǒ dé zhù 諸見者,皆悉令發捨離之心。樂小法者, pào xiǎo fǎ zhě lìng bù yí dà fǎ yào dà fǎ zhě lì ghing shēng huān xǐ

又此慈悲,諸善中王,一切眾生,所歸依 yòu cǐ cí bēi zhū shàn zhōng wáng yí qiè zhòng shēng , suǒ guī yī 處;如日照畫,如月照夜。爲人眼目, rú ri zhào zhòu rú yuè zhào yè wéi rén yǎn mù 爲人導師。爲人父母,爲人兄弟。同歸道 wéi rén dǎo shī wéi rén fù mǔ wéi rén xiōng dì tóng guī dào 場,爲眞知識。慈悲之親,重於血肉。世 shǎng suí 雖死不離。故目等心,標號如 shì xiāng suí sǔ bù lí gù mù děng xīn biāo hào rú 上。

今日道場,幽顯大眾。立此懺法,并發大 jīn rì dào chǎng yōu xiǎn dà zhòng lì cỉ chàn fǎ bìng fā dà 心,有十二大因緣。何等十二? xīn yǒu shí èr dà yīn yuán hé děng shí èr

Repentance Dharma of Kindness and Compassion in the Bodhimanda - Roll One

The words "Kindness and Compassion in the Bodhimanda" were chosen for the title of this repentance due to a response in a dream. Maitreya the World-Honored One, replete with great kindness and compassion extending to the end of time, bequeathed the title of this repentance — this was how the title was established. We do not dare change the title.

Relying on the strength of the kindness of the World-Honored One, we resolve to protect the Three Treasures, eclipse the power of demons, and humble those with arrogance and overweening pride. We also resolve to cause those who have not planted roots of goodness to do so, and cause the roots of goodness already planted to flourish. We further resolve to cause those who cling to the notion of attainment and who dwell in various views to aspire for transcendence. Finally, we resolve to enable those who delight in the Small Vehicle not to harbor any doubts in the Mahayana, and to cause those who delight in the Mahayana to be joyous.

Furthermore, compassion reigns supreme among all goodness and serves as the sanctuary for all living beings. Like the sun lights up the day and the moon illuminates the night, it guides us like the eyes or the teacher, and cares for us like parents or siblings. Drawing all of us back to the Bodhimanda, it serves as a true spiritual mentor. Kindness and compassion connect with us in a way deeper than that of the relationship with our blood relatives. It accompanies us life after life and never leaves us even after death. Therefore, we take it to heart and use "Kindness and Compassion" as the title of this Repentance.

Today in this Bodhimanda, we, both visible and invisible beings gather to establish this Repentance and bring forth the resolve for bodhi. There are twelve major reasons for this. What are the twelve?

Roll 1

	願化六道,心無限齊。 ruàn huà liù dào xīn wú xiàn qí
	爲報慈恩,功無限齊。 wèi bào cí ēn gōng wú xiàn qí
	願以此善力,令諸眾生,受佛禁 ruàn yǐ cǐ shàn lì lìng zhū zhòng shēng ,shòu fó jìn 戒,不起犯心。 jiè bù qǐ fàn xīn
sì zhě	以此善力,令諸眾生,於諸尊長, yǐ cǐ shàn lì lìng zhū zhòng shēng yú zhū zūn zhǎng 不起慢心。 bù qǐ màn xīn
wů zhě	以此善力,令諸眾生,在所生處, yǐ cǐ shàn lì lìng zhū zhòng shēng zài suǒ shēng chù 不起恚心。 bù qǐ huì xīn
liù zhě	以此善力,令諸眾生,於他身色, yǐ cǐ shàn lì lìng zhū zhòng shēng yú tā shēn sè 不起嫔心。 bù qǐ jí xīn
qī zhě	以此善力,令諸眾生,於内外法, yǐ cǐ shàn lì lìng zhū zhòng shēng yú nèi wài fǎ 不起慳心。 bù qǐ qiān xīn
	以此善力,令諸眾生,凡所修福, yǐ cǐ shàn lì lìng zhū zhòng shēng fán suǒ xiū fú 不爲自身,悉爲一切無覆護者。 bú wèi zì shēn xī wèi yí qiè wú fù hù zhě
jiŭ zhě	以此善力,令諸眾生,不爲自身, yǐ cǐ shàn lì lìng zhū zhòng shēng bú wèi zì shēn 行四攝法。 (íng sì shè fǎ

慈悲道場懺法

Repentance	Dharma	of K	indness	and (ampag	cion in	h tha	Bodhimanda	
Repentance	Dharma	OI NI	indness	and v	Compas	sion ii	n the	Dodnimanda	

- First, with limitless resolve, we vow to transform all beings in the six paths.
- Second, with limitless vigor, we vow to repay kindness and compassion.
- * Third, we vow this power of goodness will enable all beings to uphold the Buddhas' precepts without any thoughts of violating them.
- Fourth, by the power of this goodness, we vow that all beings will not give rise to thoughts of arrogance towards teachers and elders.
- Fifth, by the power of this goodness, we vow that all beings will not give rise to thoughts of anger or hatred with regard to their position in life.
- Sixth, by the power of this goodness, we vow all beings will not envy others' fine appearances.
- Seventh, we vow this power of goodness will enable all beings not to be stingy with the giving of both internal and external wealth.
- Eighth, by this power of goodness, we vow all beings will cultivate blessings, not for themselves, but for all those lacking support and protection.
- Ninth, with this power of goodness, we vow all beings practice the four dharmas of attraction, not for themselves, but for others.

卷一

十者、以此善力,令諸眾生,見有孤獨幽 shí zhě yǐ cǐ shàn lì lìng zhū zhòng shēng jiàn yǒu gū dú yōu	
繫疾病,起救濟心,令得安樂。 xì jí bìng qǐ jiù jì xīn lìng dé ān lè	
十一者、以此善力,若有眾生,應折伏 shí yī zhě yǐ cǐ shàn lì ruò yǒu zhòng shēng yīng zhé fú	
者,而折伏之;應攝受者,而攝受 zhě ér zhé fú zhī yīng shè shòu zhě ér shè shòu	
え _{zhī}	
十二者、以此善力,令諸眾生,在所生 shí èr zhě yǐ cǐ shàn lì lìng zhū zhòng shēng zài suǒ shēng	
處,恒自憶念,發菩提心;令菩提 chù héng zì yì niàn fā pú tí xīn lìng pú tí	
心,相續不斷。 xīn xiāng xù bú duàn	
仰願幽顯凡聖大眾。同加覆護,同加攝 yǎng yuàn yōu xiǎn fán shèng dà zhòng tóng jiā fù hù tóng jiā shè	
受。令某等所悔清淨,所願成就,等諸佛 shòu lìng mǒu děng suǒ huǐ qīng jìng suǒ yuàn chéng jiù děng zhū fó	
心,同諸佛願。六道四生,皆悉隨從,滿 xīn tóng zhū fó yuàn liù dào sì shēng jiē xī suí cóng mǎn	
菩提願。 pú tí yuàn	

- Tenth, with this power of goodness, we vow all beings resolve to care for the orphaned, the solitary, the sick, and the imprisoned so they can attain peace and happiness.
- Eleventh, with this power of goodness, we vow to subdue and gather in whoever needs to be subdued and gathered in.
- ✤ Twelfth, with this power of goodness, we vow all beings everywhere will constantly be mindful to bring forth and sustain the resolve for bodhi.

May all sages and worthy ones, both visible and invisible, come to protect us and help us return to purity through our repentance and fulfill all our wishes, so that our minds will be the same as that of all Buddhas, and that we make the same vows as that of all Buddhas. May all beings of the four births and the six paths accomplish bodhi.

歸依三寶第一 guī yī sān bǎo dì yī

某等自惟,形同朝露,命速西光。生世貧 mǒu děng zì wéi xíng tóng zhāo lù mìng sù xī guāng shěng shì pín 乏,無德可稱。智無大人神聖之明,識無 rá 可稱。智無大人神聖之明,識無 wú dé kế chēng zhì wú dà rén shén shěng zhī míng shì wú 聖人洞徹之照;言無忠和仁善之美,行無 shěng rén dòng ché zhī zhào ; an wú zhông hé rén shàn zhī měi 走词 微之照;言 就 忠和仁善之美,行 měi lào juán rén zhě wí 道 退高下之節;診 正斯志,勞倦仁者。仰 jin tuì gāo xia zhī jié mìù lì sī zhì láo juán rén zhě 如 gū dà zhông cán jù jiāo xīn jì fǎ xí yǒu qí zhuī liàn wú 及。從此一別,願各努力專意,朝夕親奉 jí cóng cǐ yì bié yuàn gẻ nǔ lì zhuān yì zhāo xì qīn féng

Section 1 - Taking Refuge with the Three Treasures

Today, we are here in this Bodhimanda due to our shared karma. We should bring forth the resolve for awakening. Always be mindful of impermanence. Our bodies do not last long, and our youthful vitality fades, slowly but surely. We should refrain from indulging in defiled conduct and realize that our fine appearance or graceful demeanor has no lasting reliability. Nothing is permanent; everything eventually drifts towards ruin. Be it in heaven or on earth, who can live forever? When we are young, our muscles may be supple and our skin lustrous, exuding an aura of vitality. However, the body can retain none of these! This body that comes into being due to conditions will surely wither and perish. It goes through birth, aging, sickness, and death which comes anytime unannounced! Who can rid us of these miseries? When calamities hit suddenly, we are unable to escape, and perish — regardless of our status or rank. Our bodies then bloat and stink with an unbearable stench. So what is the purpose of lavishing so much care on our bodies? If we do not vigorously cultivate meritorious deeds, how can we escape this suffering?

We now contemplate that life is as impermanent as the morning dew, as fleet as the setting sun. Having lived a life of meager virtue, we do not have the brilliant wisdom of the great ones, nor the insightful knowledge of the sages. Our speech lacks gentleness, humaneness, trustworthiness, and kindness. We do not know when to advance and when to retreat, when to lead and when to follow. We have resolved to do the repentance and trouble the humane ones. With deep remorse and apprehension let us exhort ourselves. This session has a finite duration; when it ends, no amount of longing can bring it back — we may no longer encounter this session again. It is our earnest wish that after this session ends, everyone will continue to work diligently with a focused mind, personally make daily offerings to the Three Treasures, spur ourselves on with vigor. We ought to take delight in following this

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供 gòng	養 yàng	,	勤 qín	加 jiā	精jīng	進 jin	,	唯 wéi	是 shì	爲 wéi	快 ^{kuài}	0	仰 yǎng	願 yuàn	大 dà	眾 zhòng	•
各 gé	秉 bǐng	其 qí	心 xīn	,	披	刃 rěn	辱 rù	鎧 kǎi	,	入 rù	深 ^{shēn}	法 fă	門 mén	0			
今 jīn	日 rì	道 dào	場 chǎng	,	同 tóng	業 yè	大 tà	眾 zhòng	,	宜 yí	各 ^{gè}	慇 yīn	重 ^{zhòng}	,	起 qi	勇 yǒng	猛 měng
心 xīn	`	不 bú	放 fàng	逸 yì	心 xīn	`	安 ān	住 zhù	心 xīn	`	大 tà	心 xīn	`	勝 ^{shèng}	心 xīn	`	大 dà
慈 cí	悲 ^{bēi}	心 xīn	`	樂 lè	善 shàn	心 xīn	`	歡 ^{huān}	喜x x	心 xīn	`	報 bào	恩 ēn	心 xīn	`	度 ^{dù}	yí
切	ら	`		護	-	切	ら	`	救	護	-	切	ら	`	同	苔 pú	薩
心 xīn	`	等 děng	如 rú	來 lái	心 xīn	,	yì	心 xīn	至 zhì	意 yi	,	五 wů	體 tĭ	投 tóu	地 dì	0	奉 fèng
爲	國	家	元	首	,	土	地	人	民	,	父	母	師	長	,	上 shàng	中
			善 shàn													王 wáng	,
主 _{zhǔ}	善 shàn	罰伯	惡 è	,	守 shǒu	護hù	持 chí	呪 zhòu	,	五 wů	方 ^{fāng}	龍 lóng	王 wáng	,		神 ^{shén}	
部 bù	•	廣 guǎng	及 jí	+ shí	方 ^{fāng}	,	無 wú	窮 qióng	無 wú	盡 jìn	,	含 hán	靋 líng	抱 bào	識 shì	,	水 ^{shuĭ}
陸	空	界	,	—	切	眾	生										
			十 shí										(∮	≢)			
			t shí										- (∌	手)			

歸依十方盡虛空界一切賢聖 (拜) guī yī shí fāng jìn xū kōng jiè yí qiè xián shèng

今日道場,同業大眾,何故應須歸依三 jīn rì dào chǎng, tóng yè dà zhòng, hé gù yīng xū guī yī sān 寶?諸佛菩薩,有無限齊大悲,度脱世 bǎo zhū fó pú sà, yǒu wú xiàn qí dà bēi, dù tuō shì Section 1 Taking Refuge with the Three Treasures

virtuous path. We also wish that we will wear the armor of patience and deeply enter this Dharma-door.

Today, we are here in this Bodhimanda due to our shared karma. We should, with utmost earnestness and reverence, bring forth a courageous mind, a mind that never becomes lax, a mind of dwelling peacefully, an expansive mind, a supreme mind, a mind of great kindness and compassion, a mind of joyful benevolence, a joyful mind, a mind of gratefully repaying kindness, a mind of liberating beings, a mind of protecting all beings, a mind of rescuing all beings, and a mind equal to that of Bodhisattvas and Tathagatas.

With single-minded concentration, we respectfully bow in full prostration on behalf of the heads of nations, leaders, people of all nations, parents, elders, teachers, monastics of the three seniorities, good and bad advisers, heavenly beings, ascetic masters, the four world-protecting heavenly kings, spiritual beings who bless the good and punish the evil, spiritual beings who guard and protect those who uphold mantras, the dragon kings of the five directions, dragons and the rest of the eightfold division, as well as the limitless sentient beings in water, air, or on land throughout the ten directions.

- We take refuge with all the Buddhas of the ten directions to the ends of empty space. (bow)
- We take refuge with all the venerated Dharma of the ten directions to the ends of empty space. (*bow*)
- We take refuge with the Sangha of all sages and worthies of the ten directions to the ends of empty space. (*bow*)

Today, we are here in this Bodhimanda due to our shared karma. We should reflect on why we take refuge with the Three Treasures. It is because Buddhas and Bodhisattvas, with their infinite compassion, rescue all beings; with their

Roll 1

鮚	依	Ξ	寶	第	
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。有無限齊大慈,安慰世間。念一切眾 yǒu wú xiàn qí dà cí ān wèi shì jiān niàn yí qiè zhòng 間 niàn yí qiè zhòng jiān 生,猶如一子。大慈大悲,常無懈倦。恒 shēng yóu rú yì zǐ dà cí dà bēi cháng wú xiè juàn héng héng 作善事,利益一切。誓滅眾生三毒之火, zuò shàn shì lì yì yí qiè shì miè zhòng shēng sān dú zhī huǒ 教化令得阿耨多羅三藐三菩提。眾生不得 jiào huà lìng déā nòu duō luó sān miǎo sān pú tí zhòng shēng bù dé 佛,誓不取正覺。以是義故,應須歸依。 fó shì bù qǔ zhèng jué yǐ shì yì gù yīng xū guī yī 又復諸佛,慈念眾生,過於父母。經言: yòu fù zhū fó cí niàn zhòng shēng guò yú fù mǔ jīng yán 父母念兒, 慈止一世。佛念眾生, 慈心無 fù mǔ niàn ér cí zhǐ yí shì fó niàn zhòng shēng cí xīn wú 。又父母見子,背恩違義,心生恚恨, yòu fù mǔ jiàn zǐ bèi ēn wéi yì xīn shēng huì hèn 盡 jìn 慈心薄少。諸佛菩薩,慈心不爾。見此眾 cí xīn bó shǎo zhū fó pú sà cí xīn bù ěr jiàn cǐ zhòng ,悲心益重。乃至入於無間地獄,大火 g bēi xīn yì zhòng nǎi zhì rù yú wú jiān dì yù dà huǒ 生 shēna 輪中,代諸眾生,受無量苦。是知諸佛, lún zhōng dài zhū zhōng shēng shòu wú liàng kǔ shì zhī zhū fó 諸大菩薩,慈念眾生,過於父母。 zhū dà pú sà cí niàn zhòng shēng guò yú fù mǔ 而諸眾生,無明覆慧,煩惱覆心。於佛菩 ér zhū zhòng shēng wú míng fù huì fán nǎo fù xīn yú fó pú 薩 ,不知歸向。說法教化,亦不信受。乃 bù zhī guī xiàng shuō fǎ jiào huà yì bú xìn shòu nǎi sà 麤言,起於誹謗。未曾發心,念諸佛 cū yán qǐ yú fěi bàng wèi céng fā xīn niàn zhū fó zhì 。以不信故,墮在地獄、餓鬼、畜生, yǐ bú xìn gù duò zài dì yù è guǐ chù shēng 恩 諸惡道中。遍歷三途,受無量苦。罪畢得 zhū è dào zhōng biàn lì sān tú shòu wú liàng kǔ zuì bì dé 暫生人間。諸根不具,以自莊嚴。 zhàn shēng rén jiān zhū gēn bú jù yǐ zì zhuāng yán 出 chū

Section 1 Taking Refuge with the Three Treasures

infinite kindness, they bring comfort to all beings. They are constantly mindful of all beings in the same way parents are attentive to their only child. With their great kindness and compassion, they never weary in constantly doing good and benefiting all beings. They vow to extinguish the fire of the three poisons in all living beings, teaching and transforming them, so that they can attain *Anuttara-samyak-sambodhi*. If living beings fail to become Buddhas, they themselves will refrain from accomplishing Proper Enlightenment. That is why we should take refuge with the Three Treasures.

Furthermore, the Buddhas' compassionate and mindful regard for all living beings surpasses that of one's own parents. As it is said in the sutras: "Parents' love and care for their children are limited to only one lifetime. However, the Buddhas' kindness and compassion towards all living beings is eternal." Moreover, when parents see their children become ungrateful, behaving unethically and rebelliously, they react with anger or displeasure, becoming less compassionate. Whereas, Buddhas and Bodhisattvas are never like that; not only are they always compassionate but also have increasing concern and care for such beings. They are even willing to enter the *Avici* Hell on beings' behalf to undergo limitless suffering such as being burned by the great wheels of fire. From this, we know that the compassionate regard all Buddhas and great Bodhisattvas have for beings exceeds that of our own parents.

Moreover, living beings' wisdom is covered by ignorance. Our minds are shrouded by afflictions, and we fail to turn to the Buddhas and Bodhisattvas for refuge and reliance. When we hear the teachings of the Buddhas and Bodhisattvas, we do not have faith or accept such teachings. And even worse, we may utter harsh or slanderous speech. We living beings are not aware, much less mindful, of the kindness and grace bestowed upon us. Due to this disbelief in the basic law of karma, beings fall into and revolve within the three evil destinies of hells, hungry ghosts, and animals, undergoing limitless sufferings. After the karmic retributions are resolved, beings are temporarily reborn in the human realm, hindered by incomplete or defective sense faculties, lacking dhyana samadhi and the strength of wisdom. All such obstructions are caused by our lack of faith.

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歸依三寶 第一

Section 1 Taking Refuge with the Three Treasures

無禪定水,無智慧力。如是等障,由無信 wú chán dìng shuǐ, wú zhì huì lì 。 rú shì děng zhàng, yóu wú xìn 心。 xīn 今日道場,同業大眾。不信之罪,眾罪之 jīn rì dào chǎng, tóng yè dà zhòng 。 bú xìn zhī zuì, zhòng zuì zhī

上。能令行人,長不見佛。相與今日,各 shàng néng lìng xíng rén, cháng bú jiàn fó xiảng yú jīn rì, gẻ gi kāng kǎi , 折意挫情。生增上心,起慚愧 zì kāng kǎi , zhé yì cuò qíng shàng zēng shàng xīn qĩ cán kuì 意; 稽 顙 求哀,懺悔往罪。業累既盡, 表 gǐ sǎng qiú āi , chàn huǐ wǎng zuì yè léi jì jìn biǎo 裏 俱淨。然後運想,入歸信門。若不起如 lĩ µỳ jìng rán hòu yùn xiǎng rù guī xìn mén ruò bù qĩ rú 是心,運如是意。直恐隔絕,障滯難通。 shì xīn yùn rú shì yì zhí kǒng gé jué zhàng zhì nán tōng yì shī sī xiàng míng rán wú fǎn

豈得不人人五體投地,如大山崩。一心歸 qi dé bù rén rén wǔ tỉ tóu dì, rú dà shān bēng。 yì xīn guī 信,無復疑想。某等今日以諸佛菩薩,慈 xìn, wú fù yí xiǎng mǒu děng jīn rì yǐ zhū fó pú sà tì yí xiǎng mǒu děng jīn rì yǐ zhū fó pú sà tì wú fù yí xiǎng 僭悟,深生慚愧。 cí bēi xīn lì, 始蒙覺悟,深生慚愧。 lì cù fú bēi xīn lì, shǐ méng jué wù shēn shēng cán kuì 罪,願乞除滅。 未作之罪,不敢復造。 zuì yuàn qǐ chú miè wèi zuò zhī zuì bù gǎn fù zào 從今日去,至于菩提。起堅固信,不復退 cóng jīn rì qù zhì yú pú tí qǐ jiān gù xìn, bú fù tuì 轉。

捨此身命,若生地獄道,若生餓鬼道,若 shě cǐ shēn mìng, ruò shēng dì yù dào, ruò shēng è guǐ dào, ruò 生畜生道,若生人道,若生天道;於三界 shēng chù shēng dào, ruò shēng rén dào, ruò shēng tiān dào, yú sān jiè 中,若受男身,若受女身,若受非男非女 zhōng, ruò shòu nán shēn, ruò shòu nǚ shēn, ruò shòu fēi nán fēi nǚ

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zhuǎn

gateway of true faith. If we do not bring forth such a resolve and do not contemplate in this way, we are afraid that our faith will be hindered by obstacles. If we lack the proper faith, we will be lost in the darkness and unable to find our way back. For this reason, all of us in this assembly should single-mindedly renew our faith and free ourselves of any doubt. With earnestness and humility, we bow in full prostration like a mountain collapsing before the Buddhas and Bodhisattvas.

Today, we are here in this Bodhimanda due to our shared karma. We should know

that the lack of faith is the worst of all defects. It will continuously prevent us from

seeing the Buddhas. Each one of us should now zealously subdue our emotional mind. We must all strengthen and enhance our resolve and bring forth our sense

of shame and remorse. We bow with utmost sincerity and ask for forgiveness as we repent and reform of our past offenses. When accumulated karma is eradicated, our

bodies and minds will be pure; only then can we contemplate entering deeply the

and free ourselves of any doubt. With earnestness and humility, we bow in full prostration like a mountain collapsing before the Buddhas and Bodhisattvas. Now, based on the strength of the kindness and compassion of all Buddhas and Bodhisattvas, we come to such an awakening and bring forth a sense of shame and remorse. May the Buddhas help us to eradicate all offenses that we have created; may we dare not create any offenses we have not yet committed. From now until we accomplish bodhi, we shall bring forth a solid resolve of faith and never retreat.

When this life ends, we may be reborn in the realm of hells, the realm of hungry ghosts, the realm of animals, the realm of human beings, or the realm of heavens; we may be reborn in the three realms in the form of males, females, non-males, nonfemales; we may be born big or little, rise or fall in the realms of rebirth. We may

歸依	Ξ	寶	第一
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;若大若小,若昇若降;受諸迫惱, ruò dà ruò xiǎo ruò shēng ruò jiàng shòu zhū pò nǎo 等身 děng shēn 難堪難忍,誓不以苦故,退失今日信心。 nán kān nán rěn shì bù yǐ kǔ gù tuì shī jīn rì xìn xīn 寧於千劫萬劫,受種種苦,誓不以苦故, níng yú qiān jié wàn jié shòu zhǒng kǔ shì bù yǐ kǔ gù níng vú giān jié wàn jié 退失今日信心。仰願諸佛,大地菩薩, tuì shī jīn rì xìn xīn yǎng yuàn zhū fó dà dì pú sà 同 tóng 加救護,同加攝受。令某等信心堅固 jiā jiù hù tóng jiā shè shòu lìng mǒu děng xìn xīn jiān gù 等 děng 諸佛心,同諸佛願。眾魔外道,所不能 zhū fó xīn tóng zhū fó yuàn zhòng mó wài dào suǒ bù néng 。相與至心,等一痛切,五體投地。 xiāng yǔ zhì xīn děng yí tòng qiè wǔ tǐ tóu dì 壞 huài

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今日道場,同業大眾,善攝心聽。夫人天 jīn rì dào chẳng h tóng yẻ dà zhòng shàn shè xīn tīng fú rén tiān 幻惑,世界虛假。由其幻惑非真,則無實 huàn huò shì jiẻ xū jiả o yóu qí huàn huò fēi zhēn zé wú shí guð shì jiẻ xū jiả fú cuì zé qiān biàn wú qióng wú shí guð gù xū jiả fú cuì zé qiān biàn wú qióng wí shí guð gù fí yǐ jiǔ zhì shēng sǐ zhī liú qiān biàn gǎi gù suð yǐ cháng fàn gả kǔ zhī hǎi

如是眾生,聖所悲念。故悲華經云:菩薩 rú shì zhòng shēng suǒ bēi niàn gù bēi huá jīng yún pú sà 成佛,各有本願。釋迦不現長年,促爲短 chéng fó gè yǒu běn yuàn shì jiā bú xiàn cháng nián cù wéi duǎn Section 1 | Taking Refuge with the Three Treasures

suffer unbearable oppression and affliction, yet we vow never to lose the faith that we have established today. We may undergo these sufferings for hundreds of thousands of kalpas, yet we vow never to lose this faith. We hope all Buddhas and great Bodhisattvas will guard, protect, and gather us in, enabling us to sustain firm faith that demons and externalists cannot destroy. May our minds and vows be identical with that of all Buddhas. With utmost, heartfelt sincerity, we make this vow together and bow in full prostration.

- We take refuge with all the Buddhas of the ten directions to the ends of empty space. (bow)
- We take refuge with all the venerated Dharma of the ten directions to the ends of empty space. (*bow*)
- We take refuge with the Sangha of all sages and worthies of the ten directions to the ends of empty space. (*bow*)

Today, we who are here in this Bodhimanda due to our shared karma should listen attentively. Beings such as devas and humans are deluded, and the worlds are illusory. Because everything is illusory and not real, there is no real fruition among the mundane existences. Since all things are illusory, fragile, and drifting along with the currents of karma, boundless changes and transmigrations take place. Having no real fruition among the mundane existences, we have been caught in the flow of birth and death for a long time. Because of changes and transmigrations, we have long been adrift in the sea of suffering and emotional love.

That is why sages pity such living beings. According to *the Flowers of Compassion Sutra*, each Bodhisattva becomes a Buddha according to his respective fundamental vows. Shakyamuni Buddha did not manifest a long lifespan, but a short one. He felt

歸依三寶	第一
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壽。悲此眾生,變化俄頃,長淪苦海,不 biàn huà é qǐng , cháng lún kǔ hải , bù gù cỉ zhòng shēng , biàn huà é qǐng , cháng lún kǔ hải , bù gù zài cỉ dù , 救諸弊惡。教有剛強 dé chū lí gù zài cỉ dù , jù zhū bì è , jiào yǒu gāng qiáng 苦切之言, 不捨於苦而度眾生。未嘗不以 kǔ qiè zhī yán , bù shě yú kǔ ér dù zhòng shēng , wèi cháng bù yǐ 善法方便, 弘濟益之心。

所以三昧經言:諸佛心者,是大慈悲。 suǒ yǐ sān mèi jīng yán zhū fó xīn zhě shì dà cí bēi 悲所缘,缘苦眾生。若見眾生,受苦惱 bēi suǒ yuán yuán kǔ zhòng shēng ruò jiàn zhòng shēng shòu kǔ nǎo ,如箭入心,如破眼目。見已悲泣 時 ,心 rú jiàn rù xīn rú pò yǎn mù jiàn yǐ bēi shí xīn 無暫安。欲拔其苦,令得安樂。又諸佛等 wú zhàn ān yù bá qí kǔ lìng dé ān lè yòu zhū fó děng ·其化是均。至於釋迦,偏稱勇猛。以 qí huà shì jūn zhì yú shì jiā piān chēng yǒng měng yǐ 能忍苦,度脱眾生。當知本師,慈恩實 néng rěn kǔ dù tuō zhòng shēng dāng zhī běn shī cí ēn shí ,能於苦惱眾生之中,說種種語,利益 重 néng yú kǔ nǎo zhòng shēng zhī zhōng shuō zhǒng zhǒng yǔ lì yì zhòng 一切。

yí qiè

我等今日,不蒙解脱,進不聞一音之旨, wǒ děng jīn rì, bù méng jiě tuō, jīn bù wén yì yīn zhī zhī, 退不觀雙樹潛輝。良由業障,念與悲隔。 tuì bù dǔ shuāng shù qián huī, liáng yóu yè zhàng, niàn yǔ bēi gé 相與今日,起悲戀心。以悲戀如來故,善 xiāng yǔ jīn rì, qǐ bēi liàn xīn, yǐ bēi liàn rú lái gù, shàn 心濃厚。既在苦中,憶如來恩,鳴ug yé ao 惱,斬顏哽慟,等一痛切,五體投地。至 nǎo,慚顏頭前的國,等一痛切,五體投地。至 nǎo,漸顏或方首,土地人民,父母師長, xīn féng wèi guó jiā yuán shǒu, tǔ dì rén mín, fù mǔ shī zhǎng Section 1 Taking Refuge with the Three Treasures

Roll 1

deep sympathy for beings living an ephemeral and ever-changing life, long adrift in the sea of suffering without being able to transcend it. Because of that, he came to this world to rescue beings prone to being evil and wicked and painstakingly educating obstinate ones, without retreating from his resolve to save all, regardless of the hardships encountered. He constantly applied expedient means to vastly benefit all living beings.

The *Sutra of Samadhi* states, "The mind of all Buddhas is that of great kindness and great compassion. All suffering beings are the subject of this kindness and compassion." Upon seeing living beings undergoing suffering, Buddhas grieve and weep without a moment of peace and feel as if arrows were piercing their hearts or poking their eyes. They long to eradicate the suffering of living beings and help them attain bliss and happiness. Moreover, all Buddhas teach and transform everyone equally with the wisdom of impartiality. Shakyamuni Buddha was particularly renowned for his courageous vigor. He was able to endure all manner of suffering to take across living beings. Thus we should be aware that we are indebted to our fundamental teacher's deep and profound kindness. He was able to speak different types of Dharma for afflicted living beings to benefit each one of them.

But why have we not been liberated by his teaching? Did we not receive the Buddha's teaching in person when he was alive? Did we not witness his Nirvana at Twintree Grove? Our karmic obstacles cause our mind to be apart from the Buddhas' kindness. Therefore today in this assembly, we long for the Tathagata. Due to this yearning, our mind will be enriched with goodness. Although we are suffering, we should still be mindful of the Tathagata's kindness. Weeping and fretting, and choked with deep shame and remorse, we bring forth heartfelt earnestness as we bow in full prostration. We take refuge with the Three Treasures on behalf of heads of nations, peoples of all nations, parents, teachers, elders, faithful donors, good or bad

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歸依三寶	第 -

信施檀越, 善惡知識, 諸天諸仙, 聰明正 xin shī tán yuè, shàn è zhī shì, zhū tiān zhū xiān, 唿明正 直, 天地虛空, 護世四王, 主善罰惡, tiān dì xū kông, hù shì sì wáng, zhǔ shàn tá è 守護持呪, 五方龍王, 龍神八部; 廣及十 shǒu hù chí zhòu, wǔ fāng lóng wáng, lóng shén bā bù 方, 無窮無盡, 一切眾生。

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諸佛大聖尊	覺法無不盡
zhū fó dà shèng zūn	jué fǎ wú bú jìn
天人無上師	是故爲歸依
tiān rén wú shàng shī	shì gù wéi guī yī
一切法常住	清淨修多羅
yí qiè fǎ cháng zhù	qīng jìng xiū duō luó
能除身心病	是故爲歸依
néng chú shēn xīn bìng	shì gù wéi guī yī
大地諸菩薩	無著四沙門
dà dì zhū pú sà	wú zhuó sì shā mén
能救一切苦	是故爲歸依
néng jiù yí qiè kǔ	shì gù wéi guī yī
三寶護世間	我今頭面禮
sān bǎo hù shì jiān	wǒ jīn tóu miàn lĩ
六道諸眾生	今盡爲歸依
liù dào zhū zhòng shēng	jīn jìn wéi guī yī

advisers, heavenly beings and ascetic masters, the intelligent and righteous spirits, celestial spirits, earth spirits, empty space spirits, the four world-protecting heavenly kings, spirits who bless the good and punish the evil, spirits who guard and protect those who uphold mantras, dragon kings of the five directions and their retinues, as well as the dragons and the rest of the eightfold division, extending to and including the boundless living beings of the ten directions.

Taking Refuge with the Three Treasures

Section 1

We take refuge with all the Buddhas of the ten directions to the ends of empty space. (*bow*)

- We take refuge with all the venerated Dharma of the ten directions to the ends of empty space. (*bow*)
- We take refuge with the Sangha of all sages and worthies of the ten directions to the ends of empty space. (*bow*)

We now kneel, put our palms together, and mindfully chant:

All Buddhas, great honored sages, Are completely awakened to all dharmas, and Are unsurpassed teachers of people and heavenly beings; Thus we should take refuge with them. Dharma that eternally abides, *The sutras that purify,* Can cure illnesses of body and mind. Thus, we take refuge in them. Great Bodhisattvas of all sagely grounds, Unattached shramanas of the Four Fruitions, Are able to rescue us from suffering. Thus we take refuge in them. The Three Treasures protect the world. I now respectfully bow to them. Living beings in the six paths, I now take refuge on behalf of them all.

慈	悲覆一切	皆令得安樂	
cí	bēi fù yí qiè	jiē lìng dé ān lè	
哀	憨眾生者	我等共歸依	
ai	mǐn zhòng shēng zhě	wǒ děng gòng guī yī	
五體投地	,各自念言	:仰願十方,	一切三
wǔ tǐ tóu dì	gè zì niàn yán	yǎng yuàn shí fāng	yí qiè sān
寶。以慈;	悲力、本願	力、大神通力	丶不可
bǎo yǐ cí l	bēi lì běn yuàn	lì dà shén tōng lì	bù kě
思議力、	無量自在力	、度脱眾生力	、覆護
sī yì lì	wú liàng zì zài lì	dù tuō zhòng shēng lì	fù hù
眾生力、-	安慰眾生力	,令諸眾生,	皆悉覺
zhòng shēng lì	ān wèi zhòng shēng lì	lìng zhū zhòng shēng	jiē xī jué
悟。知某争	等今日,爲.	其歸依三寶。	以此功
wù zhī mǒu dě	^{ěng} jīn rì wèi	qí guī yī sān bǎo	yǐ cǐ gōng
		得所願。若在 dé suǒ yuàn ruò zài	
仙中者,		若在阿修羅中	,捨橋
xiān zhōng zhě 『		ruò zài ā xiū luó zhōng	shě jiāo
慢習。若,	在人道,無	復眾苦。若在	地狱、
màn xí ruò;	zài rén dào wú	fù zhòng kǔ ruò zài	dì yù
餓鬼、畜	生道者,即	得免離。又復	今日,
è guǐ chù sì	hēng dào zhě jí	dé miǎn lí yòu fù	jīn rì
若聞三寶	名,及與不	聞,以佛神力 wén yǐ fó shén lì	,令諸
眾生,盡?	得解脱,究	竟成就無上菩	
諸菩薩, zhū pú sà			

Taking Refuge with the Three Treasures Section 1

> Great Bodhisattvas' kindness and compassion gather in all, And cause everyone to attain peace and bliss. They have deep sympathy for living beings, Thus, together we all take refuge in them.

We bow in full prostration. Each of us now recites: We pray to the Three Treasures of the ten directions. May they enable all living beings to attain awakening with their power of kindness and compassion, power of their original vows, their great spiritual powers, inconceivable powers, boundless power of self-mastery, power to rescue beings, power to protect beings, and power to comfort beings. May all living beings know that today we have taken refuge on their behalf; and with the power of the merit and virtue of taking refuge, may all of them have their wishes fulfilled. May heavenly beings and ascetic masters extinguish all outflows. May asuras renounce their ingrained arrogance. May humans no longer have any suffering. May hell beings, hungry ghosts and animals immediately be freed and transcend the evil paths. Moreover, today, regardless of whether or not living beings have heard the name of the Three Treasures, may the spiritual power of the Buddhas enable living beings to be liberated, ultimately accomplish unsurpassed bodhi, and attain Proper Enlightenment like all Bodhisattvas.

Roll 1

斷疑第二 duàn yí dì èr

今日道場,同業大眾,一心諦聽。夫因果 jīn rì dào chǎng tóng yẻ dà zhòng yì xīn dì tīng tí yīn guǒ 影響,感應相生,必然之道,理無差舛。 yìng xiǎng shēng bù rán zhī dào lì wú chā chuǎn 而諸眾生,業行不純,善惡迭用。以業 er zhū zhòng shēng vệ xíng bù chún shàn è dié yòng yǐ yè 不純,所以報有精麤。或貴或賤,或善a uộ bù chún suǒ yǐ bào yǒu jīng cū huỏ guì huò jiàn huò shàn bù chún sið muð guì huò jiàn huò shàn huò 惡,其事匪一,參差萬品。既有參差,不 e qí shì féi yī cēn cī wàn pǐn jì yǒu cēn cī bù liǎo běn xíng yǐ bù liǎo gù yí huò luàn qǐ

或言精進奉戒,應得長生,而見短命。屠 huò yán jīng jìn fèng jiè, yīng dé cháng shēng, ér jiàn duǎn mìng。 tú 殺之人,應見促齡,而反延壽。清廉之 shā zhī rén yīng jiàn cù líng, ér fǎn yán shòu qīng lián zhī 士,應招富足,而見貧苦。貪盜之人,應 shì yīng zhāo fù zú, ér jiàn pín kǔ tān dào zhī rén yīng 見困躓,而更豐饒。如此疑惑,人誰無 jiàn kùn zhì ér gèng fēng ráo rú cǐ yí huò rén shéi wú 念?而不知往業植因所致。 niàn ér bù zhī wǎng yè zhí yīn suǒ zhì

如般若所明:若有讀誦此經,爲人輕賤 rú bō rě suǒ míng: ruò yǒu dú sòng cǐ jīng, wéi rén qīng jiàn 者,是人先世罪業,應墮惡道。以今世人 zhě shì rén xiān shì zuì yè, yīng duò e dào。 yǐ jīn shì rén 輕賤故,先世罪業,則爲銷滅。而諸眾 qīng jiàn gù, ziān shì zuì yè, zé wéi xiāo miè, ér zhū zhòng 生,所以不能深信經語,有此疑者,皆由 shēng suǒ yǐ bù néng shēn xìn jīng yǔ, yǒu cǐ yí zhě, jiē yóu 無明惑故,妄起顛倒。 wù míng huò gù, wàng qǐ diān dǎo

Section 2 - Severing Doubt

Today, we who are here in this Bodhimanda due to our shared karma should listen attentively. The law of cause and effect operates like a shadow following form, or an echo following sound, with the response arising naturally. That is the way things are, and its principle will not be off by the slightest. However, living beings' karma is complicated, with a mixture of good and evil. Because our karmas are complex, we receive different rewards and retributions, such as being noble or servile, wholesome or unwholesome, which vary in myriad possibilities. Due to such vast diversities, we do not understand our own karma. Without such understanding, we become greatly confused, and give rise to doubt.

Some may question why a person who vigorously upholds the precepts lives a short life instead of a long one; or why a butcher lives a long life rather than a short one; or why an honest official who should be wealthy ends up in poverty; or why a greedy thief who should suffer poverty turns out enjoying a life of abundance. Who could be without such doubts? They fail to recognize that these retributions are caused by their past karma, which is like a seed planted in the past.

As clearly stated in the *Prajna Sutra*, "If a person who reads and recites this Sutra is slighted or humiliated by others, that person's karmic offenses from previous lives which would have destined him for the evil paths, are now eradicated. However, living beings do not have deep faith in the sutra text. Their doubts are caused by their ignorance and delusion, which lead to such inverted thinking."

斷疑	第二
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Section 2

Severing Doubt

又不信三界内是苦,三界外是樂。每染世 yòu bú xìn sān jiè nèi shì kǔ sān jiè wài shì lè měi rǎn shì ,皆言是樂。若言樂者,何意於中,復 jiē yán shì lè ruò yán lè zhě hé yì yú zhōng fù 間 iiān .苦受?飲食過度,便成疾疹,氣息喘 g kǔ shòu yǐn shí guò dù biàn chéng jí zhěn qì xī chuǎn shēng kǔ shòu 迫,鼓脹疞痛。又至衣服,彌見憂勞。寒 pò gǔ zhàng xū tòng yòu zhì yī fú mí jiàn yōu láo hán 得絺綌,则恩薄念浅。热見重裘,则苦惱 dé chī xì zé ēn bó niàn qiǎn rè jiàn zhòng qiú zé kǔ nǎo 已深。若言是樂,何意生惱?故知飲食衣 yǐ shēn ruò yán shì lè hé yì shēng nǎo gù zhī yǐn shí yī 服,真非是樂。 fú zhēn fēi shì lè 又言眷屬以爲樂者,則應長相歡娱,歌笑 yòu yán juàn shǔ yǐ wéi lè zhě zé yīng cháng xiàng huān yú gē xiào 無極。何意俄爾無常,條焉而逝?適有今 wú jí hé yì é ěr wú cháng shù yān ér shì shì yǒu jīn 無,向在今滅,號天叩地,肝心寸斷。又 wú xiàng zài jīn miè háo tiān kòu dì gān xīn cùn duàn yòu 不能知生所從來?死所趣向?銜悲相送, bù néng zhī shēng suǒ cóng lái sǐ suǒ qù xiàng xián bēi xiāng sòng

直至窮山。執手長離,一辭萬劫。諸如此 zhí zhì qióng shān zhí shǒu cháng lí yì cí wàn jié zhū rú cǐ 者,其苦無量。 zhě qí kǔ wú liàng

眾生迷見,謂其是樂。出世樂因,皆言是 zhòng shēng mí jiàn wèi qí shì lè chū shì lè yīn , jiē yán shì 苦。或見進噉蔬澀,節身時食,去其輕 kù huò jiàn jìn dàn shū sè , 節身時食,去其輕 nuàn shū sè , jié shēn shí shí qù qí qīng 輕,習糞掃衣。皆言是等,強自困苦,不 i 章, 就 fén sǎo yī 。 jiē yán shì děng qiáng zì kùn kǔ 知此業,是解脫道。或見布施持戒、忍辱 zhī cǐ yè shì jiě tuō dào huò jiàn bù shī chí jiè xň 精進、經行禮拜、誦習之人,翹勤不懈, jīng jin jing xíng lǐ bài sòng xí zhī rén qiáo qín bù xiè Furthermore, we do not realize the three realms are full of suffering, and what is beyond the three realms is full of bliss. Whenever defiled by the world, we regard it as happiness. If that is the case, why do we still experience suffering? If we eat too much, we become sick, pant heavily, and our stomach bloats and aches. Clothing causes even more trouble. In cold weather, we do not appreciate light thin clothing. In warm weather, we feel deeply afflicted just by the sight of a thick fur coat. If we regard food and clothing as bringing us happiness, then why do they cause us to give rise to afflictions? From this we know neither food nor clothes can really bring us happiness.

Furthermore, if we regard family and relatives as bringing us happiness, then we should be able to forever enjoy their company, singing and laughing without end. Why is it that before we even realize it, impermanence sets in and our happiness perishes so suddenly after such a short time? What was there before has now suddenly vanished. When our beloved ones depart, we feel extreme sorrow and our heart shatters, wailing to heaven and stomping the earth. Yet we know not where our beloved ones came from and where they go after their passing. All we can do is to mournfully see them off to the burial place; at the final moment of separation, we bid farewell for eternity. All these bring us endless suffering.

We, living beings are deluded by our views, and regard all these worldly things as happiness. Instead we regard the causes that bring about the happiness of transcending the world as suffering — for example, disciplining the body, eating simple and plain vegetarian food, eating at proper times only, wearing rags instead of fine clothes. We regard all these as needless self-imposed mortification. Actually we fail to understand that these practices lead to the path of liberation.

We consider diligence in giving, upholding precepts, patience, vigor, bowing, and chanting sutras as suffering. We do not understand that all these are cultivating the mind of transcendental dharma. Upon seeing those cultivators who encounter

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wǔ fú kāna

Section 2

Severing Doubt

皆言是苦。不知是等,修出世心。脱有疾 jiē yán shì kǔ bù zhī shì děng xiū chū shì xīn tuō yǒu jí 病死亡之日,便起疑心。終日役此心形, bìng sǐ wáng zhī rì biàn qǐ yí xīn zhōng rì yì cǐ xīn xíng 無時暫止。人之氣力,何以堪此?若不勤 wú shí zhàn zhǐ rén zhī qì lì hé yǐ kān cǐ ruò bù qín ,豈當致困?徒喪身命,於事無益。或 qǐ dāng zhì kùn tú sàng shēn mìng yú shì wú yì huò 復自秉其說:理實如之。不知推果尋因, fù zì bǐng qí shuō lǐ shí rú zhī bù zhī tuī guǒ xún yīn 妄構此惑。若遇善知識,則其惑可除。遇 wàng gòu cǐ huò ruò yù shàn zhī shì zé qí huò kě chú yù 惡知識,則其愚更甚。因疑惑故,墮三惡 è zhī shì zé qí yú gèng shèn yīn yí huò gù duò sān è 道,在惡道中,悔何所及! dào zài è dào zhōng huǐ hé suǒ jí

今日道場,同業大眾。凡有此疑,因緣無 jīn rì dào chẳng tóng yè dà zhòng fán yǒu cǐ yí yīn yuán wú 量 。且疑惑習氣,出三界外,尚未能盡。 giě yí huò xí qì chū sān jiè wài shàng wèi néng jìn 況在今形,云何頓去?此生不斷,後世 kuàng zài jīn xíng yún hé dùn qù cǐ shēng bú duàn hòu shì 復增。大眾相與,方涉長途,自行苦行。 fù zēng dà zhòng xiāng yǔ fāng shè cháng tú zì xíng kǔ hèng 當依佛語,如教修行,不得疑惑,辭於勞 dāng yī fó yǔ rú jiào xiū xíng bù dé yí huò cí yú láo 。諸佛聖人,所以得出生死,度於彼岸 zhū fó shèng rén suǒ yǐ dé chū shēng sǐ dù yú bǐ àn juàn ·良由積善之功,故得無礙,自在解 liáng yóu jī shàn zhī gōng gù dé wú ài zì zài jiě 者 zhě 脱 0 tuō 我等今日,未離生死,已自可悲!何容貪 wǒ děng jīn rì wèi lí shēng sǐ yǐ zì kě bēi hé róng tān

住此惡世中?今者幸得四大未衰,五福康 zhù cǐ è shì zhōng jīn zhě xìng dé sì dà wèi shuāi wǔ fú kāng

illnesses or death, we may give rise to doubt and reason, "All day long these people are just torturing their body and mind without any break. How can our human body handle all these!? If they are not so industrious, they would not have to suffer so much. Such strenuous efforts bring no benefit and they may even die in vain." We further hold onto our own views insisting it to be the truth. Failing to understand the actual causes behind these effects, we give rise to such deluded views. If we encounter a good mentor, then our improper views can be corrected. But if we encounter a bad adviser, we will just become more confused; due to our doubts and delusion, we will fall into the three evil paths. Then it will be too late for regrets.

Today, we are here in this Bodhimanda due to our shared karma. We should understand that all such doubts are due to limitless causes and conditions. Even those who have transcended the three realms may not have completely rid themselves of habitual doubts and delusion. How much more so for us mere mortals to have them instantaneously eliminated? If we do not sever these doubts and delusion in this lifetime, they will only become increasingly worse in future lives. We are just embarking on a long spiritual journey, thus we should practice rigorously in accord with the Buddha's teachings. We must not harbor any doubt nor retreat because of hardship. It is because of their accumulated goodness and merit that Buddhas and sages have transcended birth and death, arrived at the other shore, and attained nonobstruction, self-mastery, and liberation.

It is a pity that all of us are still trapped in the cycle of birth and death. How can we continue to indulge ourselves in such an evil world? We are fortunate that our bodies, comprised of the four elements, have not yet declined, our five organs are still

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	欲	何	待	?	過	去		生	,	E	不	見		0	今	生	空
	,	復 fù									,					?	-
臆 yì	論 lùn	心 xīn						!									
大 tà	眾 zhòng	今 jīn	日 rì	,	唯 wéi	應 yīng	勸 quàn	課 kè	,	努 nů	力	勤 qín	修 xiū	,	不 ^{bù}	得 dé	復 fù
言 yán	,	且 qiě	宜 yí	消 _{xiāo}	息 xī	,	聖 shèng	道 dào	長 cháng	遠 yuǎn	•	yì	朝 ^{zhāo}	難 nán	辦 bàn	0	如 rú
是 shì	yì	朝 zhāc	•	還 huá	~ n fù	y	- 朝 i zhá	F] āo	o イ ド	可) né	诗, shí d	省 āng	得 dé	,	所 suŏ	作 ^{zuò}	已 yĭ
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	,										而 ér	不 bú	自 zì			不 bú	
											故 gù				今 jīn		0
且 qiě	四 sì	大 tà	增 zēng	損 sǔn	,	疾	病 bìng	是 shì	常 cháng	0	乃 nǎi	至 zhì	老 lǎo		,	不 bù	可 kě
得 dé	避 bì	0	人 rén	生 ^{shēng}	世 shì	間 jiān	,	會 huì	歸 guī	磨 mó	滅 ^{miè}	0	若 ruò	欲 yù	得 dé	道 dào	,
當 dāng	依 yī	佛 fó	語 yǔ	• 0	違 wé	і í é	方程 r de		上 hě	,	無 wú y	有 /ǒu	是 shì	處 chù	0	yí	切 qiè
眾 zhòng	生 ^{shēng}	,	違 wéi	佛 fó	語 yǔ	故 gù	,	所 suŏ	以 yĭ	輪 lún	轉 zhuǎn	<u> </u>	途 tú	,	備 bèi	嬰 yīng	眾 zhòng
苦 ků	0	若 ruò	如 rú	佛 fó	語 yǔ	,	都 dōu	無 wú	休 xiū	息 xí	,	勤 qín	於 yú	諸 _{zhū}	法 fǎ	,	如 rú
救 jiù	頭 tóu	然 rán	0	勿 wù	使 ^{shĭ}	yì	生 ^{shēng}	,	無 wú	所 suŏ	得 dé	也 yě	0				
相 _{xiāng}	與 yù	人 rén	人 rén	,	等 děng	 yí	痛 tòng	切 qiè	0	<u>F</u> wů	體 tĭ	投 tóu	地 dì	,	如 rú	大 tà	Ц shān
崩	0	奉	爲	有	識	神	以	來	,	至	于 vú	今	日	,	經	生	父

Section 2 Severing Doubt

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healthy, and we are able to move about freely and comfortably. If we do not cultivate diligently now, then what are we waiting for? During our past lives, we failed to realize the Truth. In this life, if we pass our time in vain without any spiritual attainment, how will we save ourselves in the future? If we deeply reflect within, we should really be full of remorse and pity for ourselves.

Great assembly, deeply contemplate this matter, be diligent in cultivation and not be lazy. Knowing that the road to sagehood is long and difficult, and cannot be accomplished in one day, we should not use that as an excuse to seek rest and recreation. Otherwise, we may never attain realization because day after day, time fleets by. We may already have started to recite sutras, or sit in meditation, or uphold ascetic practices, but sometimes when we run into a small illness, we think that the cause of the sickness is due to our diligence in reciting sutras or sitting in meditation. We do not realize that if we had not practiced in this way, we might have died already. Because we put effort in our practice, we are able to continue living. It is natural that our body, which is composed of the four elements, goes through the processes of illness, old age, and death. It is unavoidable. Everything in this world will eventually perish. If we wish to attain the Way, we must accord with the Buddhas' teaching. It is impossible to attain the Way without following the Buddhas' teaching. Because living beings turn away from the teaching of the Buddhas, we revolve in the three evil paths and go through all types of suffering. If we want to follow the Buddhas' teaching, then we should diligently practice all Dharma, as if our own heads are at stake. We should not live our life in vain without accomplishment in the Way.

Now, each one of us should bring forth utmost sincerity and bow in full prostration, like a great mountain collapsing. From the time we first had consciousness until now, on behalf of our present parents and all parents from past lives, all our families

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上中下 shàng zhōng xiả	户 座 zuò	,个 ×	言施 in shī	檀 tán	越 yuè	,	善 shàn	惡è	知 zhī	識 shì	,	諸 _{zhū}	天 tiān	諸 zhū
仙,讃 xiān hù	世	四三		主	善	罰	惡	,		護	持	呪	,	
方龍王 fāng lóng wán									方 ^{fāng}	無 wú	窮 qióng	無 wú	盡jin	,
一切眾 yí qiè zhòr	生	, 皇	帚依	世	間	,		慈	悲					
南 ná m	医彌 nó mí		佛 fó											
南系	医維 ió wéi	衛												
南系	丧尸 ló shī	棄	佛											
南無	無 隨 suí	葉												
南 ná m	禹拘 ió jū		孫佛 sūn fó	1										
	医拘 io jū			7										
	兵迦 ió jiā	•	佛 fó											
	丧釋 ló shì			佛 fó	1									
	丧無 ió wú	· ·	•	·薩 sà										
• •	丧觀 ió guān		••	·薩 sà										
又復歸 yòu fù gu	r ſ yī	, <u>}</u>	加是 ú shì	+ shí	方 ^{fāng}	,	畫 in	虚 xū	空 kōna	界 _{iiè}	,	 Ví	切 giè	三 sān
寶。願 bǎo yuà														

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and relatives of kalpas past, teachers of Dharma, acharyas, and the ordination certifying masters, monastics of the three seniorities, faithful donors, good or bad advisers, all heavenly beings and ascetic masters, the four world-protecting heavenly kings, spirits who bless the good and punish the evil, spirits who guard and protect those who uphold mantras, dragon kings of the five directions, dragons and the rest of the eightfold division, extending to and including the limitless beings of the ten directions, we bow and take refuge with our Greatly Kind and Compassionate Ones who are like fathers to those of us in this world.

Namo Maitreya Buddha Namo Vipashyin Buddha Namo Shikhin Buddha Namo Vishvabhu Buddha Namo Krakucchanda Buddha Namo Kanakamuni Buddha Namo Kashyapa Buddha Namo Shakyamuni Buddha Namo Boundless Body Bodhisattva

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Again, we take refuge with the Three Treasures of the ten directions to the ends of empty space. We beseech the Three Treasures to gather us in with their power of kindness and compassion, and protect us with the strength of their spiritual powers. We vow that henceforth until we attain bodhi, we will always be mindful of the

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量 liàng	心 xīn	,	六 liù	波 ^{bō}	羅 luó	蜜 mì	,	常 cháng	得 dé	現 xiàn	前 qián	0	四 sì	無 wú	礙 ài	智 zhì	,
		通 tōng											道 dào				
								登 dēng			0						
													誠 chéng				
念	,	相	與	已	得	,	λ	歸	信	門	0	唯	應 yīng	秉	意	,	以
趣 qù	向 xiàng	爲 wéi	期 qí	,	於 yú	内 nèi	外 _{wài}	法 fǎ	,	莫 mò	復 fù	留 liú	難 nàn	0	若 ruò	本 běn	業 yè
不 ^{bù}	明 míng	,	自 zì	不 ^{bù}	能 néng	造 zào	0	見 jiàn	人 rén	作 ^{zuò}	福 fú	,	唯 wéi	應 yīng	將 jiǎng	勸 quàn	,
彈 tán	指 zhǐ	合 hé	掌 zhǎng	,	明 míng	進 jin	其 qí	德 dé	0	不 bù	宜 yí	起 qi	心 xīn	,	生 ^{shēng}	諸 zhū	妨 fáng
礙 ài	0	使 ^{shĭ}	彼 bĭ	行 xíng	人 rén	,	心 xīn	成 chéng	阻 zů	退 tuì	0	若 ruò	是 shì	不 bú	退 tuì	,	彼 bĭ
進 jin								或 án					損 sǔn		空 kōng	•	
fēi		yú	shēr	n hé	yì		ru	iò né	ng y	∕ú sl	hàn			yǒu	ài	zhě	,
kě	wèi	hé	dào		yŏu	lì	dà	rén		ruò	jīn	zuò	礙 ài		yú	wèi	lái
shì		yún	hé	néng	dé	tōng	dá	fó	dào		jiù	lĭ	而 ér	寻 Xún	,	損 sǔn	害 hài
實 shí	重 zhòng	0	阻 zŭ	他 tā	善 shàn	根 gēn	,	罪 zuì	真 zhēn	不 ^{bù}	輕 qīng	0					
如 rú	護hù	ロ kǒu	經 jīng	説 shuō	:	有 yǒu	yí	餓 è	鬼 guǐ	,	形 xíng	狀 zhuàng	靤 chǒu	惡e	,	見 jiàn	者 ^{zhě}
毛	竪		莫	不	畏	懼	0	身	出	猛	燄	,	猶 yóu	如		聚	
													衰 shuāi				

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four limitless minds and practice the six paramitas, attain as-you-wish mastery of the four unobstructed wisdoms and the six spiritual powers. We shall always practice the Bodhisattva Path, enter the Buddhas' wisdom, and teach and transform beings throughout the ten directions so that all will eventually realize Proper Enlightenment.

Today, we are here in this Bodhimanda due to our shared karma. Once again, with utmost sincerity, we focus our minds. Now that we have entered the gateway of faith, we must persevere in our resolve, aspire for the ultimate goal of bodhi, and never again be obstructed by whatever Dharmas we are practicing — be they internal or external. If we are not clear about the fundamental working of karma, we would not know how to plant blessings. Now when seeing others planting blessings, we should exhort and encourage them in their good deeds, such as by applauding them or joining our palms. We should not even think of creating various obstructions to impede them, causing them to retreat. We may succeed in obstructing their practice, or they may continue with their practice without retreating despite our obstruction. However, in both instances, we are in fact just harming ourselves.

How can we benefit from making up things and gossiping about others' rights and wrongs? If we are kind and do not create obstructions for others, this is in accordance with the Way and is the behavior of a great person. But if we obstruct others, then in the future how can we progress smoothly on the path of bodhi? If we investigate this principle, we will realize the grave harm we have been doing. Thus, obstructing others from planting roots of goodness is a really heavy offense.

The *Sutra of Guarding One's Speech* relates the story of a hungry ghost with a grotesque and frightening appearance. Whoever saw him was so frightened that one's hair stood on end. The searing flames that the ghost emitted was like a conflagration. From his mouth spewed forth uncountable worms. Filth such as pus and oozing blood "adorned" his body. His stench kept everyone at a distance. His mouth also

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身。臭氣遠徹,不可親近。或口吐燄,支 shēn chòu qì yuǎn chè bù kě qīn jìn huò kǒu từ yàn zhī 節火起,舉聲號哭,東西馳走。 jié huǒ qǐ jǔ shēng háo kū dōng xī chí zǒu
jié huổ qǐ jǔ shēng háo kū dōng xī chí zóu 是時滿足羅漢,問餓鬼曰:汝宿何罪,今 shì shí mǎn zú luó hàn kè guǐ yuē rǔ sù hé zuì jīn
受此苦?餓鬼答言:吾往昔時,曾作沙 shòu cǐ kǔ è guǐ dá yán wú wǎng xí shí céng zuò shā
門。戀著資生,慳貪不捨,不護威儀,出 mén liàn zhuó zī shēng qiān tān bù shě bú hù wēi yí chū
言麤惡。若見持戒精進之人,輙復罵辱, yán cūè ruò jiàn chí jiè jīng jìn zhī rén zhé fù mà rù
偏眼惡視,自恃豪強,謂長不死。造於無 piān yǎn è shì zì shì háo qiáng wèi cháng bù sǐ zào yú wú
量不善之本,而今追憶,悔無所補。寧以 liàng bú shàn zhī běn ér jīn zhuī yì huǐ wú suǒ bǔ níng yǐ
利刀,自截其舌。從劫至劫,甘心受苦, lì dāo zì jié qí shé cóng jié zhì jié gān xīn shòu kǔ
不以一言,誹謗他善。 bù yǐ yì yán fếi bàng tā shàn
尊者還閻浮提,以我形狀,誡諸比丘,及 zūn zhě huán yán fú tí yǐ wǒ xíng zhuàng jiè zhū bǐ qiū jí
佛弟子,善護口過,勿妄出言。設見持 fó dì zǐ shàn hù kǒu guò wù wàng chū yán shè jiàn chí
戒,不持戒者,念宣其德。吾受鬼身,經 jiè bù chí jiè zhě niàn xuān qí dé wú shòu guǐ shēn jīng
數千劫,終日竟夜,備受楚毒,若此報 shù qiān jié zhōng rì jìng yè bèi shòu chǔ dú ruò cǐ bào
盡,復入地獄。是時餓鬼,說此語已,舉 jìn fù rù dì yù shì shí è guǐ shuō cǐ yǔ yǐ jǔ
聲號哭,自投于地,如大山崩。 shēng háo kū zì tóu yú dì rú dà shān bēng
今日道場,同業大眾,如經所説,大可怖 jīn rì dào chǎng tóng yè dà zhòng rú jīng suǒ shuō dà kě bù
畏。止以口過,獲報累劫,何況其餘不善

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spewed forth a flame of fire and even flames blaze forth from his limbs and joints, so that he ran about and cried for help.

At that time an Arhat named Full and Perfect asked him, "What did you do in the past to receive such great suffering?" The ghost replied, "When I was a shramana in the past, I craved offerings, was greedy, stingy, and refused to practice renunciation. I also failed to observe proper deportment, and often spoke harsh or vulgar words. I further reviled, and looked with hatred and contempt upon those who diligently upheld the precepts or who practiced vigorously. Counting on being strong and healthy, I assumed that I would live a long life and would not die anytime soon. Consequently, I committed limitless unwholesome karma. Looking back now, I am filled with regrets, but to no avail. I would rather use a sharp knife to cut off my own tongue, and undergo suffering for kalpa after kalpa than to utter a single word of slander about those who perform meritorious deeds.

Venerable One, after you return to Jambudvipa, I beg you to use my misery and grotesque appearance as an example to teach and admonish all bhikshus and other disciples of the Buddha to carefully guard their mouth from committing any speech offense, and to avoid casual or reckless speech. When they see others upholding the precepts or those who are not, they should just be mindful of and praise those people's virtues. I am suffering miserably, day and night, the retribution of being a ghost throughout thousands of kalpas. When my retribution as a ghost ends, I will fall into the hells." After explaining these causes and conditions, the ghost threw itself on the ground, collapsing like a mountain, and wailed with great grief.

Today, we who are here in this Bodhimanda due to our shared karma, should be greatly terrified and fearful about what was mentioned in the sutra text. Just the offense of speech karma can cause a person to suffer for so many kalpas, how
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之本! 捨身受苦, 皆由作業。若不作因, zhī běn ! shě shēn shòu ků ijẽ yóu zuò yè ° ruò bú zuò yīn 云何得果?若有造因, 果終不失。罪福不 yún hé dé guò ? ruò yǒu zào yīn guò zhông bù shī ° zui fú bù 遠, 身自當之。譬如影響, 不得捨離。因 yūn , 亦因而死。去來現在, 行放逸 wú míng shēng yi yīn ér sī ° qù lái xiàn zài ° xíng fàng yi 者; 未見是人, 而得解脱。能守護者, 受 zhě wèi jiàn shì rén ér dé jiě tuō ° néng shǒu hù zhě · shòu 福無窮 °

今日,宜久蒙,宜各慚愧。洗浣身心,懺謝前 rī dà zhòng yí gè cán kui xǐ huǎn shēn xīn , chǎn xiê qián 答 jù dà zhòng yí gè cán kui xǐ huǎn shēn xīn , chǎn xiê qián 答 jù bú zào xīn , zhū fó chēng tán 與從今日 ri gé gù bú zào xīn , zhū fó chēng tán 與從今日 ri gé gù bú zào xīn , zhū fó chēng tán 與從今日 ri ruò jiǎn rén zhī shàn , mò lùn chéng yǔ bù chéng in , yú qù 久 zhī shìn , zhī shàn , mò lùn chéng yǔ bù chéng , yú niàn yi qǐng , yi shí yí kẻ 矣 yí miǎn , yí lùn chéng yú bù chéng , yí niàn yí qing , yi shí yí kẻ 矣 yí miǎn , yí gu 大 亡 但 使 yí niàn yi qing , yi shí yí kẻ 矣 yí 所 yí huá nián yí sui là miǎo zhông , yí puè 荃和 nián yí zù zhè miǎo zhông , yí tá miǎo zhông ná mó fó , jiế yí chéng fó dào ér kuàng yǒu rén , néng fá chěng ná mó fó , jiế yí chéng fó dào ér kuàng yǒu rén , néng fá ru ệ thì shàn , bù suí xǐ zhè shěng suǒ běi cà xīn , qín yú fú shàn , bù suí xǐ zhè shěng suǒ běi cô shì cà xīn , gín yú fú shàn , bù suí xǐ zhě shěng suǒ běi cô shì shàn , gín yú tú shàn , shěng suǒ běi

niàn

某等自惟, 無始生死以來, 至于今日。已 mǒu děng zì wéi wú shǐ shēng sǐ yǐ lái zhì yú jīn rì yǐ 應有無量惡心, 阻人勝善。何以知然?若 yīng yǒu wú liàng è xīn zǔ rén shèng shàn hé yǐ zhī rán ruò 無是事, 云何今日, 於諸善法, 多有留 wú shì shì yún hé jīn rì yú zhū shàn fǎ duō yǒu liú Section 2 Severing Doubt

much the more suffering when we include the offenses from committing other unwholesome karma! Losing a human body and undergoing suffering all have to do with the karma we created.

If there is no cause, how can the effect possibly come about? If we create the causes, then we will definitely have to receive the retributions or rewards. Both offenses and blessings are not far apart from us, and we will have to face them in person. It is just like a shadow or an echo always following us. Because of ignorance, we are born; because of ignorance, we die. Throughout all time — the past, present, and future — whoever is self-indulgent or lax in cultivation will never attain liberation. Only by guarding and protecting our cultivation can we receive endless blessings.

All of us gathered here today, should bring forth a sense of shame and remorse, and purify our body and mind. We should repent and reform all our past mistakes, and vow not to commit new offenses. This is lauded and praised by all Buddhas. Henceforth, we should not be judgmental about but rejoice in the good deeds of others, whether or not the deeds can be accomplished, and whether or not others will persevere in their good deeds. Whatever good others do, whether only lasting the duration of a thought, a minute, an hour, a day, a month, six months, or a year, is much better than not doing any good at all. The *Dharma Flower Sutra* states, "Even if a person with a scattered mind enters a stupa or temple and only recites once 'Namo Buddha,' that person has accomplished Buddhahood." How much more so for someone who brings forth a great resolve and diligently plants blessing or practices good deeds. Sages pity those who fail to rejoice in the good deeds of others.

We disciples should now reflect and contemplate that since time without beginning until the present, undergoing cycles of birth and death, we have had countless evil thoughts about obstructing others when they perform good deeds. How do we know that? If we had not committed such offenses, why do we encounter so many obstacles when practicing meritorious dharmas. We have difficulty applying effort in

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,智慧不能修 zhì huì bù néng xiū 。少時禮 禪定不能習 難 chán dìng bù néng xí shǎo shí nàn lĭ ,已言大苦。暫執經卷,復生厭怠。 yǐ yán dà kǔ zhàn zhí jīng juàn fù shēng yàn dài 拜 終 bài zhōng 勞擾,起諸惡業。使此身形,不得解 láo rǎo qǐ zhū è yè shǐ cǐ shēn xíng bù dé jiě E rì 。如蠶作繭,自縈自縛。如蛾赴火, rú cán zuò jiǎn zì yíng zì fú rú é fù huǒ 脱 長 焦然。如是等障,無量無邊。障菩提 jiāo rán rú shì děng zhàng vú liàng wú biān zhàng pú tí yè 障菩提願,障菩提行。皆由惡心 , 誹 ら , zhàng pú tí yuàn zhàng pú tí hèng jiē yóu è xīn fěi xīn 他善,今始覺悟,生大慚愧。稽顙求 tā shàn jīn shǐ jué wù shēng dà cán kuì qǐ sǎng qiú 謗 bàng tā shàn , 懺悔此罪。唯願諸佛, 諸大菩薩 chàn huǐ cǐ zuì wéi yuàn zhū fó zhū dà pú sà ,以 āi ٧Ĭ 悲心,同加神力,令某等所懺除滅 bēi xīn tóng jiā shén lì lìng mǒu děng suǒ chàn chú miè suð 悔清淨。所有障礙, 無量罪業, huǐ qīng jìng suǒ yǒu zhàng ài wú liàng zuì yè 因今 懺 yīn jīn chàn ·淨盡無餘。相與人人,等一痛切 jìng jìn wú yú xiāng yǔ rén rén děng yí tòng qiè 悔 ,五 huĭ wŭ 體投地,歸依世間,大慈悲父。 tǐ tóu dì guī yī shì jiān dà cí bēi fù 南無彌勒佛 ná mó mí lè fó 南無釋迦牟尼佛 ná mó shì jiā móu ní fó 南無善德佛 ná mó shàn dé fó 南無無憂德佛 ná mó wú yōu dé fó 南無栴檀德佛 ná mó zhān tán dé fó 南無寶施佛 ná mó bǎo shī fó

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meditation or in cultivating wisdom. We complain it is much suffering after bowing for a little while. We easily feel tired and bored after holding the sutra for a short while. All day long, we occupy ourselves with mundane activities, and are vexed and distressed by a multitude of afflictions, creating various evil karma that obstructs our liberation. We are like a silkworm that spins its own cocoon and binds itself, or a moth that flies toward a lamp and burns itself. With these infinitely many obstacles, we hinder our own bodhi resolve, our bodhi vows, and our bodhi practices. These are all because of our evil thoughts of slandering the good deeds of others. Now that we realize our mistakes, we should bring forth a sense of shame and remorse. We pray for forgiveness and repent and reform of our offenses. May all the Buddhas and Bodhisattvas aid us with their power of kindness, compassion and spiritual penetrations, enable us to eradicate our offenses and return to purity. Through this repentance, may all obstacles and offenses be completely eradicated. Now each one of us should bring forth utmost, heartfelt sincerity and bow in full prostration to take refuge in our Greatly Kind and Compassionate Ones who are like fathers to those of us in this world.

Namo Maitreya Buddha Namo Shakyamuni Buddha Namo Meritorious Virtue Buddha Namo Worry-free and Virtuous Buddha Namo Chandana Virtue Buddha Namo Precious Giving Buddha 南無無量明佛

ná mó wú liàng míng fó

南無華德佛 ná mó huā dé fó

南無相德佛

ná mó xiàng dé fó

南無三乘行佛 ná mó sān chèng hèng fó

南無廣眾德佛

ná mó guảng zhòng dé fó

南無師子遊戲菩薩 ná mó shī zǐ yóu xì pú sà

南無師子奮迅菩薩 ná mó shī zǐ fèn xùn pú sà

南無無邊身菩薩 ná mó wú biān shēn pú sà

南無明德佛 ná mó míng dé fó

Namo Infinite Light Buddha

Namo Blossoming Virtue Buddha

Namo Appearance of Virtue Buddha

Namo Practicing the Three Vehicle Buddha

Namo Pervasively Accumulating Virtue Buddha

Namo Bright Virtue Buddha

Namo Lion Playfully Roaming Bodhisattva

Namo Lion Swiftness and Vigor Bodhisattva

Namo Boundless Body Bodhisattva

Namo Guan Shi Yin Bodhisattva

南無觀世音菩薩 ná mó quān shì yīn pú sà 又復歸依,如是十方,盡虛空界,一切三 yòu fù guī yī rú shì shí fāng jìn xū kōng jiè yí qiè sān • 相與胡跪合掌,心念口言:某等從無 xiāng yǔ hú guì hé zhǎng xīn niàn kǒu yán mǒu děng cóng wú 寶 bǎo 始生死以來,至于今日。未能得道,受此 shǐ shēng sǐ yǐ lái zhì yú jīn rì wèi néng dé dào shòu cǐ 報身。於四事中,曾無捨離。貪瞋嫉妒, bào shēn yú sì shì zhōng céng wú shě lí tān chēn jí dù 三毒熾然,起眾惡業。見人布施持戒 sān dú chì rán qǐ zhòng è yè jiàn rén bù shī chí jiè , 自 ZÌ 不能行,不能隨喜。見人忍辱精進, bù néng xíng bù néng suí xǐ jiàn rén rèn rù jīng jìn 自不 zì bù 能行,不能隨喜。見人坐禪,修智慧業, néng xíng bù néng suí xǐ jiàn rén zuò chán xiū zhì huì yè

Again, we take refuge with the Three Treasures of the ten directions to the ends of empty space. We kneel, place our palms together, and mindfully recite "From time without beginning until now, we have not been able to accomplish the Way. Instead we are now burdened with a retribution body which relies on the four necessities of life, and do not have a moment of freedom. Meanwhile, our minds are plagued by the three blazing poisons of greed, anger, and jealousy, causing us to commit all kinds of offenses." When we see people practice giving or upholding precepts, we not only fail to practice them ourselves, but we also do not rejoice in their deeds. When we see others cultivating patience or vigor, we not only fail to practice them ourselves, but we also do not rejoice in their deeds. When we see people sitting in *chan* meditation and cultivating wisdom, we not only fail to practice them ourselves, but we also do

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自不能行,不能隨喜。如是等罪,無量無 bù néng xíng, bù néng suí xí o bù néng suí xí o jin ri chàn huǐ yuàn qǐ chú miè 之 祭 照 台 除 滅 o jin ri chàn huǐ yuàn qǐ chú miè 之 祭 無 始 以 來 ? 至于今日 o 見人作善, 修 xíu 者 如 功 德 , 定能 隨喜。行住 坐 臥 , 於 四 威 yúu 动 ģá , bù néng suí xí o chú miè 之 牧 如 坊 yǐ lái ? zhì yú jīn ri o jiàn rén zuò shàn yú 新 從 , 不能 隨喜。 行住 坐 臥 , 於 四 威 yú si o 太íng zhù zuò wò 余 二 新 之 熊 懷 令 於 他 身 色 , 起 常 màn xie dài , 太 他 身 色 , 起 常 yíng rù di yù a shē n zhǎng 和 於 他 身 形 。 如 和 於 他 身 形 。 如 和 於 他 身 形 。 如 和 秋 。 和 史 形 梁 九 也 yù yù tā shēn se 障 人 修 zhǎng rén jiàn ri lì sān bào 本 · rú shē · rú 疑 梁 章 章 章 [] 修 zhǎng rén jiàn si o 如 是 罪 章 , 無量 無 邊 o jīn 라 懺 悔 , 願 乞 除 滅 o ri chú miè

又復無始以來,至于今日。不信三寶,是 yóu ki shī yī lái zhảng rén chũ jĩ nỉ obủ xin sān bảo guĩ yĩ chủ xi ki săn bảo rến chũ jĩ zhảng rén chĩ jiê thảng rén chĩ jiê màng rén chũ jĩa zhảng rén chĩ jiê thảng rén bù xhảng rén rề trì piế 人 排, piế 人 hu xhảng rén rề trì piế 人 hu xhảng rén rề trì piế 人 màng rén zhảng rén zuò chán trên sông jĩng trên rừ zhảng rén zhải hui trên sông jĩng trên xiế jĩng thảng rén zhải hui trên sông jĩng trên xiế pĩng thảng rén zhải hui trên sông jĩng trên xiế pĩng thảng rén zhải hui trên sông jĩng trên xiế pĩng thảng rén zhải hui trên sông jĩng trên xiế pĩng thảng rén zhải hui trên sông jĩng trên xiế pĩng thảng rén zhải hui trên sông pĩ chủ shi shêng chủ chũ piả trên sông pĩ chủ shi shêng chủ shi shếng chủ shi shêng chủ shi trì nến rù trên sông pĩ trên giệ shêng zhảng ai trên sông pĩ trì shản sẽ thếng chảng ai trên sống trên giệ shiếng chủ shi trì nến rù trì dào chũ shi an tiến rù shi shếng chủ shi trì màng vàng trì trì shêng chủ duố zhũ zhữ shếng ai trí dào shi trì nến rù shi shếng chủ shi shếng chủ trì shếng chủ shi shếng chủ shi shếng chủ trì shếng chủ shi not rejoice in their deeds. The above offenses are countless and boundless. We now repent and reform of them all and beseech that they be eradicated.

Furthermore, from time without beginning until now, we have failed to rejoice when we see others practicing good deeds and cultivating merit and virtue. We have been shameless in the four deportments of walking, standing, sitting and lying down. We have also been arrogant and lax, and failed to be mindful of impermanence. We are not aware that when this body meets its end, we might fall into the hells. We have given rise to impure thoughts toward the bodies and appearances of other people. We have obstructed others from establishing, propagating, and making offerings to the Three Treasures. We have hindered those who have wanted to cultivate all types of merit and virtue. The above offenses are countless and boundless. We now repent and reform of them all and beseech that they be eradicated.

Again, from time without beginning until now, we have not believed that the Three Treasures are our refuge. We impede others from leaving the householder's life. We obstruct others from upholding their precepts. We hinder others in their practice of giving. We hamper others in their practice of patience. We prevent others from cultivating vigor. We deter others in their practice of meditation. We impede others in their recitation of sutras or making written copies of sutras. We make it difficult for others to host vegetarian offerings to monastics. We impede others from making images of sages. We hamper others from making offerings. We disturb others while they perform ascetic practices. We impede others from cultivating the Way. We obstruct even a hair's breadth of goodness that other people want to practice. We do not believe that leaving the householder's life is the practice for leaving defilement. We do not believe that practicing patience helps us gain peace and bliss. We do not believe that cultivating equanimity is the bodhi Way. We do not realize that cutting off deluded thoughts is practicing transcendental Dharma. Consequently our lives are filled with obstructions. We have committed boundless and limitless offenses,

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邊 biān	0	唯 wéi	有 yǒu	諸 zhī	- 佛 i fó	; ,) 可 zh	皆 ナ nū d	t à I	苔pú	薩 sà	,	盡 jin	知 zhī	畫 jìn	見 jiàn	0
如 rú	諸 ^{zhū}	佛 fó	苔pú	薩 sà	,	所 suŏ	知 ^{zhī}	所 suǒ	見 jiàn	,	罪 zuì	量 liàng	多 g duō	シ shǎo	,	今 jīn	E rì
慚 cán	愧 ^{kuì}	,	發 fā	露lù	懺 chàn	悔 huĭ	,	yí	切 qiè	罪 zuì	.因 yīn	苦 ků	果 guǒ	,	願 yuàn	乞 qǐ	銷 xiāo
滅 ^{miè}	0																
從 cóng	今 jīn	日 rì	去 qù	,	至 zhì	坐 zuò	道 dào	場 chǎng	0	行 xíng	· 苔 pú	薩 sà	道 dào	,	無 wú	有 yǒu	疲 pí
厭 yàn	0	財 cái	法 fǎ	 èr	施 ^{shī}	,	無 wú	有 yǒu	窮 qióng	畫 jìn	0	智 zhì	慧 huì	方 ^{fāng}	便 biàn	,	所 suŏ
作 zuò	不 ^{bù}	空 kōng	0]	yí	・ 切 qiè	月 jià	」 In we	F) Én) 4 7 1	鋲 wú	不 ^{bù}	解 jiě	脱 tuō	0	相 xiāng		至 zhì
心 xīn		wŭ	tĭ	tóu	dì		yǎng	yuàn	shí	fāng	· ,	yí	qiè	zhū	fó		dà
											慈 cí						
力	,	lìng	liù	dào	yí	qiè	zhòng	shēng		уĭ	、今 jīn	chàr	n fă		yí	qiè	眾 zhòng
kŭ	,	jiē	ХĪ	duà	n chứ	i -	li	í dia	ān d	lǎo y	緣 yuán		bù	qĭ	è	覺 jué	0
shě	SÌ	qù	yè		dé	zhì	huì	shēng		xíng	· 苔 pú	sà	dào		bù	xiū	bù
хí		hèng									0						成 chéng
等 děng			0														

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which only the Buddhas and great Bodhisattvas fully know and see. For all the amount of offenses seen and known by all Buddhas and Bodhisattvas, we now bring forth the mind of shame and remorse to repent of all these offenses. We pray and beseech that the causes of all the offenses and the consequent effects and retributions will all be eradicated.

From now until we attain Buddhahood, we resolve to tirelessly practice the Bodhisattva Path. We will continuously and endlessly practice the giving of wealth and Dharma. We endeavor to use wisdom and expedient means in all our undertakings so that they are not done in vain. May everything we see or hear lead us towards liberation. With utmost sincerity, we bow in full prostration and pray that all Buddhas, Bodhisattvas, sages and worthies in the ten directions, out of great kindness and compassion, and with their spiritual powers, bless and help all living beings in the six paths. By the merit of this repentance, we pray you will eradicate all suffering, help us leave conditions of inversion and never give rise to evil thoughts, and lead us to renounce the karma that plunges us into the four lowly paths. May all of us gain wisdom, ceaselessly practice the Bodhisattva Path, accomplish our vows, quickly attain the Ten Grounds, gain entry to the vajra mind, and realize Proper and Equal Enlightenment. 懺悔 第三

懺悔第三 chàn huǐ dì sān

今日道場,同業大眾。經言:在凡謂之 jīn rì dào chẳng tóng yè dà zhòng jīng yán zài fán wèi zhī ·在聖謂之解。縛即是三業所起之惡, zài shèng wèi zhī jiě fú jí shì sān yè suǒ qǐ zhī è 解即是三業無礙之善。一切聖人,安心斯 jiě jí shì sān yè wú ài zhī shàn yí qiè shèng rén ān xīn sī ·神智方便, 無量法門。明了眾生善惡 shén zhì fāng biàn wú liàng fǎ mén míng liǎo zhòng shēng shàn è zài 之業。能以一身,作無量身。能以一形, zhī yè néng yǐ yì shēn zuò wú liàng shēn néng yǐ yì xíng 種種變現。能促一劫,以爲一日。能延一 zhǒng zhǒng biàn xiàn néng cù yì jié yǐ wéi yí rì néng yán yí 日,以爲一劫。欲停壽命,則永不滅。欲 rì yǐ wéi yì jié yù tíng shòu mìng zé yǒng bú miè yù 現無常,則示涅槃。神通智慧,出沒自 xiàn wú cháng zé shì niè pán shén tōng zhì huì, chū mò zì 在。飛行適性,坐臥虛空。履水如地,不 zài fēi xíng shì xìng zuò wò xū kōng lǚ shuǐ rú dì bú 見險難。畢竟空寂,以爲棲止。通達萬 jian xiǎn nàn bì jìng kōng jí yǐ wéi qī zhǐ tōng dá wàn 法,空有俱明。成就辩才,智慧無礙。 fǎ kōng yǒu jù míng chéng jiù biàn cái zhì huì wú ài

如是等法,不從惡業中生。不從貪瞋嫉妒 nú shì děng fǎ bù cóng è yè zhōng shēng obù cóng tān chēn jí dù 中生,不從愚癡邪見中生,不從懶惰解怠 zhōng shēng , bù cóng yú chī xié jiàn zhōng shēng , bù cóng jiào màn zì yǎng zhōng shēng omé cóng jīn shèn 中生, 不從憍慢自養中生。唯從謹慎, bù cóng jiāo màn zì yǎng zhōng shēng omé cóng jīn shèn r作眾惡,勤行善業中生。何處見人,修 bú zuò zhòng è gín xíng shàn yè zhōng shēng né chù jiàn rén siū 諸善業,隨從佛語,而有貧窮者?有醜陋

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Section 3 - Repentance

Today, we are here in this Bodhimanda due to our shared karma. We should note that the sutra states, "What ordinary beings perceive as fetters or bondage, sages perceive as freedom." Bondage refers to the evil committed by beings through their three karmas of body, speech, and mind. Freedom refers to the goodness derived from the non-obstruction of the sages' three karmas. It is on this freedom that all sages peacefully settle their mind. With their wisdom and spiritual powers, they are able to apply expedient means of various dharma doors to thoroughly understand the wholesome and evil karma of all living beings. From a single body they can manifest limitless bodies. From a single form they can change to limitless forms. They can contract one kalpa into a single day, and can extend a single day into an entire kalpa. If they wish to eliminate the restriction of a life span, they manifest non-extinction. If they wish to reveal impermanence, they manifest entering Nirvana. Their spiritual powers and wisdom enable them to appear and disappear as they wish, to fly at will, to sit freely or recline in empty space, to walk on water as if it were solid ground, and not to be troubled by any difficulty or danger. They take the state of ultimate tranquility and emptiness as their home. They thoroughly understand both emptiness and existence, as well as the myriad dharmas. They accomplish eloquence and attain unobstructed wisdom.

All dharmas such as these do not arise from evil karma, greed, hatred, or jealousy. They do not arise from ignorance, deviant views, laziness or laxness. They do not arise from arrogance or self-indulgence. Instead, all these dharmas come from being prudent, refraining from evil, and diligently cultivating wholesome karma. Have we ever seen people who accord with the Buddhas' teachings and cultivate meritorious deeds end up poor, ugly, sick, disabled, ill at ease, or bullied and despised because of

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者? 有癃殘百疾不自在者? 有卑賤為人陵 zhě ởu lóng cán bài jí bú zì zài zhě? 有卑賤為 (líng mie zhě ? 有所言說, bú zì zài zhě? 有肉以身 miè zhě? 有所言說, 不為人信用者? 今以身 bù wéi rén xin yòng zhě? jīn yǐ shēn žhěng, 若有一人, 隨從佛語, 修諸功德, 不 bù méi rén suí cóng fó yǔ zhū gōng dé yì chủ gông dé shi cỉ děng rén dé e bào zhě shòu zhông zhǒng kǔ shòu zhǒng zhǒng kǔ shù cǐ děng rén dé e bào zhě shì cǐ děng rén dé e bào zhě

今日道場,同業大眾。若欲捨凡入聖者, in rì dào chẳng , tóng yẻ dà zhòng 。 花欲捨凡入聖者, 當 dào chẳng , tóng yẻ dà zhòng 。 ruò yù shě fán rù shěng zhě 當 dào chẳng , 如教修行。 莫 解小苦,生懶 惰 dào cí xiǎo kǔ : 非 如教修行。 " phi hì tí vì nhỏ cí xiǎo kǔ o 宜自努力 1, 懺 悔 滅 罪。" phi phi hùi vìng yín xīn ŷi cí gi 为 1 1, chàn huǐ miễ zuì cóng yín ku shěng vì tốn lễi : 罪從 gí mào ng yí tín ku shěng yi cóng yín yuán miễ yi chàn huǐ miễ xế 免於 fán lễi nhù xiàng yuán shěng , gi fei zī yí chàn huǐ phi miǎn yú fán lễi nhù xiàng yú ng měng xīn , fā chàn huǐ yì chàn huǐ zhī 1 1, bù rì 思 義 o 何 以 知然? kě sī yì hế yí zhĩ rán

阿闍世王,有大逆罪,慚愧悔責,重苦輕 a shé shì wáng yǒu dà nì zuì cán kuì huǐ zé zhòng kǔ qīng 受。又此懺法,令諸行人,得安隱樂。若 shòu cỉ chàn fǎ lìng zhū xíng rén dé ān yín lè nếng zì kè nữ lì pī chéng zhì dào qĩ sǎng chàn huǐ guĩ kè nếng zì kè nổ 罰者,而不通感諸佛,未之有 yǐ o 惡業果報,影響無差,應當怖懼,苦 yíng xiǎng wú chā yīng dǎng bù jù Section 3 Repentance

their lowly status, and distrusted in whatever they say? We, the monks who compiled the Repentance pledge, "If anyone who accords with Dharma, selflessly cultivates merit and virtue, and ends up receiving evil retribution, we ourselves will enter the *Avici* Hell and receive the myriad suffering. However, there is no possibility of such an eventuality."

Today, we are here in this Bodhimanda due to our shared karma. We should follow the teachings of the Buddhas and cultivate accordingly in order to renounce the mundane to enter the level of sages. We should not become lazy when we encounter a little hardship. Instead we should diligently strive to repent of all the offenses we have committed so as to eradicate them. The sutras state, "Offenses arise from causes and conditions, and cease due to causes and conditions." Since we are ordinary people, and are constantly confused, if we do not rely on our repentance, there is no way we can transcend the mundane. From now on, let us all bring forth a courageous mind and a firm resolve for repentance. We should understand that the power of repentance is inconceivable. How do we know that this is true?

In the past, King Ajatasatru committed one of five rebellious acts, which would have resulted in a severe retribution. However, he was remorseful and repented of his offense, so he received a minor retribution instead. Furthermore, this dharma of repentance helps all cultivators attain peace and happiness. If we can reflect upon ourselves, earnestly bring forth our sincerity, bow in repentance, rely on the Three Treasures, aspire for bodhi without ever retreating, how can we fail to evoke a response from Buddhas? We should be fearful as retributions from our offenses will never be off by the slightest, like a shadow following form, or an echo following

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卷一	懺悔│第
到懺悔,各各至心,等一痛切 dào chàn huǐ gè gè zhì xīn děng yí tòng qiè	。五體 wǔ tǐ
地,心念口言,作如是説,遙請 dì xīn niàn kǒu yán zuò rú shì shuō yáo qǐng	諸佛, zhū fó
加哀愍。 jiā āi mǐn	
願救我苦厄 大悲覆一切 yuàn jiù wǒ kǔ è dà bēi fù yí qiě	
普放淨光明 滅除癡暗願 pǔ fàng jìng guāng míng miè chú chī àn mín	r S
念我及一切 方嬰地獄苦 niàn wǒ jí yí qiè fāng yīng dì yù kǔ	-
必來至我所 施令得安樂 bì lái zhì wǒ suǒ shī lìng dé ān lè	
我今稽首禮 聞名救厄者 wǒ jīn qǐ shǒu lǐ wén míng jiù è zhé	
我今共歸依 世間慈悲父 wǒ jīn gòng guī yī shì jiān cí bēi fù	-
南無彌勒佛 ná mó mí lè fó	
南無釋迦牟尼佛 ná mó shì jiā móu ní fó	
南無金剛不壞佛 ná mó jīn gāng bú huài fó	
南無寶光佛 ná mó bǎo guāng fó	
南無龍尊王佛 ná mó lóng zūn wáng fó	
南無精進軍佛 ná mó jīng jìn jūn fó	
南無精進喜佛 ná mó jīng jìn xǐ fó	

Section 3	Repentance	
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第三

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sound. Therefore, we should painstakingly repent. Let us all bow in full prostration with utmost, heartfelt sincerity, as we mindfully call out to the Buddhas to take pity on us and to bless us from afar.

May you save us who are in distress, With your all-encompassing great compassion. May you pervasively radiate pure light, To dispel our ignorance and darkness. May you be mindful of us and those Undergoing suffering in the hells. May you readily come to us, Bestowing bliss and peace upon us. We now bow in full prostration, Before you who hear and rescue us. We now all take refuge with you, Our Greatly Kind and Compassionate Ones, Who are like fathers to those of us in this world.

Namo Maitreya Buddha

Namo Shakyamuni Buddha Namo Vajra-indestructible Buddha Namo Jeweled Light Buddha Namo Venerable Dragon-king Buddha Namo Vigor's Army Buddha Namo Vigor and Joy Buddha

Roll 1

		寶 bǎo					
				光 ^{guāng}			
				愚 yú			
南 ná	無 mó	寶 bǎo	月 yuè	佛 fó			
•	• •	無 wú		佛 fó			
		離					
				幡 fān			
南 ná	無 mó	師 ^{shī}	子 zĭ	作 zuò	苔pú	薩 sà	
			~	身 ^{shēn}	-		
				音 yīn			

Repentance	
Namo Precious Fire Buddha	
Namo Jeweled Moonlight Buddha	
Namo Manifesting without Delusion Buddha	
Namo Jeweled Moon Buddha	
Namo Undefiled Buddha	
Namo Apart from Defilement Buddha	
Namo Lion Banner Bodhisattva	
Namo Lion Deeds Bodhisattva	
Namo Boundless Body Bodhisattva	
Namo Guan Shi Yin Bodhisattva	

Again, we take refuge with the Three Treasures of the ten directions to the ends of empty space. We sincerely wish that you take pity on all of us suffering from the three poisons, and definitely come to enable us to attain peace and bliss, up to our entering Parinirvana. May you cleanse our defilements with the water of great compassion, and help us until we attain bodhi, the ultimate purity. We hope all living beings in the six paths and the four births with similar offenses, will also attain purity and accomplish *Anuttara-samyak-sambodhi*, the ultimate liberation. With utmost, heartfelt sincerity and remorse, we bow in full prostration. We are mindful as we chant:

第三 懺悔 某等自從無始以來,至于今日。無明所 mǒu děng zì cóng wú shǐ yǐ lái zhì yú jīn rì wú míng suǒ ,愛使所纏,瞋恚所縛,墮在愚網。 ài shǐ suǒ chán chēn huì suǒ fú duò zài yú wǎng 經 jīng 歷三界,備涉六道,沈淪苦海,不能自 lì sān jiè bèi shè liù dào chén lún kǔ hǎi bù néng zì 拔。不識往業,過去因緣。或自破淨命, bá bú shì wǎng yè guò qù yīn yuán huò zì pò jìng mìng 破他淨命。自破梵行,破他梵行。自破淨 pò tā jìng mìng zì pò fàn hèng pò tā fàn hèng zì pò jìng 戒,破他淨戒。如是罪惡,無量無邊。今 jiè pò tā jìng jiè rú shì zuì è wú liàng wú biān jīn 日慚愧懺悔,願乞除滅。 rì cán kuì chàn huǐ yuàn qǐ chú miè rì cán kuì chàn huǐ 某等重復至誠,五體投地,求哀悔過。又 mǒu děng chóng fù zhì chéng wǔ tỉ tóu dì qiú āi huǐ guò yòu 復無始以來,至于今日。依身口意,行十 fù wú shǐ yǐ lái zhì yú jīn rì yī shēn kǒu yì xíng shí 惡業。身殺盜淫;口妄言綺語,兩舌惡 è yè shēn shā dào yín kǒu wàng yán qǐ yǔ liǎng shé è ; 意貪瞋癡。自行十惡,教他行十惡。 yì tān chēn chī zì xíng shí è jiào tā xíng shí è 讚歎十惡法,讚歎行十惡法者。如是一念 zàn tàn shí è fǎ zàn tàn xíng shí è fǎ zhě rú shì yí niàn

之間,起四十種惡。如是等罪,無量無 zhī jiān qǐ sì shí zhǒng è rú shì děng zuì, wú liàng wú 邊。今日懺悔,願乞除滅。 biān jīn rì chàn huǐ yuàn qǐ chú miè

某等重復至誠,五體投地。又復無始以 mǒu děng chóng fù zhì chéng wǔ tǐ tóu dì yòu fù wú shǐ yǐ 來,至于今日。依於六根,行於六識,取 lái zhì yú jīn rì yī yú liù gēn xíng yú liù shì qǔ 於六塵。眼著色,耳著聲,鼻著香,舌著 yú liù chén yǎn zhuó sè ěr zhuó shēng bí zhuó xiāng shé zhuó 味,身著細滑,意著法塵,起種種業;乃 wèi shēn zhuó xì huá yì zhuó fǎ chén qǐ zhǒng zhǒng yè nǎi

We disciples from time without beginning until now, have been blanketed by the lack of understanding, burdened by the fetters of emotional love, bound by hatred and anger, and are trapped in the net of ignorance. Thus we revolve in the three realms, tread on the six paths, drift in the sea of suffering and are unable to free ourselves. We fail to know the causes and conditions of our past karma. We have destroyed our own proper livelihood and that of others. We have destroyed our own pure conduct and that of others. We have broken the precepts of purity and caused others to break them. For these boundless offenses that we have created, we now feel shame and remorse, repent and reform of them all and beseech that they be eradicated.

Section 3

Repentance

We disciples again with utmost sincerity, bow in full prostration, repent of all past mistakes, reform, and seek forgiveness. From time without beginning until now, we have committed the ten evil deeds through our body, mouth, and mind. Through our body, we kill, steal, and engage in sexual misconduct. Through our mouth, we commit false speech, frivolous speech, divisive speech, and harsh speech. In our mind, we harbor greed, anger, and delusion. We have done all these ten evils ourselves, and have taught others to do them. We have praised the ten evil dharmas and praised others who practice them. Within the space of a single thought, we have committed forty types of evil. For these boundless offenses that we have committed, we now repent and reform of them all and beseech that they be eradicated.

We disciples again sincerely bow in full prostration. From time without beginning until now, we have been relying on the six sense faculties, we have been using our six sense consciousnesses, and we have been grasping at the six sense objects: Our eyes are attached to sights, our ears to sounds, our nose to smells, our tongue to tastes, our body to sensations of touch, and our mind to mental objects of dharmas. With all these attachments, we create various types of karma, up to and including opening

至開八萬四千塵勞門。如是罪惡,無量無 zhì kāi bā wàn sì giān chén láo mén rú shì zuì è wú liàng wú
邊。今日懺悔,願乞除滅。 biān jīn rì chàn huǐ yuàn qǐ chú miè
某等重復至誠,五體投地。又復無始以 mǒu děng chóng fù zhì chéng wǔ tǐ tóu dì yòu fù wú shǐ yǐ
來,至于今日。依身口意,行不平等。但 lái zhì yú jīn rì yī shēn kǒu yì xíng bù píng děng dàn
知有我身,不知有他身。但知有我苦,不 zhī yǒu wǒ shēn bù zhī yǒu tā shēn dàn zhī yǒu wǒ kǔ bù
知有他苦。但知我求安樂,不知他亦求安 zhī yǒu tā kǔ dàn zhī wǒ qiú ān lè bù zhī tā yì qiú ān
樂。但知我求解脱,不知他亦求解脱。但 lè dàn zhī wǒ qiú jiě tuō bù zhī tā yì qiú jiě tuō dàn
知有我家,有我眷屬。不知他亦有家,亦 zhī yǒu wǒ jiā yǒu wǒ juàn shǔ bù zhī tā yì yǒu jiā yì
有眷屬。但知自身一癢一痛,不可抑忍。 yǒu juàn shǔ dàn zhī zì shēn yì yǎng yí tòng bù kě yì rěn
楚撻他身,唯恐苦毒不深。但自知畏,現 chǔ tà tā shēn wéi kǒng kǔ dú bù shēn dàn zì zhī wèi xiàn
身小苦;而不知畏,起諸惡業,捨身應墮 shēn xiǎo kǔ ér bù zhī wèi qǐ zhū è yè shě shēn yīng duò
地獄,於地獄中,備受眾苦。乃至不畏餓 dì yù yú dì yù zhōng bèi shòu zhòng kǔ nǎi zhì bú wèi è
鬼道、畜生道、阿修羅道、人道、天道, guǐ dào chù shēng dào ā xiū luó dào rén dào tiān dào
有種種苦。以不平等故,起彼我心,生怨 yǒu zhǒng zhǒng kǔ yǐ bù píng děng gù qǐ bǐ wǒ xīn shēng yuàn
親想,所以怨對遍於六道。如是等罪,無 qīn xiǎng suǒ yǐ yuàn duì biàn yú liù dào rú shì děng zuì wú
量無邊。今日懺悔,願乞除滅。 liàng wú biān jīn rì chàn huǐ yuàn qǐ chú miè
某等重復至誠,五體投地。又復無始以 mǒu děng chóng fù zhì chéng wǔ tǐ tóu dì yòu fù wú shǐ yǐ
來,至于今日。心顚倒,想顚倒,見顚 lái zhì yú jīn rì xīn diān dǎo xiǎng diān dǎo jiàn diān

Section 3 Repentance

Roll 1

the doors of eighty-four thousand types of defiling passions. All these offenses are boundless and limitless. We now repent and reform of them all and beseech that they be eradicated.

We disciples again sincerely bow in full prostration. From time without beginning until now, we engage in discriminating actions with our body, mouth, and mind. We only care for ourselves, not others; only know our suffering, not that of others; only seek peace and happiness for ourselves, but fail to realize that others also seek happiness; only seek liberation for ourselves, but fail to realize that others also seek liberation.

We are only concerned about our family and relatives, not others'. We cannot bear any minor pain or itch, but when hurting others, such as flogging or clubbing them, we are only afraid that we do not beat them hard enough. We only fear our present minor suffering, but not the forthcoming misery of falling into the hells when our life ends and undergoing all kinds of suffering because of our evil karma. We do not know the myriad types of suffering in the realm of hungry ghosts, the realm of animals, the realm of asuras, the realm of humans, the realm of heavenly beings. Because of the discriminations in our mind, we give rise to thoughts of self and others, thoughts of friends and foes. Thus, those who harbor animosity towards us pervade all the six paths. All these offenses are boundless and limitless. We now repent and reform of them all and beseech that they be eradicated.

We disciples again sincerely bow in full prostration. From time without beginning until now, because of our inverted mind, inverted thoughts, and inverted views, we stay away from good and wise advisers and prefer the company of bad advisers. We

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·離善知識,近惡知識。背八正道 lí shàn zhī shì jìn è zhī shì bèi bā zhèng dào 倒 行 dǎo xíng 八邪道。非法説法,法説非法。不善説 bā xié dào fēi fǎ shuō fǎ fǎ shuō fēi fǎ bú shàn shuō bú shàn shuō ·善説不善。建憍慢幢,張愚癡帆。隨 shàn shuō bú shàn jiàn jiāo màn chuáng zhāng yú chī fān suí 善 shàn 無明流,入生死海。如是罪惡,無量無 wú míng liú rù shēng sǐ hǎi rú shì zuì è wú liàng wú 。今日懺悔,願乞除滅。 jīn rì chàn huǐ yuàn qǐ chú miè 邊 某等重復苦到,五體投地。又復無始以 mǒu děng chóng fù kǔ dào wǔ tǐ tóu dì yòu fù wú shǐ yǐ 來,至于今日。以三不善根,起四顛倒, lái zhì yú jīn rì yǐ sān bú shàn gēn qǐ sì diān dǎo 造作五逆,行於十惡,熾然三毒,長養 zào zuò wǔ nì xíng yú shí è chì rán sān dú zhǎng yǎng zhǎng yǎng 八苦。造八寒八熱諸地獄因,造八萬四千 bā kǔ zào bā hán bā rè zhū dì yù yīn zào bā wàn sì qiān 鬲子地獄因,造一切畜生因,造一切餓鬼 gé zǐ dì yù yīn, zào yí qiè chù shēng yīn, zào yí qiè è guǐ ,造人天生老病死種種苦因,受於六道 zào rén tiān shēng lǎo bìng sǐ zhǒng zhǒng kǔ yīn shòu yú liù dào 無量苦果。難可堪忍,不可聞見。如是罪 wú liàng kǔ guǒ nán kě kān rěn bù kě wén jiàn rú shì zuì 恶,無量無邊。今日懺悔,願乞除滅。 è wú liàng wú biān jīn rì chàn huǐ yuàn qǐ chú miè 某等重復苦到,五體投地。求哀悔過。又 mǒu děng chóng fù kǔ dào wǔ tỉ tóu dì qiú āi huǐ guò yòu 復無始以來,至于今日。以三毒根,於三 fù wú shǐ yǐ lái zhì yú jīn rì yǐ sān dú gēn yú sān 有中,歷二十五有。處處起諸罪惡,隨逐 yǒu zhōng lì èr shí wǔ yǒu chù chù qǐ zhū zuì è suí zhú 業風,不自知覺;或障人持戒,修定修 yè fēng bú zì zhī jué huò zhàng rén chí jiè xiū dìng xiū ·修諸功德,修諸神通。如是罪障,障 xiū zhū gōng dé xiū zhū shén tōng rú shì zuì zhàng zhàng 慧 huì zhàng Section 3 Repentance

Roll 1

turn our back on the eightfold noble path and practice the eight deviant paths. We speak of deviant dharma as proper Dharma, and speak of proper Dharma as deviant dharma. We take what is evil as good, and take what is good as evil. We raise the banner of arrogance, hoist the sails of delusion, and drift along with the current of ignorance into the sea of birth and death. All these offenses are boundless and limitless. We now repent and reform of them all and beseech that they be eradicated.

We disciples again bow in full prostration, and willingly endure the painstaking rigor of bowing this repentance. From time without beginning until now, through the three unwholesome roots, we have continually given rise to the four inversions, committed the five rebellious acts, and the ten evils. The three poisons blaze forth and exacerbate the eight sufferings, creating the causes for the eight freezing hells, and the eight burning hells, as well as the causes for the eighty-four thousand solitary-cell hells. They also create the causes for becoming animals, hungry ghosts, humans, or heavenly beings, who are all subjected to the suffering of birth, aging, sickness, and death, and thus undergo limitless suffering in the six paths, all too agonizing to our eyes and ears. All these offenses are boundless and limitless. We now repent and reform of them all and beseech that they be eradicated.

We disciples again bow in full prostration, and willingly endure the painstaking rigor of bowing this repentance. We repent and reform of all past mistakes, humbly seek pity and forgiveness. From time without beginning until now, rooted in the three poisons, we traverse the three realms undergoing rebirth in the twenty-five planes of existence. In all these places, we have committed all kinds of offenses, and have been unknowingly blown adrift by the winds of karma. We might have obstructed people from upholding precepts, from cultivating samadhi and wisdom, from creating merit and virtue, and from cultivating spiritual powers. These offenses that we have

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提心,障菩提願,障菩提行 tí xīn zhàng pú tí yuàn zhàng pú tí hèng 苔 E 。 今 懺 jīn рú rì chàn , 願乞除滅。 悔 yuàn qǐ chú miè huĭ 重復苦到,五體投地。又復無始以 chóng fù kǔ dào wǔ tǐ tóu dì yòu fù wú shǐ yǐ mǒu děng chóng fù kǔ dào 來,至于今日。以貧瞋心,構起六識,隨 lái zhì yú jīn rì yǐ tān chēn xīn gòu qǐ liù shì suí 逐六塵, 起眾多罪。或於眾生邊起, 或於 zhú liù chén gǐ zhòng duō zuì huò yú zhòng shēng biān gǐ huò yú 非眾生邊起,或於無漏人起,或於無漏法 fēi zhòng shēng biān qǐ, huò yú wú lòu rén qǐ, huò yú wú lòu fǎ o 如是貪瞋,所起罪惡,今日懺悔, rú shì tān chēn suǒ qǐ zuì è jīn rì chàn huǐ 願 起 yuàn 乞除滅。 aľ chú miè

created obstruct our bodhi resolve, obstruct our bodhi vows, and obstruct our bodhi conduct. We now repent and reform of them all and beseech that they be eradicated.

Section 3 Repentance

We disciples again bow in full prostration, and willingly endure the painstaking rigor of bowing this repentance. From time without beginning until now, driven by thoughts of greed and hatred, our six consciousnesses arise, following and chasing after the sense objects, committing multitudes of offenses. Those offenses may have been committed against living beings or non-living beings. Those offenses may have been committed against someone who has attained the state of non-outflow, or in opposition to the dharmas of non-outflow. All such offenses that have arisen from greed and anger, we now repent and reform of them all and beseech that they be eradicated.

Because of deluded thoughts, our conduct is inverted. We believed in deviant teachers and their instruction. We become attached to views of permanence and annihilation, to our ego or egoistic views. We conducted ourselves under the influence of delusion and committed limitless offenses — all such causes and conditions obstruct our bodhi resolve, our bodhi vows, and our bodhi conduct. We now repent and reform of them all and beseech that they be eradicated.

We disciples again sincerely bow in full prostration. From time without beginning until now, through our body we created three evil karmas; through our speech, four evil karmas; through our mind, three evil karmas. From time without beginning, we have been hindered by the five grounds of afflictions resulting from ignorance, formidable afflictions that number like the Ganges' sands, formidable afflictions during the practice of cessation and contemplation, the four dwelling grounds of afflictions, the three evils, the four graspings, the five hindrances, the six attachments, the seven outflows, the eight defilements, the nine entanglements, and the ten fetters. Because of these afflictions and limitless other obstacles, we have been obstructed in our bodhi resolve, our bodhi vows, and our bodhi conduct. We now repent and reform of them all and beseech that they be eradicated.

第三

提 tí															懺 chàn		,
		除 chú	滅 ^{miè}	0													
			復 fù					- 體						復 fù	無 wú	始 shǐ	以 yĭ
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		;	不 ^{bù}	能 néng	修 xiū	檀 tán	波 ^{bō}	m維 luó	蜜 mì	,	尸 shī	歰 Luó	波 ^{bō}	歰 Luó	蜜 mì	,	羼 chàn
提 tí		羅 luó				黎『		波 ^{bō}			,			歰 Iuó		,	般 bō
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某 mǒu 來 lái	děng 9	chóng 至 zhì	復ti 于yú	增 zēng 今jīn	到 dào 日 rì	,	五 wì 輪lún	me ti zhuǎn	書 tá 三 sān	史 の 界 ie	也 dì	。 備 bèi	又yòu 歴 lì	復前六前	無w 道	shĭ ,	yǐ 受 shòu
某nou 来lá 四 sì	děng , 生 shēng	chóng 至 zhì g shēr	復前于yúo	增zēng 夕jīn 或huò	到 dào 日 rì 男 á	, 。 」 n hu	五wi 輪lún 子n			安山 界ie Fie	也dì , 男nán	。 備 i fei	又vou 歴=女nu	復tù 六liù o	無wi 道ào	shĭ • yí	yǐ 受hòu giè
菜nu 來li 四si 處hù 食	děng , 生 shēng ,	chóng 至hì 身hēr 起 qi 或	復fi于yu o 無wi 為	增mg 今m 或hu 量hin 細	到 da 日 r 男 ni 罪 z 身	, 。	五w輪lingngh生	們	書 三 sāi 更	安山界ie 非ie 大ia 相	也可,男的身而 取	。 備 i 非 fei 眾 hòng	又vou 歷一女nu 生mono。	復îu 六ii o , 如	無wi 道ai 遍aia	shǐ, 一 yí 相 xiāng 等	y 受hù 切iè 敢ia 殺
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某no 來li 四 si 處hi 食hi 業 yi 菩 pi	děng,生shēng,。,提tí	chóng 至hì 身hēn 起 qi 或hù 無wi 行hèng	復fi于yu。 無wi 爲wi 量lin 。	增四令 m 或 u 量 lin 細 x 無 w 今 m	到的日产男的罪zu身前邊的日产	, 。 或 hu 。 眾 hù 。 懺 chàn	五w輪ugnghughughughughughughughughughughughughug	置· 費· 世· 建· 型· 文· 这· 文· 这· 、 、 、 、 、 、 、 、 、 、 、 、 、	整 三 an 新éi 更ei 提ti 願yu	定。界ii fi tai tai 心xi 乞 qi	也可,男的身而或了,除chu	。 備bi 非fi 眾hòng 食hi 障hàng jiè	又如歷一女前生的。苔印。	復fù 六lii o , 如ri 提ti	無wi 道ai 遍ain 更an 是sh 願	shǐ , 一 yí 相xiāng 等děn ,	y 受hù 切iè 敢ia 殺shi 障hàn

Section 3 Repentance

We disciples again sincerely bow in full prostration. From time without beginning until now, we have been unable to develop the mind of kindness, compassion, joy, and equanimity. We have failed to cultivate dana paramita, sila paramita, ksanti paramita, virya paramita, dhyana paramita, and prajna paramita nor other dharmas that aid on the path towards bodhi. Therefore, we do not have the wisdom nor the expedient means, since we have been obstructed in our bodhi resolve, our bodhi vows, and our bodhi conduct. We now repent and reform of them all and beseech that they be eradicated.

We disciples again bring forth complete sincerity and bow in full prostration. From time without beginning until now, we have revolved in the wheel of the three realms, undergoing the four births and the six paths, sometimes as male, sometimes female, sometimes as non-male, sometimes non-female. In these forms everywhere we have created countless offenses. Sometimes we were born as beings with large bodies, devouring each other, sometimes as beings with small bodies, devouring each other. Thus we have created boundless offenses from the karma of killing, and consequently have been obstructed in our bodhi resolve, our bodhi vows, and our bodhi conduct. We now repent and reform of them all and beseech that they be eradicated.

We disciples again sincerely bow in full prostration. From the time we first had consciousness until now, we have been subjected to the four births and the six paths committing limitless offenses. All Buddhas and great Bodhisattvas throughout the ten directions see and know the entirety of our offenses. Now with utmost

懺悔	第三
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中間,所起罪惡,無窮無盡。如是等 zhōng jiān suǒ qǐ zuì è wú qióng wú jìn rú shì děng 其 qí zhōng jiān rú shì děng 罪 ·唯有十方一切諸佛 · 大地菩薩 wéi yǒu shí fāng yí qiè zhū fó dà dì pú sà 盡 , zuì jìn 知盡見。如諸佛菩薩,所知所見,罪量多 zhī jìn jiàn rú zhū fó pú sà suǒ zhī suǒ jiàn zuì liàng duō 少。今日至心,稽顙求哀,慚愧懺悔。 shǎo jīn rì zhì xīn gǐ sǎng qiú āi cán kuì chàn huǐ shǎo 已作之罪,願盡銷減。未作之罪,不敢復 yǐ zuò zhī zuì, yuàn jìn xiāo miè, wèi zuò zhī zuì, bù gǎn fù 作。仰願十方一切諸佛,以大慈心,受某 zuò yǎng yuàn shí fāng yí qiè zhū fó yǐ dà cí xīn shòu mǒu 等今日懺悔。以大悲水,洗除某等能障菩 děng jīn rì chàn huǐ yǐ dà bēi shuǐ xǐ chú mǒu děng néng zhàng pú 提一切罪垢,令至道場,畢竟清淨。 tí yí qiè zuì gòu lìng zhì dào chǎng bì jìng qīng jìng 又願十方一切諸佛,以不思議力、本誓 yòu yuàn shí fāng yí qiè zhū fó yǐ bù sī yì lì běn shì 願力、度脱眾生力、覆護眾生力。令某等 yuàn lì dù tuō zhòng shēng lì fù hù zhòng shēng lì lìng mǒu děng 今日起,誓發菩提心。從今日去,至坐道 jīn rì qǐ shì fā pú tí xīn cóng jīn rì qù zhì zuò dào 場。畢竟成立,不復退轉。所有誓願,悉 chǎng bì jìng chéng lì bú fù tuì zhuǎn suǒ yǒu shì yuàn xī 同菩薩所行誓願。仰願十方一切諸佛, tóng pú sà suǒ xíng shì yuàn yǎng yuàn shí fāng yí qiè zhū fó 大地菩薩,以慈悲心,同加攝受。令某等 dà dì pú sà yǐ cí bēi xīn tóng jiā shè shòu lìng mǒu děng 得如所願,滿菩提願。一切眾生,各各具 dé rú suǒ yuàn mǎn pú tí yuàn yí qiè zhòng shēng gè gè jù 足, 滿菩提願。 zú mǎn pú tí vuàn

慈悲道場懺法卷第一

cí bēi dào chẳng chàn fǎ juàn dì yĩ

Section 3 Repentance

sincerity, feeling shame and remorse, we repent of our faults. May our past offenses be eradicated completely, and may we resolve to not commit further offenses. We pray that all Buddhas in the ten directions, with your great kindness, will accept our repentance, and use the water of great compassion to wash away all our offenses and defilement that hinder the path to bodhi. May all of us attain Buddhahood, the ultimate purity.

We also pray that all Buddhas in the ten directions, with power that is inconceivable, power of your fundamental vows, power of rescuing living beings, and power of protecting and supporting living beings, enable us to henceforth resolve on bodhi, without ever regressing, until we attain Buddhahood, the ultimate accomplishment. May our vows be identical with that of all Bodhisattvas. We pray all Buddhas and great Bodhisattvas in the ten directions, with your great kindness and compassion, accept and gather us in and enable us to fulfill our vows and our bodhi resolve. May all living beings' wishes be completely fulfilled, and may all perfect the bodhi resolve.

End of the Roll One of Repentance Dharma of Kindness and Compassion in the Bodhimanda

禶 zàn

歸依三寶。截斷疑根。 guī yī sān bǎo。 jié duàn yí gēn 挫情折意入玄門。 cuò qíng zhé yì rù xuán mén 因果儼然存。懺悔功深。 yīn guǒ yǎn rán cún。 chàn huǐ gōng shēn 諸佛共垂恩。 zhū fó gòng chuí ēn 南 無歡喜地菩薩摩訶薩 (三稱)

Praise

Taking refuge with the Three Treasures,
Cutting off the roots of doubt,
Reining in emotions and subduing the ego, we enter the esoteric gateway.
Clearly understanding the presence of cause and effect;
Profound is the merit of repenting and reforming,
Upon us all, Buddhas bestow their kindness.
Namo Bodhisattvas Mahasattvas of the Ground of Happiness (3 times)

出懺

よ 截 chū chàn

天上人間,正遍知覺。光超日月,德越太 tiān shàng rén jiān, zhèng biàn zhī jué guāng chāo rì yuè, dé yuè tài 虚。無去無來,隱常居華藏界。不生不 xū, 戴龜坐斷涅槃城。應物現形,隨機赴 miè, 巍龜坐斷涩鵯城。應物現形,隨機赴 miè, 若洪鐘之待扣,似空谷以傳聲。願垂 gǎn, ruò hóng zhōng zhī dài kòu, sì kōng gǔ yǐ chuán shēng wú jí zhī dà bēi, jiàn cǐ yì shí zhī tó shì

上來奉為求懺眾等,修崇慈悲道場懺法。 shǎng lái féng wéi qiú chàn zhòng déng , xiū chóng cí bei dào cháng chàn fá 今當第一卷,功德克諧,圓滿於內。 % 設 jīn dáng dì yī juàn gōng dé kẻ xiế yuán mǎn yú něi 壇場, 銷參紺像。 检然火樹,香噴沉高。 散子 約爾, pū shū gàn xiàng déng rán huǒ shù xiāng pèn chén tán 散面 cháng où shū gàn xiàng déng rán huǒ shù xiāng pèn chén tán 散五 色之名華,獻新奇之妙果。 gē yáng fán gi zhī míng huā xing qí zhī miào guǒ 明 bài chéng zàn hóng míng xia xīn qí zhī miào guǒ 明 bài chéng zàn hóng míng xing dào rù chán féng jīng chí zhòu 集 jī gông yín zhuān shēn huí xiàng cí sān bǎo kuảng shi fá zhū tiān shǎng zhù zhēn cí sān bǎo kuảng mỹ yin zhuān shēn huí xiàng cí sān bǎo kuảng mỹ yin zhuān shēn huí xiàng cí sān bǎo kuảng mỹ yuán jiàn cí chéng chén xi a shǎng zhū xin shēng huān xi zhī xīn si gi göng yi yuán jiàn cí chéng chén xi an shēng huān xi zhī xīn kuảng mỹ yuán jiàn cí chéng chén tian shāng zhū xi a shāng cí jiè kuảng mỹ yuán jián cí chéng chén xi a shāng cí jiè xian shāng rén jián xuān huà rì yú tā fáng cí jiè ji gi sháng rén jián xuān huà rì yú tā fáng cí jiè ji shāng rén jián xuān huà rì yú tā fáng cí jiè

Concluding the Repentance

In the Heaven above and in this world, Appears the One Replete with Proper and Universal Knowledge. His brilliance surpasses the Sun and Moon, His virtue more encompassing than the Great Void. Not coming nor going, he dwells firmly in the Flower Treasury realm; Transcending birth and death, he sits majestically in the city of Nirvana. He manifests appropriately to conditions; He responds to beings in accord with their potential, Like a great bell waiting to be struck, or a deep valley waiting to transmit echoes. May you shower our Repentance with your great and boundless compassion, Witnessing us at this very moment doing the Buddha's work.

[*Dharma Host: On behalf of* ______] and all of us who seek to repent, we practice this Repentance Dharma of Kindness and Compassion in the Bodhimanda. We have now successfully completed Roll One; the merit and virtue is complete and perfect. We have established the Repentance Platform and adorned the altar with Buddha images, with bright lamps ornamenting the tree branches, with the fragrance of sandalwood incense permeating everywhere, with exquisite multicolored arrays of flowers everywhere, and offerings of wonderful fruits.

Singing the praise hymn and chanting the exalted Buddha names, we cultivate samadhi, and recite sutras and mantras. All the merit thus accumulated from these deeds, we now dedicate to the ever-abiding and truly kind Three Treasures, to the Dharma-protecting devas, spirits and ghosts of all realms, and to the innumerous spirits, afar or near, who bestow rewards. May they all bear witness to our heartfelt sincerity and be delighted. May their beneficence extend throughout Heaven and Earth, teaching and transforming like the sun, benefitting all. May they help perfect our Repentance in this Bodhimanda, help us accomplish merit and virtue.

切念今辰求懺某等, 懺釋罪愆, 求生淨土 qiè niàn jīn chén qiú chàn mǒu děng , chàn shì zuì qiān , qiú shēng jìng dù / 迎祥集福。

伏願:一生罪垢冰消,一切業緣清淨;一 fú yuàn yì shēng zuì gòu bīng xiāo yí qiè yè yuán qīng jīng yì wì shēng zuì gòu bīng xiāo yí qiè yè yuán qīng jing ; yì 心解悟,向一理之真如;一念回光,造一 xīn jiē wù xiàng yì lǐ zhī zhēn rú yí niàn huí guāng zào yí 乘之妙道;轉苦緣而成樂具,灑熱惱而作 chèng zhī miào dào zhuán kǔ yuán ér chéng lè jù sǎ rẻ nǎo ér zuò 清涼 ; 祖禰宗親, 決定往生於淨土; 合門 qīng liáng zǔ nǐ zōng qīn , jué ding wàng shēng yú jìng dù hé mén 人眷,方當永享於遐齡;等冤親而共淋恩 rén juàn fāng dāng yǒng xiǎng yú xiá líng ởếng yuān qīn ér gông mù ēn 次 ú fán shèng ér tóng jī bào dì jīn zé yī wén chàn huǐ 猶恐微細罪業難逃,再勞尊眾,同求懺 yóu kǒng wéi xì zuì yè nán táo zùn zhòng tóng qiú chàn 悔。

huĭ

Concluding the Repentance

[*Dharma Host: May _____ be earnestly mindful*], including all of us who are now doing this Repentance. May all our offenses be eradicated; may all of us be reborn in the Pure Land; and may our blessings increase; may auspiciousness be ushered in.

We bow and earnestly pray:

May our whole life's offenses melt away like ice;

May all our karma and karmic conditions be purified;

May we attain awakening through single-mindedness to tend towards the *One* Principle of True Suchness;

May we, within *one* thought, reflect and return the light to shine within, to advance towards the wondrous path of the *One* Vehicle;

May we transform the conditions of suffering into that of happiness,

and sprinkle water to cool off and wash away all heated afflictions; May our ancestors and relatives be assured of rebirth in the Pure Land;

May every member of our family be blessed with longevity;

May all our friends and foes alike, equally bathe in the radiance of your kindness, and together, with all other ordinary beings and sages, ascend to the Jeweled Land.

Although we have repented according to the Repentance Text, we are still fearful that we have not been fully spared from the retributions of our subtle offenses. Let us exhort ourselves that together, we continue to repent and reform.

Praise

The meritorious power of the Emperor of Liang Repentance Roll One Enables the disciples and the deceased to eradicate their One Offense; May all realize the Bodhisattva's Ground of Happiness. As the Repentance is chanted, our offenses are blown away like flower petals in the wind. Offenses repented, enmity resolved, Wisdom and blessing increase as calamities are dispelled. Liberated from suffering and reborn in the Trayastrimsha, May we gather at the Dragon Flower's Three Assemblies And receive a prediction personally from Maitreya Buddha. (2 times) May we gather at the Dragon Flower's Three Assemblies Dragon Flower Assembly of Bodhisattvas Mahasattvas

Final Praise

Emperor of Liang Repentance Roll One now concludes. We dedicate its merit to the four benefactors and the three realms. May all in this assembly enjoy increased longevity and blessings, May the deceased be reborn in the Western Pure Land, May the Dharma water cleanse our offenses. May the Bodhisattvas of the Ground of Happiness compassionately gather us in.

Namo Ascending the Path to the Clouds Bodhisattva Mahasattva (3 times)

禶 zàn

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						yí zh			0								
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學禶 jǔ zàn

梁皇懺。一卷已全周。 liáng huáng chàn yí juàn yǐ quán zhōu	
回向四恩并三有。 huí xiàng sì ēn bìng sān yǒu	
拜懺某等增福壽。 bài chàn mǒu děng zēng fú shòu	
惟願亡靈往西遊 $^{/ otin n m k imes n im$	>
歡喜地菩薩。惟願哀納受。 huān xǐ dì pú sà wéi yuàn āi nà shòu	
南無登雲路菩薩摩訶薩 (三稱) ná mó dēng yún lù pú sà mó hē sà	



Emperor of Liang Jeweled Repentance

(Roll 2)

禶 zàn

		文 wén			賢 xián	0					
					百 bǎi					殿 diàn	0
					青 qīng					0	
		面 miàn	0								
		養 yàng			訶 hē	薩 sà	0	(Ξ	〔稱)		

Praise

Offerings of flowers are made to Bodhisattvas Manjushri and Samantabhadra, Peonies, admirable and exquisite, and Hundreds more kinds of flowers grace the golden palace; Lotuses bloom, shed petals and reveal golden pods; A dark-robed youth holds the flowers before the Honored Compassionate One. Namo Universal Offering Bodhisattva Mahasattva (3 times)

Roll 2

rù chàn

恭 聞 gōng wén

欲得人法之兩空,須證二嚴之極果。既明 yù dé rén fǎ zhī liǎng kông xũ zhēng èr yán zhī jí guð jì míng µ 俗之二諦,必了生死之妄緣。龍神八部 zhēn sú zhī èr dì bì liǎo shēng sī zhī wàng yuán lóng shén bā bù yǐ cān suí yốu xiǎn líng công ér mì yóu xiông cáng tí yú wàn 字 zú hún yìn yú qian huā wéi fó dé yǐ nán sī yù zàn 楊印 葉 命 惟佛德以難思,欲讚 zhī hún yìn yú qian huā wéi fó dé yǐ nán sī gāo fū bǎi ŋ 齋 空 頂極, 章 bù wéi běn shì pǔ lì yốu qíng gāo fū bǎi 寶 之蓮臺, 鑒此二時之佛事。

今辰求懺某等,啓建慈悲道場懺法。今當 jīn chén qiú chàn mǒu dễng 第二卷,入壇緣起。我諸眾等,雪清三 dì èr juàn rù tán yuán qǐ 。我諸眾等,雪清三 tán yuán qǐ 。 我諸眾等,雪清三 xuě qīng sān 業,冰潔六根。焚兜樓婆,散芬陀利。延 yé bīng jié liù gēn fén dõu lóu pó sàn fēn tuó lì yán 奉十方之至聖,稱讚諸佛之洪名。灑滴 féng shí fāng zhī zhì shèng chēng zàn zhū fó zhī hóng míng sǎ dī dī 之甘泉,蕩般般之罪垢。 zhī gān quán dǎng bān bān zhī zuì gòu

切念求懺某等,遠從曠劫,近至今生。二 qiè niàn qiú chàn mǒu děng yuǎn cóng kuảng jié jìn zhì jīn shēng er 厚縈纏,續諸生死;二空未悟,勃起愛 zhàng yíng chán xú zhū shēng sǐ èr kōng wèi wù bó qǐ ài 憎。隨邪見之二邊,循苦樂之兩道。無明 zēng suí xié jiàn zhī èr biān xún kǔ lè zhī liǎng dào wú míng 頓起,淫殺盜妄而念念遷流。煩惱日增, yín shā dào wàng ér niàn niàn qiān liú fán nǎo rì zēng

Listen respectfully

To realize the *two* emptinesses — emptiness of self and emptiness of dharmas, We must certify to the ultimate fruition of the *dual* adornments. To understand the *two* truths — Ultimate Truth and Conventional Truth, We must put an end to the conditions of delusion that lead to birth and death. Dragons and the rest of the eightfold division follow along and learn, and together with other efficacious beings, visible and invisible, offer unseen protection. A symbol for the "myriad virtues" adorns the Buddha's chest; a wheel with a thousand spokes is imprinted on his soles.

Commencement of the Repentance

His virtues are inconceivable and beyond praise or exaltation; he never forgets his fundamental vows to universally benefit sentient beings.

He sits high on the hundred-jeweled lotus platform, witnessing this repentance that we have been conducting day and night.

[Dharma Host: On behalf of ______] and all of us who seek to repent, we practice this Repentance Dharma of Kindness and Compassion in the Bodhimanda. We have come to Roll Two. With all conditions fulfilled, we now enter the Repentance Platform. May our three karmas be pure as snow and our six sense faculties clean as ice. We burn turushka incense, spread pundarikas flowers, and respectfully invite the sages of the ten directions, as we praise the Buddhas and chant their exalted names. May we receive the sprinkling of sweet dew to cleanse us of our multifarious karmic offenses.

[Dharma Host: May ______ be earnestly mindful], including all of us who seek to repent, that from innumerable kalpas past, we have been tightly bound in the entanglements of the *two* karmas, and have continuously revolved in the cycle of birth and death. We have not awakened to the *two* emptinesses, and have quickly given rise to love and hate. We have been drifting along, holding onto the *two* extreme deviant views, as we wandered on the *two* paths of happiness and suffering. When ignorance suddenly arises, our thoughts of killing, stealing, lust, and lying, flow forth unabated. Daily, our afflictions grow, and we continuously commit 卷二

Commencement of the Repentance

身口意業而重重造罪。況升沉之交報,似 shēn kǒu yì yè ér chóng chóng zào zuì kuàng shēng chén zhī jiāo bào sì 汲井輪;唯業果以昭然,如惡叉聚。 jí jǐng lún wéi yè guǒ yǐ zhāo rán rú è chā jù 匪假 fěi jiǎ 懇修於懺法,何由免離於愆尤。由是意起 kěn xiū yú chàn fǎ hé yóu miǎn lí yú qiān yóu yóu shì yì qǐ 虔誠,心懷慚愧。以介現前之景福,永爲 qián chéng xīn huái cán kuì yǐ jiè xiàn qián zhī jǐng fú yǒng wéi 滅罪之良規。我願如斯,佛必哀憐。仰叩 miè zuì zhī liáng guī wǒ yuàn rú sī fó bì āi lián yǎng kòu 洪慈,冥熏加被。 hóng cí míng xūn jiā bèi

offenses with our body, mouth, and mind. We undergo a mix of good and bad retributions, constantly rising or falling, like an ever-revolving waterwheel. We ought to be aware that karmic retributions are just and never err, just like the three parts of the aksha cluster. Hence, if we do not rely on this repentance, how can we ever eradicate our offenses and mistakes? May we therefore give rise to shame and remorse and bring forth our utmost sincerity. May this Repentance that generates immediate blessings serve as an enduring method to effectively eradicate all our offenses. This is the vow we make, and may the Buddhas take pity on us and invisibly bless and protect us.

			如 rú					•		千 _{qiān}			, .
			照 zhào							慈 cí	比 jiē		
啓 qĭ	運 yùn	慈 cí	悲 ^{bēi}	道 dào	場 chǎng	懺 chàn	法 fă						
			命 mìng				佛 fó						
南 ná		過 guò	去 qù	毘 pí	•		佛 fó						
南 ná			棄 qì										
南 ná	無 mó	毘 pí	舍 shè		佛 fo								
南 ná		拘jū	留 liú	孫 sūn	佛 fo								
南 ná			那 nà	•	•	尼 ní							
南 ná			葉 shè	佛 fó									
南 ná			師 ^{shī}	釋 shì		牟 móu		佛 fó					
南 ná	無 mó	當 dāng	來	彌 mí	勒 lè	尊 zūn	佛 fo						
						界 ^{kāi}	經 jīng	• •	∍ ₽				
南 ná	mó	běn	,師 shī	shì	jiā	móu	ní	fó	(<u>=</u>	三稱)	北	、 井	ነጠ

na	mo	ben	sni	sni	jia	mou	nı	TO							
無	上	甚	深	微	妙	法		百	千	萬	劫	難	遭	遇	
wú	shàng	shèn	shēn	wéi	miào	fă		bǎi	qiān	wàn	jié	nán	zāo	yù	
	•		•	•	-	持						眞			
WŌ	jīn	jiàn	wén	dé	shòu	chí		yuàn	jié	rú	lái	zhēn	shí	yì	

Commencement of the Repentance Roll 2
The Buddha's face is like the pure, full moon,
Radiant like the light of a thousand suns.
His aura universally illumines the ten directions, and
He is replete with kindness, compassion, joy and equanimity.
We now begin the Repentance Dharma of Kindness and Compassion in the Bodhimanda.
Together in this assembly, we single-mindedly return to and rely on all Buddhas of the three periods of time.
Namo Buddhas of the past, Vipashyin Buddha
Namo Shikhin Buddha
Namo Vishvabhu Buddha
Namo Krakucchanda Buddha
Namo Kanakamuni Buddha
Namo Kashyapa Buddha
Namo our Fundamental Teacher Shakyamuni Buddha
Namo Honored Future Buddha, Maitreya

Verse for Opening a Sutra

Namo our Fundamental Teacher Shakyamuni Buddha (3 times)

The unsurpassed, profound, and wonderful Dharma,

Is difficult to encounter in hundreds of millions of eons.

I now see and hear it, receive and uphold it, And I vow to fathom the Tathagata's true meaning. 發菩提心 第四

慈慈道場懴は巻第こ cí bēi dào chǎng chàn fǎ juàn dì èr

發菩提 fǎ pú tí xīn dì sì

今In 道場,同業大眾。相與已得,洗沉心 xiang yǔ yǐ dé,洗沉心 xi huǎn xīn gòu hæ zhòng yé dà zhòng vù yǐ dé, 洗沉心 xī huǎn xīn gòu hæ zhòng zhàng pi jìn wú yú 業累萬, 內 gòu 小麼 mê zhòng zháng vù yí yí giản nèi gòu 魚 浓。 次應仰學 pú šà yíu xíng zhí dào gōng dé 智 慧, 由之,應 听以諸佛, 每數發心是 xiu xīng shi gù vý yǐ zhū fó měi tàn fā xīn shì yóu zhī ér shēng o uéi yuàn dà zhòng gè jian qí zhi đảo chẳng néng bàn shì gù wéi yuàn dà zhòng yí nián mìng và dě shí lòu jìn vù lìng kōng qù hôu huǐ wú ái shí lòu jìn wù lìng kōng qù hôu huǐ wú ái shí lòu jìn shí yí lìng kōng qù hôu huǐ wú ái shí lòu jìn shí lòu lìng kōng qù hôu huǐ wú ái shí lòu jìn shí lìng kōng qù hôu huǐ wú ái shí lòu lìng kōng qù hôu huǐ wú

相與今日,值遇好時,不應日夜,煩惱覆 xiāng yǔ jīn rì, zhí yù hảo shí, bù yīng rì yè, fán nảo fù 心。宜當努力,發菩提心。菩提心者,即 xīn cī當努力,發菩提心。菩提心者,即 jí dāng nǔ lì, fā pú tí xīn chě și e dâng nǔ lì, fā pú tí xīn rhě量, gài lùn zīn 佛心。功德智慧,不可格量。蓋論, yí shì fó xīn 復多念。假使歷劫,修無量福。乃 nài ?,沉復多念。假使歷劫,修無量福。乃 nǎi 至今生, 備行餘善, 不及發心萬分之一。 算數譬喻, 亦不能盡。 suàn shù pì yù, yì bù néng jìn

又有一人,但作福德,不發菩提無上道 yòu yǒu yì rén dàn zuò fú dé bù fā pú tí wú shàng dào 心。譬如耕田,不下種子,既無其芽,何 xīn pì rú gēng tián bú xià zhǒng zǐ jì wú qí yá hé from the ten evil deeds are completely removed. The burden of our karma has been lifted; we are now experiencing a pervasive purity. Let us now learn from the Bodhisattvas and practice the straight way, so that we may establish merit, virtue and wisdom. Buddhas have always praised those who bring forth the resolve for bodhi, as the bodhi resolve itself is the Bodhimanda, and it will bring us to accomplishment. May all of us in this great assembly, strengthen our resolve and not let our life pass in vain; let us not further waste our time, lest we regret in vain later.

Repentance Dharma of Kindness and Compassion in the

Bodhimanda - Roll Two

Section 4 - Bringing Forth the Bodhi Resolve

Today, we are here in this Bodhimanda due to our shared karma. We have bowed and repented, our defilements are now cleansed, and the heavy karmic obstructions

Bringing Forth the Bodhi Resolve

Section 4

We are gathered here today, and the timing is opportune. Therefore, from morning to night we should not cover ourselves with afflictions, instead, we should exhaust our efforts to bring forth the bodhi resolve. This very resolve for bodhi is the Buddha mind; the merit, virtue, and wisdom that come from the bodhi resolve are immeasurable, beyond reckoning or calculation. Just a single thought of resolving for bodhi creates incredible merit, virtue, and wisdom, how much the more will many such thoughts. The blessings accumulated from many kalpas of doing good is not even one part in ten thousand of the merit and virtue of resolving for bodhi. It is not comparable, not even by reckoning or analogy.

Moreover, a person who practices meritorious deeds without first bringing forth the unsurpassed resolve for bodhi is like one who ploughs a field without planting seeds. Without seeds and sprouts, how can fruits come forth? Therefore, we must make the 卷二

發菩提心 第四

處求實?以是義故,須發菩提心。因緣為 chù qiú shí ? yǐ shì yì gù xū fā pú tí xīn 。 yīn yuán wéi 謚: 上報佛恩,下拔一切。所以佛讚諸天 zhèng shàng bào fó ēn xià bá yí qiè suǒ yǐ fó zàn zhū tiān 子zi yán shàn zāi ! 如汝所說。爲欲利益 rú rǔ suǒ shuō wèi yù lì yì gòng yàng rú yí qiè zhòng shēng fā pú tí xīn shì wéi dì yī gòng yàng rú yí o 發菩提心,非止一過,唯應數發,令 lái 指 pú tí xīn fēi zhǐ yí guò wéi yīng shuò fā lìng 菩提心,相續不斷。 pú tí xīn xiāng xù bú duàn

jīn rì dào chẳng tóng yè dà zhòng fā pú tí xīn bì xũ qǐ 想,先緣所親。繫念之時,念已父母師長 xiǎng xiān yuán suǒ qīn xì niàn zhī shí niàn jǐ fù mǔ shī zhǎng 眷屬,又念地獄餓鬼畜生,又念諸天諸 juàn shǔ yòu niàn dì yù è guǐ chù shēng yòu niàn zhū tiān zhū 仙一切善神,又念人道一切人類,有受苦 xiān yí qiè shàn shén yòu niàn rén dào yí qiè rén lèi yǒu shòu kǔ Section 4 Bringing Forth the Bodhi Resolve

resolve for bodhi. The causes and conditions for bringing forth the resolve are stated in the sutra, "Above, we must seek to repay the kindness of the Buddhas; below, we must seek to save and rescue all." Therefore the Buddha once praised the devas, saying, "Good indeed, good indeed! It is as you have said. Bringing forth the bodhi resolve for the sake of benefiting all living beings is the most supreme offering to the Buddhas." It is not sufficient to bring forth the bodhi resolve just once. We need to do so repeatedly in order for the bodhi resolve to grow without cease.

So the sutra states, "Before the Buddhas, bring forth this great vow of goodness as many time as there are sand grains in nayutas of Ganges Rivers." From this, we know that the resolve for bodhi can be brought forth limitless times. Furthermore, it's not that this resolve for bodhi can only be brought forth during the time a Buddha appears in the world; it can also be brought forth upon encountering a good and wise adviser. Manjushri Bodhisattva, for example, brought forth his bodhi resolve due to a woman; there are more ways than one to bring forth the bodhi resolve. Also, we should not look down on the bodhi resolve brought forth by an ordinary person. It is the mind set that is important. Anyone who avidly seeks the Buddhadharma and aspires to the Mahayana can bring forth the resolve. Thus, we should rely on the sutras, apply the principles from the analogies therein to our mundane life, regard friends and foes as the same and equal, and consider all in the six paths to be one, sharing the same attributes. May this goodness of bringing forth the bodhi resolve enable all of us to attain liberation. Those who share our faith and understanding will know that these teachings are not sophistry.

In order to bring forth the resolve for bodhi, we who are here in this Bodhimanda due to our shared karma must begin our contemplation, starting with being mindful of those who are close to us: our parents, teachers, family members and relatives. Next we extend our contemplation to hell beings, hungry ghosts, and animals; then we expand the scope of our mindfulness to include the heavenly beings, ascetic masters, all good spirits and all humankind. Then we consider how to save those

.

發菩提心 第四

者 當云何救?見已起想,應發是念 dāng yún hé jiù jiàn yǐ qǐ xiǎng yīng fā shì niàn 唯 , zhě wéi 有大心,能拔彼苦。若一想成,應作二 yǒu dà xīn néng bá bǐ kǔ ruò yì xiǎng chéng yīng zuò èr 想。二想成已,應作三想。三想成已,滿 xiǎng èr xiǎng chéng yǐ yīng zuò sān xiǎng sān xiǎng chéng yǐ mǎn 一室想。一室成已,满一由旬。一由旬满 yí shì xiǎng yí shì chéng yǐ mǎn yì yóu xún yì yóu xún mǎn 已,滿閻浮提。閻浮提滿已,滿三天下。 yǐ mǎn yán fú tí yán fú tí mǎn yǐ mǎn sān tiān xià 如是漸廣,滿十方界。見東方眾生,盡是 rú shì jiàn guǎng mǎn shí fāng jiè jiàn dōng fāng zhòng shēng jìn shì 其父。西方眾生,盡是其母。南方眾生, qí fù xī fāng zhòng shēng jìn shì qí mǔ nán fāng zhòng shēng 悉是其兄。北方眾生,悉是其弟。下方眾 xī shì qí xiōng běi fāng zhòng shēng xī shì qí dì xià fāng zhòng 生,悉是姊妹。上方眾生,悉是師長。其 shēng xī shì jiě mèi shàng fāng zhòng shēng xī shì shī zhǎng qí 餘四維,悉是沙門婆羅門等。見已作念, yú sì wéi xī shì shā mén pó luó mén děng jiàn yǐ zuò niàn 若受苦時,當作我想。詣諸人所,調身 ruò shòu kǔ shí dāng zuò wǒ xiǎng yì zhū rén suǒ tiáo shēn tiáo shēn 按摩,誓拔其苦。得解脱已,爲其説法。 àn mó shì bá qí kǔ dé jiě tuō yǐ wèi qí shuō fǎ 讚佛讚法,讚菩薩眾。作是讚已,心生歡 zàn fó zàn fǎ zàn pú sà zhòng zuò shì zàn yǐ xīn shēng huān xīn shēna huān 。見其受樂,如已無異。 jiàn qí shòu lè rú jǐ wú yì

今日道場,同業大眾。發菩提心,應當如 jīn rì dào chǎng tóng yẻ dà zhòng fā pú tí xīn , 應當如 yīng dāng rú 是,不捨於苦而度眾生。相與人人,等一 bù shě yú kǔ ér dù zhòng shēng xǔ rén rén děng yí 痛切,五體投地,心念口言,作是誓願。 tòng qiè wǔ tǐ tóu dì , xīn niàn kǒu yán zuò shì shì yuàn 某等從今日去,乃至道場。於其中間,在 mǒu děng cóng jīn rì qù nǎi zhì dào chǎng yú qí zhōng jian zài Section 4 Bringing Forth the Bodhi Resolve

who are suffering. Having made such a contemplation, we should be reminded of our bodhi resolve and recognize that it is only by bringing forth a great resolve that we can hope to really rescue them.

This initial thought should spur us to bring on succeeding thoughts, so that the first thought expands to a second thought, then to a third thought, and thereafter to as many thoughts as can fill up a whole room, a space as large as one cubic yojana, the continent of Jambudvipa, and subsequently the other three continents. This contemplation should then increasingly expand to eventually include all the realms in the ten directions. Next, we visualize all beings in the east as our fathers, all living beings in the west as our mothers, all beings in the south as our elder brothers, all beings in the north as our younger brothers, all beings below as our sisters, all beings above as our teachers, and all beings in the intermediate directions as shramanas and brahmans. After these thoughts are established, we contemplate that we ourselves are experiencing their suffering, that we go to them and relieve them of their physical pain, and that we vow to eradicate their suffering. After they are free of immediate suffering, we proceed to speak the Dharma for them and praise the Buddhas, the Dharma, and the assembly of Bodhisattvas. By the time we finish praising, these beings are joyful. Finally, seeing these living beings becoming joyful, we should rejoice as if their happiness is our own.

Today, we are here in this Bodhimanda due to our shared karma. We will never forsake our bodhi resolve due to hardships of taking living beings across. Let us now bring forth our utmost, heartfelt sincerity, bow in full prostration, be mindful as we recite aloud the following resolve: Henceforth until we attain Buddhahood, wherever we are born, may we who have participated in this assembly always be able

卷二

發菩提心	第	뜨
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所 suð s	生 ^{shēng}	處 ^{chù}	,	恒 héng	值 zhí	善 shàn	知 zhī	識 shì	,	發 fā	無 wú	<u>L</u> shàng	苔pú	提 tí	え ^{zhī}	心 xīn	0
若 ruò	處 chǔ	⊥ sān	途 tú	,	及 jí	隋 duā	」 か bi	く 連 南 n	雏 àn	ر ch	常 náng	使 ^{shǐ}	憶 yì	念 niàn	發 fā	苔pú	提 tí
心 xīn			•		心 xīn x				•								
今 jīn	E rì	道 dào	場 chǎng	,	同 tóng	業 yè	大 dà	眾 zhòng	,	當 dāng	起 qi	勇 yǒng	猛 měng	心 xīn	`	殷 yīn	重 zhòng
心 xīn			苔pú		心 xīn	0	等 děng	yí	痛 tòng	切 qiè	,	五 wů	體 tĭ	投 tóu	地 dì	,	歸 guī
依 yī		間 jiān			慈		父										
	南 ná	無 mó	彌 mí	勒 lè	佛 fó												
	南 ná	無 mó	釋 shì	迹 jiā	牟 móu	尼 ní	佛 fó	,									
	南 ná	無 mó	勇 yǒng	施 shī	佛 fó												
		無 mó															
					施 ^{shī}	佛 fó											
	•			•	那 nà												
	南 ná	無 mó	水 ^{shuĭ}														
	南 ná	無 mó	堅 jiān		佛 fó												
	南 ná				功 gōng		佛 fó	,									
	南 ná				掬 jú			,									
	南	無	光	德	佛												

to meet good and wise advisers who will inspire us to bring forth the resolve for the unsurpassed bodhi. Even if we fall into the three evil destinies or encounter the eight difficulties, may we be constantly mindful of bringing forth our bodhi resolve and sustain it without cease.

We who are here in this Bodhimanda due to our shared karma should bring forth a courageous mind, a sincere mind, and a bodhi mind. Let us all now with utmost, heartfelt sincerity, bow in full prostration and take refuge with the Greatly Kind and Compassionate Ones who are like fathers to those of us in this world.

Namo Maitreya Buddha Namo Shakyamuni Buddha Namo Courageous Giving Buddha Namo Purity Buddha Namo Pure Giving Buddha Namo Varuna Buddha Namo Water-deva Buddha Namo Firm in Virtue Buddha Namo Chandana Merit and Virtue Buddha Namo Infinite Handfuls of Light Buddha

Bringing Forth the Bodhi Resolve

Section 4

ná mó guāng dé fó

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Namo Worry-free and Virtuous Buddha

- Namo Narayana Buddha
- Namo Flower of Merit and Virtue Buddha
- Namo Steadfast, Courageous, and Vigorous Buddha
- Namo Vajra Wisdom Bodhisattva
- Namo Boundless Body Bodhisattva
- Namo Guan Shi Yin Bodhisattva

Again, we take refuge with the Three Treasures of the ten directions to the ends of empty space. Before all the Three Treasures of the ten directions, we now bring forth our bodhi resolve. Henceforth until we attain Buddhahood, we vow to practice the Bodhisattva Path without ever retreating. May we constantly be mindful to save all living beings, constantly be mindful to ensure their well-being, and constantly be mindful to protect and provide for them. If living beings do not first become Buddhas before us, we vow that we will not attain Proper Enlightenment. We hope all Buddhas, great Bodhisattvas, sages and worthy ones in the ten directions bear witness and help us accomplish fully our vows and practices.

Today, we are here in this Bodhimanda due to our shared karma. We may have
practiced various good deeds for many kalpas and attained the intermediary rewards
of being reborn in the heavens or in the human realm. However, if we do not attain
the ultimate fruition of transcending the mundane world, then when our blessings

又復歸依,如是十方,盡虛空界,一切三 yòu fù guī yī, rù shi shí fāng, jin xū kōng jie, yí qiẻ sān 寶ao xi shi shí fāng, yí qiẻ sān bǎo qián, fā pù tí bǎo cóng jīn yú shí fāng, yí qiẻ sān bǎo qián, fā pù tí 心 čóng jīn yú shí fāng, yí qiẻ sān bǎo qián, fā pù tí 心 čóng jīn yú shí fāng, yí qiẻ sān bǎo qián, fā pù tí vīn 迟觉令已去,乃至道場,行菩薩 dào shì vin 退還。 héng zuò dù tuō zhòng shēng xīn, héng zuò a lì zhìng shēng bù ui huán héng zuò dù tuō zhòng shēng xīn, héng zuò a lì zhòng shēng vīn 走 tuì huán héng zuò fù hù zhòng shēng xīn, héng zuò a lì zhòng shēng vīn 先取正覺。 仰願十方一切諸佛,大地菩 kian qǔ zhèng jué yǎng yuàn shí fāng yí qiẻ zhū fó sà n 一切 聖賢, 現爲我證。 令某等一切行 sà yí qiẻ shèng xián, xiàn wèi wǒ zhèng ng mǒu děng yí qiẻ hèng yú qiẻ shēng xián, jiệ xĩ chéng jiù

今日道場,同業大眾。設使歷劫,行多種 jīn rì dào chǎng tóng yè dà zhòng shè shǐ lì jié xíng duō zhǒng 善。乃得人天華報,未得出世實果,壽終 shàn nǎi dé rén tiān huā bào wèi de chū shì shí guǒ shòu zhōng

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還墮惡趣,身壞苦逼,不能自免 huán duò è qù shēn huài kǔ bī bù néng zì miǎn 福 盡 fú jìn 立弘誓願,發廣大心,無由百福莊 lì hóng shì yuàn fā guǎng dà xīn wú yóu bǎi fú zhuāng 若 非 ruò fēi ·離諸衰惱。相與今日,唯當一心一 lí zhū shuāi nǎo xiāng yǔ jīn rì wéi dāng yì xīn yí 嚴 yán ,緣念諸佛。起堅固志,發菩提心。發 yuán niàn zhū fó qǐ jiān gù zhì fā pú tí xīn fā 心功德,不可稱量。諸佛菩薩,說不能 xīn gōng dé bù kě chēng liàng zhū fó pú sà shuō bù néng o 如是善力,不可思議。豈得不志心, rú shì shàn lì bù kě sī yì qỉ dé bú zhì xīn 盡 學在一意?大集經言:譬如百年闇室,一 xué zài yí yì dà jí jīng yán pì rú bǎi nián àn shì yì 燈能破。勿謂一念心輕,而不努力。 dēng néng pò wù wèi yí niàn xīn qīng ér bù nǔ lì

相與胡 chi zhǎng yu xīn biǎn yuán shí fǎng yi qiè sān bǎo xing yu hú gui hé zhǎng yi xīn biǎn yuán shí fǎng yi qiè sān bǎo \sim xīn niàn kǒu yán : 某等今於十方一切諸佛前, + shí fǎng yi qiè zhū fó qián ; shí fǎng yi qiè bà sà qián ; shí fǎng yi qiè bà sà qián ; shí fǎng yi qiè zhū fố xīn ; shí fǎng yi qiè zhū mốu đếng zhū i nơ zhú xīn zhèng niàn ; tế giản : xīn zhèng niàn ; tế giản : xīn zhèng niàn ; tế giản : xīn zhèng niàn ; cế giản : xīn zhèng niàn ; tế shàn xīn ; tế shàn ; tế shàn xīn ; tế shàn ; tế shàn xīn ; tế shàn xīn ; tế shàn ; tế shàn ; t

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are exhausted, we eventually fall into evil destinies when our lives end. Our bodies undergo decay and deterioration and are constantly oppressed by suffering and distress with no way of escape. It is only by making vast vows and bringing forth a great resolve that we can hope to be apart from all deterioration and afflictions and become adorned with hundreds of blessings. Together we should wholeheartedly be mindful of all Buddhas and make a firm and solid resolve for bodhi. The merit and virtue of bringing forth the bodhi resolve is immeasurable, even Buddhas and Bodhisattvas can never finish speaking about it. Such power is inconceivable. How can we not single-mindedly set our thoughts on bodhi? The *Great Collection Sutra* states, "Although a room was dark for a hundred years, just a single lamp can dispel the darkness instantaneously." Therefore, we should apply effort and bring forth the bodhi resolve, even if it is just a single thought.

We kneel, place our palms together and single-mindedly contemplate the Three Treasures of the ten directions as we recite the following: Before all Buddhas of the ten directions, all venerated Dharma of the ten directions, all Bodhisattvas of the ten directions, and all sages and worthy ones of the ten directions, we, with straightforward and proper mindfulness, bring forth a sincere mind, a mind of vigor, a peacefully dwelling mind, a mind of joyful benevolence, a mind to rescue all beings, a mind that guards and protects all beings, a mind equal to that of all Buddhas and a resolve for bodhi. From now until we attain Buddhahood, we will not allow our mind to be attached to states of heavens or humans, hearers or pratyekabuddhas. We will only bring forth the resolve for the Mahayana, the resolve for Wisdom of All Modes, and the resolve to accomplish *Anuttara-samyak-sambodhi*. May all Buddhas, great Bodhisattvas, and sages of the ten directions throughout empty space — based on their fundamental vows — bear witness to our resolve;

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 ,一切聖人;以本願力,現爲我證
 yí giè shèng rén yǐ běn yuàn lì xiàn wèi wǒ zhèng 薩 。 以 sà ٧Ĭ 慈悲力,加助攝受。令某等今日發心, cí bēi lì jiā zhù shè shòu lìng mǒu děng jīn rì fā xīn 在 zài 所生處,堅固不退。若墮三途,及處八 suǒ shēng chù jiān gù bú tuì ruò duò sān tú jí chǔ bā 難,於三界中,受種種身,受種種苦, nàn yú sān jiè zhōng shòu zhǒng zhǒng shōu zhǒng zhǒng shòu zhǒng zhǒng kǔ nán 堪難忍,誓不以苦故,退失今日大心。 kān nán rěn shì bù yǐ kǔ gù tuì shī jīn rì dà xīn 寧 níng 入無間,大火輪中,受種種苦,誓不以苦 rù wú jiān dà huǒ lún zhōng shòu zhǒng zhǒng kǔ shì bù yǐ kǔ 故,退失今日大心。此心此願,等諸佛 gù tuì shī jīn rì dà xīn cǐ yuàn děng zhū fó 心,同諸佛願。 tóng zhū fó yuàn xīn

重稅ing fū zhì chéng ng lǐ sān bảo。 ^{xé} 梁今已去,至zhì chéng ng lǐ sān bảo。 ^{móu déng cóng jīn yǐ qù , zhì gù lí chéng ng lǐ sān bảo。 ^{móu déng cóng jīn yǐ qù , zhì gù lí sān bảo móu déng cóng jīn yǐ qù , zhì móu đếng cóng jīn yǐ qù , zhì móu đếng cóng jĩn yí qù , zhì tươ , ng lệ tươ , ng lệ trong ng lệ tươ , ng lệ trong ng lễ trong shêng ví chéng tố sang hệ trong ng lệ trong ng lễ trong shêng lễ trong shêng trong trong shêng trong shêng trong trong shêng trong trong shêng trong trong shêng trong shêng trong trong shêng t}}

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may they also, based on their power of kindness and compassion, aid and gather us in, so that no matter where we are, we will always be steadfast and not retreat from the great resolve that we have established today. Even if we fall into the three evil destinies or encounter the eight difficulties, even if we are reborn in various types of bodies, undergoing various kinds of unbearable suffering in the three realms, we vow to never retreat from this great resolve that we have today. We would rather enter the *Avici* hell and undergo various suffering in the great wheels of fire than to retreat from the great bodhi resolve that we have established today. This resolve and the vows we have made today are the same as that of all Buddhas.

Again we sincerely bow to the Three Treasures. We disciples from now until we attain Buddhahood, while in the midst of dualities will understand the emptiness of dharmas as we proceed to save all living beings in the ten directions. Let us now bring forth utmost, heartfelt sincerity, bow in full prostration, and be mindful as we recite: We seek unsurpassed bodhi, not for our own sake, but for the sake of saving all living beings. From now until we realize Buddhahood, we vow to bear the responsibility to liberate all living beings and bring forth great kindness and compassion towards them. To the end of future time, if living beings commit any offense that will cause them to fall into the three evil paths or undergo any of the distress or torment in the six destinies, we will not shun any suffering in order to personally rescue them, enabling them to dwell in peace and stability. All the Buddhas of the ten directions to the ends of empty space:

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南無無邊身菩薩 ná mó wú biān shēn pú sà

南無觀世音菩薩 ná mó guān shì yīn pú sà

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	南 ná	無彌勒佛 mó mí lè fó		
	南 ná	無釋迦牟尼佛 mó shì jiā móu ní fó		
	南 ná	無蓮華光遊戲神通佛 mó lián huā guāng yóu xì shén tōng fó		
	南 ná	無財功德佛 mó cái gōng dé fó		
	南 ná	無德念佛 mó dé niàn fó		
	南 ná	無善名稱功德佛 mó shàn míng chēng gōng dé fó		
	南 ná	無紅燄帝幢王佛 mó hóng yàn dì chuảng wáng fó		
	南 ná	無善遊步功德佛 mó shàn yóu bù gōng dé fó		
	南 ná	無寶華遊步佛 mó bǎo huā yóu bù fó		
	南 ná	無寶蓮華善住娑羅樹王俄 mó bǎo lián huā shàn zhù suō luó shù wáng fo		
	南 ná	無 鬪 戰 勝 佛 mó dòu zhàn shèng fó		
	南 ná	無善遊步佛 mó shàn yóu bù fó		
	南 ná	無周匝莊嚴功德佛 mó zhōu zā zhuāng yán gōng dé fó		
	南 ná	無棄陰蓋菩薩 mó qì yīn gài pú sà		
	南 ná	無寂根菩薩 mó jí gēn pú sà		

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Name	o Maitreya Buddha
Name	o Shakyamuni Buddha
Name	o Lotus-flower Light, Roaming in Spiritual Power Buddha
Name	o Wealthy in Merit and Virtue Buddha
Name	o Mindful of Virtue Buddha
Name	o Well-renowned for Merit and Virtue Buddha
Name	o King Blazing Royal Crimson Banner Buddha
Name	o Skillfully Traveling in Merit and Virtue Buddha
Name	o Precious Flower Traveling Buddha
Name	o King Precious Lotus Skillfully Dwelling Beneath a Sala Tree Buddha
Name	o Victorious in Battle Buddha
Name	o Skillfully Traveling Buddha
Name	o Encompassing Adornments of Merit and Virtue Buddha
Name	o Renouncing Hindrances of Skandhas Bodhisattva
Name	o Tranquil Sense Faculties Bodhisattva
Name	o Boundless Body Bodhisattva
Name	o Guan Shi Yin Bodhisattva

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願以大慈悲力,現爲我證。令某等今日發 yuàn yǐ dà cí bēi lì xiàn wèi wǒ zhèng lìng mǒu děng jĩn rì fā 菩提心,行菩薩道,在所生處,具足成 pú tí xīn xíng pú sà dào zài suǒ shēng chù jù zú chéng jù zú chéng 。所到之地,一切解脱。重復至誠,五 suǒ dào zhī dì yí qiè jiě tuō chóng fù zhì chéng wǔ 就 jiù 體投地,頂禮十方一切三寶。某等不爲自 tǐ tóu dì dǐng lǐ shí fāng yí qiè sān bǎo mǒu děng bú wèi zì ·求無上菩提。爲度十方一切眾生,取 qiú wú shàng pú tí wèi dù shí fāng yí qiè zhòng shēng qǔ 無上菩提。從今已去,至于成佛。若有眾 wú shàng pú tí cóng jīn yǐ qù zhì yú chéng fó ruò yǒu zhòng ruò yǒu zhòng 生,愚癡黑闇,不識正法,起諸異見者; shēng yú chī hēi àn bú shì zhèng fǎ qǐ zhū yì jiàn zhě 復有眾生,雖修道行,不達法相者;如此 fù yǒu zhòng shēng, suī xiū dào hèng, bù dá fǎ xiàng zhě, rú cǐ 眾生,乃至未來。某等誓以佛力、法力、 zhòng shēng nǎi zhì wèi lái mǒu děng shì yǐ fó lì fǎ lì 聖力,種種方便,令此眾生,皆入佛 shèng lì zhǒng zhǒng fāng biàn lìng cǐ zhòng shēng jiē rù fó xián shèng lì ,具足成就一切種智。相與至心,等一 jù zú chéng jiù yí qiè zhǒng zhì xiāng yǔ zhì xīn děng yí huì 痛切,五體投地,歸依十方,盡虛空界, tòng qiè wǔ tǐ tóu dì guī yī shí fāng jìn xū kōng jiè 一切諸佛。 ví qiè zhū fó 南無彌勒佛 ná mó mí lè fó 南無釋迦牟尼佛 ná mó shì jiā móu ní fó 南無普光佛 ná mó pử guāng fó 南無普明佛 ná mó pử míng fó 南無普淨佛 ná mó pǔ jìng fó

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May all of you bear witness and, based on your power of great kindness and compassion, enable us to bring forth the resolve for bodhi, practice the Bodhisattva Path, fully accomplish whatever we set out to do, and liberate all living beings, wherever we may be. Again, we sincerely bow in full prostration to the Three Treasures of the ten directions to seek and realize unsurpassed bodhi, not for our own sake, but for the sake of taking across all living beings of the ten directions. We resolve to help living beings enter the Buddhas' wisdom and to fully accomplish the Wisdom of All Modes. These are the living beings of the present and the future who are dull or deluded, who are covered in darkness and unable to recognize the proper Dharma, who give rise to all kinds of deviant views, who may be cultivating the Way but have not yet comprehended the marks of Dharma. We vow to accomplish these tasks from now until the time we attain Buddhahood, by relying on the power of the Buddhas, of the Dharma, of the sages and worthy ones, and by employing all manner of expedient means. Let us all bring forth utmost, heartfelt sincerity, bow in full prostration, taking refuge with all Buddhas of the ten directions throughout empty space.

Namo Maitreya Buddha Namo Shakyamuni Buddha Namo Universal Light Buddha Namo Universal Understanding Buddha Namo Universal Purity Buddha

南無多摩羅跋旃檀香佛 ná mó duō mó luó bá zhān tán xiāng fó
南無旃檀光佛 ná mó zhān tán guāng fó
南無摩尼幢佛 ná mó mó ní chuáng fó
南無歡喜藏摩尼寶積佛 ná mó huān xǐ zàng mó ní bǎo jī fó
南無一切世間樂見上大精進佛 ná mó yí qiè shì jiān lè jiàn shàng dà jīng jìn fó
南無摩尼幢燈光佛 ná mó mó ní chuáng dēng guāng fó
南無慧炬照佛 ná mó huì jù zhào fó
南無海德光明佛 ná mó hǎi dé guāng míng fó
南無金剛牢強普散金光佛 ná mó jīn gāng láo qiáng pǔ sàn jīn guāng fó
南無大強精進勇猛佛 ná mó dà qiáng jīng jìn yǒng měng fó
南無大悲光佛 ná mó dà bēi guāng fó
南無慈力王佛 ná mó cí lì wáng fó
南無慈藏佛 ná mó cí zàng fó
南無慧上菩薩 ná mó huì shàng pú sà
南無常不離世菩薩 ná mó cháng bù lí shì pú sà
南無無邊身菩薩 ná mó wú biān shēn pú sà
南無觀世音菩薩 ná mó guān shì yīn pú sà

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Namo Tamalapattra and Chandana Fragrance Buddha	
Namo Chandana Light Buddha	
Namo Mani Banner Buddha	
Namo Treasury of Happiness and Accumulation of Mani Jewels Bu	ddha
Namo Supreme Great Vigor that All Worlds Delight to See Buddha	ł
Namo Mani Banner and Lamps' Light Buddha	
Namo Wisdom Torches' Shining Buddha	
Namo Virtue's Radiance as Vast as the Sea Buddha	
Namo Firm in Vajra, Shedding Golden Light Everywhere Buddha	
Namo Great Strength, Vigor, and Courage Buddha	
Namo Greatly Compassionate Light Buddha	
Namo King of Kindness and Strength Buddha	
Namo Treasury of Kindness Buddha	
Namo Superior Wisdom Bodhisattva	
Namo Never Leaving the World Bodhisattva	
Namo Boundless Body Bodhisattva	
Namo Guan Shi Yin Bodhisattva	

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仰願諸佛,諸大菩薩,以大慈悲力、大智 yǎng yuàn zhū fó, zhū dà pú sà, yǐ dà cí bēi lì, dà zhì dà zhì 慧力、不思議力、無量自在力、降伏四魔 huì lì bù sī yì lì wú liàng zì zài lì xiáng fú sì mó 、斷除五蓋力、滅諸煩惱力、無量清 duàn chú wǔ gài lì miè zhū fán nǎo lì wú liàng qīng 力 wú liàng gīng 淨業塵力、無量開發觀智力、無量開發無 jìng yè chén lì wú liàng kāi fā guān zhì lì wú liàng kāi fā wú 漏慧力、無量無邊神通力、無量度脱眾生 lòu huì lì wú liàng wú biān shén tōng lì wú liàng dù tuō zhòng shēng 、無量覆護眾生力、無量安隱眾生力、 wú liàng fù hù zhòng shēng lì wú liàng ān yǐn zhòng shēng lì 力 無量斷除苦惱力、無量解脱地獄力、無量 wú liàng duàn chú kǔ nǎo lì wú liàng jiě tuō dì yù lì wú liàng wú liàng 濟度餓鬼力、無量救拔畜生力、無量攝化 jì dù è guǐ lì wú liàng jiù bá chù shēng lì wú liàng shè huà 阿修羅力、無量攝受人道力、無量盡諸天 ā xiū luó lì wú liàng shè shòu rén dào lì wú liàng jìn zhū tiān 諸仙漏力、具足莊嚴十地力、具足莊嚴 zhū xiān lòu lì jù zú zhuāng yán shí dì lì jù zú zhuāng yán 淨土力、具足莊嚴道場力、具足莊嚴佛 jìng dù lì jù zú zhuāng yán dào chẳng lì jù zú zhuāng yán fó 果功德力、具足莊嚴佛果智慧力、具足 guǒ gōng dé lì jù zú zhuāng yán fó guǒ zhì huì lì jù zú 莊嚴法身力、具足莊嚴無上菩提力 zhuāng yán fǎ shēn lì jù zú zhuāng yán wú shàng pú tí lì ` zhuāng ván fǎ shēn lì jù 足莊嚴大涅槃力、無量無盡功德力、無量 zú zhuāng yán dà niè pán lì wú liàng wú jìn gōng dé lì wú liàng wú liàng 無**盡**智慧力。 wú jìn zhì huì lì

仰願十方,盡虛空界,一切諸佛,諸大菩 yǎng yuàn shí fāng jìn xū kōng jiè yí qiè zhū tó zhū dà pú 薩,以如是無量無邊自在不可思議力。不 sà yǐ rú shì wú liàng wú biān zì zài bù kě sī yì lì bù 違本誓,不違本願,悉以施與,十方一 wéi běn shì bù wéi běn yuàn xī yǐ shī yǔ shí fāng yí

of us who have brought forth the bodhi resolve today, to perfect the power of merit and virtue, perfect the power of vows for bodhi, and perfect the power of

Section 4 Bringing Forth the Bodhi Resolve

We hope all Buddhas and great Bodhisattvas will help us with their power of great kindness and compassion, power of great wisdom, inconceivable power, immeasurable power of self-mastery, power of subduing the four demons, power of severing the five hindrances, power of eradicating all afflictions, immeasurable power of purifying karma and sense faculties, immeasurable power of developing contemplative wisdom, immeasurable power of developing non-outflow wisdom, immeasurable spiritual powers, immeasurable power of taking across living beings, immeasurable power of protecting living beings, immeasurable power of comforting living beings, immeasurable power of eradicating suffering, immeasurable power of liberating hell beings, immeasurable power of saving hungry ghosts, immeasurable power of rescuing animals, immeasurable power of gathering in and transforming asuras, immeasurable power of gathering in humans, immeasurable power of ending the outflows of all heavenly beings and ascetic masters, power of completely adorning the Ten Grounds, power of completely adorning the pure lands, power of completely adorning the Bodhimanda, power of the merit and virtue of completely adorning the fruition of Buddhahood, wisdom power of completely adorning the fruition of Buddhahood, power of completely adorning the Dharma body, power of completely adorning the unsurpassed bodhi, power of completely adorning great Nirvana, the immeasurable and infinite power of merit and virtue, and the immeasurable and infinite power of wisdom.

May all Buddhas and great Bodhisattvas of the ten directions throughout empty space enable all living beings in the four births and the six paths, including all 卷二

發	菩	提心	第	면
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,四生六道眾生,及今日同發心者 sì shēng liù dào zhòng shēng jí jīn rì tóng fā xīn zhě 切 必 , bì 使具足成就諸功德力,具足成就菩提願 shǐ jù zú chéng jiù zhū gōng dé lì ,jù zú chéng jiù pú tí yuàn ,具足成就菩提行力。 jù zú chéng jiù pú tí hèng lì 力 今日十方,若幽若顯,若怨若親,若非怨 jīn rì shí fāng ruò yōu ruò xiǎn ruò yuàn ruò qīn ruò fēi yuàn 親,四生六道,有緣無緣,窮未來際,一 gīn sì shēng liù dào yǒu yuán wú yuán gióng wèi lái jì yí 切眾生;以此懺法,永得清淨。在所生 qiè zhòng shēng yǐ cǐ chàn fǎ yǒng dé qīng jìng zài suǒ shēng 處,同得如願,一向堅固,心無退轉。 chù tóng dé rú yuàn yí xiàng jiān gù xīn wú tuì zhuǎn 箺 děng 與如來,俱成正覺。乃至後流一切眾生異 yǔ rú lái jù chéng zhèng jué nǎi zhì hòu liú yí qiè zhòng shēng yì 於願者,皆悉令入大願海中,即得具足成 yú yuàn zhě,jiē xī lìng rù dà yuàn hǎi zhōng jí dé jù zú chéng 就,功德智慧。同諸菩薩,滿十地行,具 jiù gōng dé zhì huì tóng zhū pú sà mǎn shí dì hèng jù 足一切種智。莊嚴無上菩提,究竟解脱。 zú yí qiè zhǒng zhì zhuāng yán wú shàng pú tí jiù jìng jiě tuō

Section 4 Bringing Forth the Bodhi Resolve

practices for bodhi. May the Buddhas and great Bodhisattvas do this based on their immeasurable, inexhaustible, inconceivable powers and self-mastery, never forsaking their fundamental vows.

We now make the vow that all beings of the four births and the six paths, throughout all times and of the ten directions, will attain purity through this Repentance Dharma, whether these beings are visible or invisible, friends or foes and neither friends nor foes, and with or without affinities. Wherever these beings may be born, may they all accomplish their vows, be steadfast and persevere without retreating from their resolve, and accomplish the Proper Enlightenment of the Tathagatas. This also includes living beings of inferior capacities who harbor deviant resolves or aspirations. May they also enter the sea of great vows, and quickly perfect their wisdom, merit and virtue. May they perfect the Bodhisattva practices of the Ten Grounds, accomplish the Wisdom of All Modes, be adorned with unsurpassed bodhi, and attain ultimate liberation.
發願第五 fā yuàn dì wǔ

今日道場,同業大眾,相與已得發大心 jīn rì dào chẳng tóng yẻ dà zhòng xiāng yủ yỉ dé fā dà xīn 竟,喜踊無量。宜復應發如是大願,等一 jìng xí yǒng wú liàng yí fù yīng fā rú shì dà yuàn déng yí 痛切,五體投地,歸依世間,大慈悲父。 tòng qiè wǔ tǐ tóu dì guĩ yĩ shì jiān dà cí bēi fù

南無彌勒佛 ná mó mí lè fó 南無釋迦牟尼佛 ná mó shì jiā móu ní fó 南無旃檀窟莊嚴勝佛 ná mó zhān tán kū zhuāng yán shèng fó 南無賢善首佛 ná mó xián shàn shǒu fó 南無善意佛 ná mó shàn yì fó 南無廣莊嚴王佛 ná mó guǎng zhuāng yán wáng fó 南無金剛華佛 ná mó jīn gāng huā fó 南無寶蓋照空自在力王佛 ná mó bǎo gài zhào kōng zì zài lì wáng fó 南無虛空寶華光佛 ná mó xū kōng bǎo huā guāng fó 南無瑠璃莊嚴王佛 ná mó liú lí zhuāng yán wáng fó 南無普現色身光佛 ná mó pǔ xiàn sè shēn guāng fó 南無不動智光佛 ná mó bú dòng zhì guāng fó

Section 5 - Making Vows

Today, we are here in this Bodhimanda due to our shared karma. We have brought forth our bodhi resolve, and we feel limitless joy welling up. We do recognize that to progress, we need to make great vows. With heartfelt sincerity, we now bow in full prostration and take refuge with the Greatly Kind and Compassionate Ones who are like fathers to those of us in this world.

Namo Maitreya Buddha Namo Shakyamuni Buddha Namo Victoriously Adorned in Chandana Cave Buddha Namo Wholesome Worthy Leader Buddha Namo Wholesome Mind Buddha Namo King Vastly Adorned Buddha Namo Golden Flower Buddha Namo Golden Flower Buddha Namo Jeweled Canopy Shining in Space King of Self-mastery Power Buddha Namo Light of Precious Flowers in Space Buddha Namo King Adorned with Lapis Lazuli Buddha Namo Form-body's Light Appearing Everywhere Buddha Namo Unmoving Wisdom Light Buddha

Roll 2

	I															
	有 ná mó			諸 zhū				1								
	有 ná mó			,明 g míng												
	有 ná mó			. 勝 shènç												
	有 ná mó			仙 _{xiān}			1									
	有 ná mó	藥 yào			薩 sà											
	有 má mó	藥 yào		_	薩 sà											
	有 má mó			; 身 n shēr		薩 sà										
	有 ná mó			· 音 yīn		薩 sà										
願 い yuàn yì	人不 ĭ bù	思 sī	議 yì	力	,	同 tóng	加 jiā	覆tù	護hù	0	令 lìng	某 mǒi	等 I děng	所 suŏ	有 yǒu	折 Shì
願, yuàn		悉		就		在	所	生		,		不	忘	失		
竟 _煎 jìng wu					成 chéng				0							
某 等 mǒu děng	從 Cóng	今 jīn	日 rì	去 qù	• , >	願 /uàn s	生 ^{shēng}	生 ^{shēng}	世 shì	世 shì	,	在 zài	在 zài	處 chù	處 chù	,
常得 cháng dé	暃憶 ý	念 niàn									提 tí					
斷 ouàn)															
某 等 mǒu děng																
常得 cháng dé	手奉 é fèng	事 shì	,	無 wú	量 liàng	無 wú	邊 biān	,	yí	切 qiè	諸 ^{zhū}	佛 fo	,	常 cháng	得 dé	供 gòng

皆悉满足。

jiē xī mǎn zú

Namo King Demon-horde-subduer Buddha
Namo Gifted and Brilliant Buddha
Namo Wisdom Victory Buddha
Namo Maitreya, Immortal Light Buddha
Namo Medicine King Bodhisattva
Namo Medicine Superior Bodhisattva
Namo Boundless Body Bodhisattva
Namo Guan Shi Yin Bodhisattva

May their inconceivable power aid and protect us in accomplishing all our vows. Wherever we are born, we will never forget to strive for unsurpassed bodhi - the ultimate accomplishment of Proper and Equal Enlightenment.

Henceforth, we vow that in life after life, at all times and places, we will always remember to bring forth and unceasingly maintain our bodhi resolve.

Henceforth, we vow that in life after life, at all times and places, we will always be able to serve and make offerings to all the countless and boundless Buddhas, and that all our offerings will be complete and perfect.

養

yàng

供養眾具, gòng yàng zhòng jù

卷二 發願 第五 某等從今日去,願生生世世,在在處處, mǒu děng cóng jīn rì qù yuàn shēng shēng shì shì zài zài chù chù 常得護持,大乘方等,一切諸經;供養眾 cháng dé hù chí dà chèng fāng děng yí qiè zhū jīng gòng yàng zhòng gòng yàng zhòng 具,皆悉满足。 jù jiē xī mǎn zú 某等從今日去,願生生世世,在在處處, mǒu děng cóng jīn rì qù yuàn shēng shēng shì shì zài zài chù chù 常值十方, 無量無邊, 一切菩薩; 供養眾 cháng zhí shí fāng wú liàng wú biān yí qiè pú sà gòng yàng zhòng 具,皆悉满足。 jù jiē xī mǎn zú 某等從今日去,願生生世世,在在處處, mǒu děng cóng jīn rì qù yuàn shēng shēng shì shì zài zài chù chù 常值十方, 無量無邊, 一切賢聖; 供養眾 cháng zhí shí fāng wú liàng wú biān yí qiè xián shèng gòng yàng zhòng aòna vàna zhòna 具,皆悉满足。 jù jiē xī mǎn zú 某等從今日去,願生生世世,在在處處, mǒu děng cóng jīn rì qù yuàn shēng shēng shì shì zài zài chù chù 常得奉報覆蔭慈恩,有所奉給,隨心滿 cháng dé fèng bào fù yìn cí ēn yǒu suǒ fèng jǐ suí xīn mǎn 足。 zú 某等從今日去,願生生世世,在在處處, mǒu děng cóng jīn rì qù yuàn shēng shēng shì shì zài zài chù chù 常得奉值,和尚阿闍黎,所應供養,隨念 cháng dé fèng zhí, hé shàng ā shé lí, suǒ yīng gòng yàng, suí niàn 满足。 mǎn zú 某等從今日去,願生生世世,在在處處, mǒu děng cóng jīn rì qù yuàn shēng shēng shì shì zài zài chù chù 常得奉值大力國王,共興三寶,使不斷 cháng dé fèng zhí dà lì guó wáng gòng xīng sān bǎo shǐ bú duàn shǐ bú duàn

Section 5 Making Vows Henceforth, we vow that in life after life, at all times and places, we will always uphold and protect all Mahayana sutras and make complete and perfect offerings to the Dharma.

Henceforth, we vow that in life after life, at all times and places, we will always encounter countless and boundless Bodhisattvas of the ten directions and make complete and perfect offerings to them.

Henceforth, we vow that in life after life, at all times and places, we will be able to encounter countless and boundless sages and worthy ones of the ten directions and make complete and perfect offerings to them.

Henceforth, we vow that in life after life, at all times and places, we will always be able to repay the kindness of our parents and make complete and perfect offerings to them.

Henceforth, we vow that in life after life, at all times and places, we will always be able to encounter upadayas and acharyas and make complete and perfect offerings to them.

Henceforth, we vow that in life after life, at all times and places, we will be able to encounter great powerful heads of nations, and together we will help the Three Treasures flourish without cease.

卷二

絕。 jué

某等從今日去,願生生世世,在在處處, mǒu děng cóng jīn rì qù yuàn shēng shēng shì shì zài zài chù chù 常得莊嚴,諸佛國土,無有三惡八難之 cháng dé zhuāng yán zhū fó guó dù wú yǒu sān è bā nàn zhī 名。

某等從今日去,願生生世世,在在處處, mǒu děng cóng jīn rì qù, yuàn shēng shēng shì shì, zài zài chù chù 四無礙智, 六神通力,恒得現前,常不忘 sì wú ài zhì, liù shén tōng lì, héng dé xiàn qián, cháng bú wàng 失,以此教化一切眾生。相與至心,等 shī, yǐ cǐ jiào huà yí qiè zhòng shēng, xiāng yǔ zhì xīn, děng 一痛切,五體投地,歸依世間,大慈悲 yí tòng qiè, wǔ tǐ tóu dì, guī yī shì jiān, dà cí bēi 文o fù

南無彌勒佛 ná mó mí lè fó 南無雅迦牟尼佛 ná mó shì jìng guảng fó 南 mó shì jìng guảng fó 南 mó shì jìng guảng fó 南 mó shàn jí yuè yĩn miào zũn zhì wáng fó 南 mó shàn jí yuè yĩn miào zũn zhì wáng fó 南 mó lóng zhóng shàng zũn wáng fó 南 mó lóng zhóng shàng zũn wáng fó 南 mó lóng zhống shàng zũn wáng fó 南 mó lống zhống shàng zũn wáng fó Henceforth, we vow that in life after life, at all times and places, we will be able to adorn all Buddhalands, so that even the names of the three evil paths or eight difficulties will not exist.

Henceforth, we vow that in life after life, at all times and places, we will attain the four unobstructed wisdoms and the six spiritual powers, and that they are always readily available to us, without our ever losing or forgetting them, so that we can teach and transform all living beings.

Let us all now with utmost, heartfelt sincerity, bow in full prostration and take refuge with the Greatly Kind and Compassionate Ones who are like fathers to those of us in this world.

Namo Maitreya Buddha

Namo Shakyamuni Buddha

Namo Light of Purity for the World Buddha

Namo King Well-stilled Moon Sound and Wonderful Venerable

Wisdom Buddha

Namo Supreme and Venerable Dragon King Buddha

Namo Light of Sun and Moon Buddha

Namo Pearl-light of Sun and Moon Buddha

Namo Victorious Wisdom-banner King Buddha

南 ná	無 mó	師 ^{shī}	子 zĭ	吼 hǒu	自 zì	在 zài	力	E wáng	佛 fó	
		妙 ^{miào}								
•	-	常 cháng								
		觀 guān								
南 ná	無 mó	慧 huì	威 ^{wēi}	燈 dēng	<u>E</u> wáng	佛 fó				
		法 fǎ								
		須 xū								
		須 xū								
								勝 ^{shèng}		
		大 ^{dà}								
南 ná	無 mó	阿 ā	閦 chù	毘 pí	歡 ^{huān}	喜x	光 ^{guāng}	佛 fó		
		無 wú		•						
南 ná	無 mó	山 ^{shān}	海 hǎi	慧 huì	白 zì	在 zài	通 tōng	王 wáng	佛 fó	
南 ná	無 mó	大 dà	通 tōng	光 ^{guāng}	佛 fó					
		才 cái								
•	-	金jin	•							
南 ná	無 mó	 yí	切 qiè	法前	常 cháng	满 mǎn	<u>E</u> wáng	佛 fó		

Section 5 Making Vows	
Namo King Lion's Roar and Power of Self-mastery B	uddha
Namo Supremely Wonderful Sounds Buddha	
Namo Banner of Eternal Light Buddha	
Namo Lamp that Contemplates the World Buddha	
Namo King Awesome Lamp of Wisdom Buddha	
Namo Dharma-victory King Buddha	
Namo Sumeru Light Buddha	
Namo Sumana Flower Light Buddha	
Namo King Rare as the Udumbara Flower Buddha	
Namo King Great Wisdom-power Buddha	
Namo Akshobya, Light of Joy Buddha	
Namo King of Infinite Voices Buddha	
Namo King Wisdom Like Mountains and Seas and S	Self-mastery
Penetrations Buddha	
Namo Light of Great Penetrations Buddha	
Namo Gifted and Bright Buddha	
Namo Golden Sea of Light Buddha	
Namo King Forever Replete in All Dharmas Buddha	

		大 dà					
南 ná	無 mó	普pù	賢 xián	苔pú	薩 sà		
击	血	無	濎	癿	华	族	
		wú					

又復歸依,如是十方,盡虛空界,一切三 yòu fù guī yī rú shì shí fāng jìn xū kōng jie yí qie sān 寶。願承諸佛,諸大菩薩,一切賢聖,大 bǎo yuàn chéng zhū fó zhū dà pú sà yí qie xián shèng dà 慈悲力;令某等所發誓願,所生之處,隨 cí bēi lì lìng mǒu děng suǒ fā shì yuàn suǒ shēng zhī chù suí xīn zì zài

某等從今日去,又願生生世世,在在處 mǒu děng cóng jīn rì qù, yòu yuàn shēng shēng shì shì, zài zài chù 處,若有眾生,見我身色,即得解脫。若 ruò yǒu zhòng shēng, jiàn wǒ shēn sè, jí dé jiě tuō ruò rù di yù,一切地獄,變爲淨土。一切苦 rù di yù, yí qiè dì yù, biàn wéi jìng dù, yí qiè kǔ 緣,變爲樂具。令諸眾生六根清淨,身心 juán wéi lè jù, lìng zhū zhòng shēng liù gēn qīng jìng, shēn xīn 安樂,如第三禪。斷諸疑網,發初無漏。

某等從今日去,願生生世世,在在處處, mǒu děng cóng jīn rì qù, yuàn shēng shēng shì shì, zài zài chù chù 若有眾生,得聞我聲,心即安隱,滅除罪 ruò yǒu zhòng shēng dé wén wǒ shēng, xīn jí ān yǐn, miè chú zuì 垢,得陀羅尼解脫三昧,具足大忍,辩才 gòu dé tuó luó ní jiě tuō sān mèi, jù zú dà rěn, biàn cái 不斷,俱登法雲,成等正覺。 Namo Great Strength Bodhisattva Namo Samantabhadra Bodhisattva Namo Boundless Body Bodhisattva Namo Guan Shi Yin Bodhisattva

Again, we take refuge with the Three Treasures of the ten directions to the ends of empty space. May the power of great compassion and kindness of all Buddhas, Bodhisattvas, sages and worthy ones enable us to accomplish and be well at ease with all the vows we make today, wherever we may be.

Henceforth, I vow that in life after life, at all times and places, any living being who sees me will be liberated; if I enter into the hells, the hells will transform into pure lands; and all conditions of suffering will turn into a means for happiness; I will enable these living beings to have purity of the six sense faculties and have peace of body and mind, like that of the third dhyana; they will sever the net of doubts and attain the initial stage of non-outflow.

Henceforth, I vow that in life after life at all times and places, living beings who hear my voice will attain peace, and their offenses and defilements will be eradicated. They will attain dharani, samadhi of liberation, be replete with great patience and enduring eloquence, and without exception attain the Ground of Dharma Clouds and accomplish Proper Enlightenment. 卷二

發頭 第五

某等從今日去,願生生世世,在在處處, mǒu děng cóng jīn rì qù, yuàn shēng shēng shì shì, zài zài chù chù, 一切眾生,得聞我名,皆悉歡喜,得未曾 yí qiè zhòng shēng, dé wén wǒ míng, jiē xī huān xǐ, dé wèi céng fe xī huān xǐ, dé wèi céng fo 若到三途,斷除眾苦。若在人天,盡 yǒu, ruò dào sān tú, duàn chú zhòng kǔ, ruò zài rén tiān, jìn 諸有漏。所向自在, 無不解脫。

某等從今日去,願生生世世,在在處處, mǒu děng cóng jīn rì qù, yuàn shēng shēng shì shì, zài zài chù chù 於一切眾生, 無有與奪之心, 無有怨親之 yú yí qiè zhòng shēng, wú yǒu yǔ duó zhī xīn, wú yǒu yuàn qīn zhī 想。斷三毒根,離我我所。信樂大法,等 xiǎng duàn sān dú gēn, lí wǒ wǒ suǒ, xìn yào dà fǎ, děng 行慈悲。一切和合,猶如聖眾。

某等從今日去,願生生世世,在在處處, mǒu děng cóng jīn rì qù yuàn shēng shēng shì shì zài zài chủ chủ 於一切眾生,心常平等,猶如虛空。毀譽 yú yí qiè zhòng shēng , xīn cháng píng děng yúu rú xū kông huǐ yù 不動眾生,心常平等,猶如虛空。。毀譽 yú dóng , 怨親一相。入深廣心,學佛智慧。 bú dóng , yuàn qīn yí xiàng rù shēn guảng xīn , xué fó zhì huì 等視眾生,如羅睺羅。滿十住業,得一子 déng shì zhòng shēng rú luó hóu luó mǎn shí zhù yè dé yì zǐ 地。 離於有無,常行中道。相與至心,等 di lí yú yǒu wú cháng xíng zhông dào xiāng yǔ zhì xīn děng yí tông qiè , 远體投地,歸依世間,大慈悲 yí tông qiè , wǔ tỉ tóu dì guī yī shì jiān dà cí bēi Ýo shù Henceforth, I vow that in life after life, at all times and places, living beings who hear my name will attain unprecedented happiness; if they should fall into the three evil destinies, all their suffering will be eradicated; those in the human or heavenly realms will end all outflows, be at ease wherever they may be and attain liberation.

Section 5

Making Vows

Henceforth, I vow that in life after life, at all times and places, with regard to all living beings, I will be free of any thoughts of favoring or depriving, of friends and foes; be free of self and what pertains to the self; eradicate the roots of the three poisons; have faith and delight in the great Dharma; impartially practice kindness and compassion, and be in harmony with everyone as if we were an assembly of sages.

Henceforth, I vow that in life after life, at all times and places, with regard to all living beings, I will always maintain equanimity that is like empty space, be unmoved by praise or slander, and regard all friends and foes as one. I shall enter the vast and profound mind, study the wisdom of the Buddhas and regard each and every living being as if they were my own child, like Rahula was the Buddha's. I shall accomplish the Dharma of the Ten Dwellings, attain the Bodhisattva's universal loving-kindness, separate from the marks of existence and non-existence, and always practice the Middle Way. Let us all now with utmost, heartfelt sincerity, bow in full prostration and take refuge with the Greatly Kind and Compassionate Ones who are like fathers to those of us in this world.

		彌 mí	勒 lè	佛 fó			
南 ná	無 mó	釋 shì	迹 jiā	牟 móu	尼 ní	佛 fó	
南 ná	無 mó	審 J bǎo	海 hǎi	佛 fó			
南 ná	無 mó	寶 bǎo	英 yīng	佛 fó			
南 ná	無 mó	寶 bǎo	成 chéng	佛 fó			
南 ná	無 mó	寶 bǎo	光 ^{guāng}	佛 fó			
南 ná	無 mó	寶 bǎo	幢 chuáng	幡 fān	佛 fó		
南 ná	無 mó	寶 bǎo	光 ^{guāng}	明 míng	佛 fó		
•		-	閦 chù				
				明 míng			
南 ná	無 mó	無 wú	量 liàng	音 yīn	佛 fó		
南 ná	無 mó	大 tà	名 míng	稱 chēng	佛 fó		
南 ná	無 mó	得 dé	大 tà	安 ān	隱 yǐn	佛 fó	
南 ná	無 mó	正 ^{zhèng}	音 yīn	聲 shēng	佛 fó		
			限 xiàn	淨 jìng	佛 fó		
			音 yīn	•			
				名 míng			

Namo Maitreya Buddha
Namo Shakyamuni Buddha
Namo Jewel-sea Buddha
Namo Precious Flower Buddha
Namo Precious Accomplishment Buddha
Namo Jeweled Light Buddha
Namo Jeweled Banner Buddha
Namo Precious Radiance Buddha
Namo Aksobhya Buddha
Namo Great Brilliance Buddha
Namo Infinite Sound Buddha
Namo Great Renown Buddha
Namo Attaining Great Peace and Tranquility Buddha
Namo Proper Voice Buddha
Namo Infinite Purity Buddha
Namo Moon Sound Buddha
Namo Infinite Renown Buddha

 •	日 rì	· •		, .	
 	無 wú				
 • •	淨 jìng	· •			
 	金 jīn	· •	/ / \	-	
 	虚 xū		/ / •	-	
 • •	無 wú	-	· •	-	薩 sà
	觀 guān				

又復歸依,如是十方,盡虛空界,一切三 yù fù guī yī, rú shi shí fāng, jin xū kōng jiè, yí qiè sān 寶 o 願某等,以今懺悔發願,功德因錄; yǔ jīn chàn huǐ fā yuàn, gōng dé yīn yuán 願 工六道, 從今日去,至于菩提。行菩 yuàn sì shēng liù dào, cóng jīn rì qù zhì yú pú tí xíng pú 薩 ao mý yǒu pí yàn, cái fǎ er shī, mú yǒu qióng jīn 蓄 dào, mú yǒu pí yàn, cái fǎ er shī, mú yǒu qióng jīn 智慧方便, 所作不空。 uí gēn yìng bìng, shòu yǐ fǎ 藥 o mí giè jiàn wén, tóng dé jiě tuō

某等又願,從今日去,乃至菩提。行菩薩 mǒu děng yòu yuàn cóng jīn rì qù nǎi zhì pú tí xíng pú sà 道,無諸留難。所到之處,常能作大佛 dào ku zhū liú nàn suǒ dào zhī chù cháng néng zuò dà tó 事,建立道場。得心自在,得法自在。一 shì jiàn lì dào chǎng dé xīn zì zài dé tǎ zì zài yí 切三昧,無不能入。開總持門,顯示佛 qiè sān mèi wú bù néng rù kāi zǒng chí mén xiǎn shì tó

Section 5 Making Vows Namo Radiance of Sun and Moon Buddha Namo Undefiled Light Buddha Namo Pure Light Buddha Namo Vajra Treasury Bodhisattva Namo Treasury of Empty Space Bodhisattva Namo Boundless Body Bodhisattva Namo Guan Shi Yin Bodhisattva

Again, we take refuge with the Three Treasures of the ten directions to the ends of empty space. With the merit and virtue from bowing this Repentance and from making these vows, we vow that all beings of the four births and the six paths, henceforth until they attain Bodhi, will practice the Bodhisattva Path without ever becoming weary and endlessly practice the giving of wealth and Dharma. May they have the wisdom and expedient means to ensure that their efforts are never in vain. May they dispense Dharma medicine according to living beings' illnesses and potentials, so that whatever these living beings see or hear can lead them to their liberation.

We also hope that henceforth until we attain bodhi, we will practice the Bodhisattva Path free of any obstruction, and wherever we go, always do the Buddha's work on a vast scale and establish Bodhimandas. May we attain mastery of mind and mastery of Dharma, be able to enter each and every samadhi, open the door of dharani to reveal the Buddha's fruition, dwell on the Ground of the Dharma Clouds, shower 卷二

發願	第五
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Section 5

Making Vows

果 guǒ					•		-	-	生 ^{shēng}	,	四 sì
種 ^{zhǒng}						妙 ^{miào}	0				

某等今日,所有眾願。悉如十方諸大苔 mǒu děng jīn rì suǒ yǒu zhòng yuàn ° xī rú shí fāng zhū dà pú 薩,所發誓願。所有眾願,悉如十方諸 suǒ fā shì yuàn ° suǒ yǒu zhòng yuàn , xī rú shí fāng zhū 佛, 本修行時,所發一切大願。廣大如法 fó ,究竟如虛空。願某等得如所願,滿苔 xìng shí sū guàn mǒu děng dé rú suǒ yuàn mǎn pú 提願。一切眾生,皆悉隨從,得如所願。 tí yuàn yí qiệ zhòng shēng jiệ xī suí cóng dế rú suǒ yuàn

仰願十方一切諸佛、一切尊法、一切菩 yǎng yuàn shí fāng yí qiè zhū fó yí qiè zūn fǎ yí qiè pú 薩、一切賢聖,以慈悲力,現爲我證。又 sà yí qiè xián shèng yǐ cí bēi lì xiàn wèi wǒ zhèng yǒu 願一切天主、一切仙主、一切善神、一切 yuàn yí qiè tiān zhǔ yí qiè xiān zhǔ yí qiè shàn shén yí qiè 龍神,以擁護三寶,慈善根力,現爲證 hóng shén yǐ yōng hù sān bǎo cí shàn gēn lì xiàn wèi zhèng 知。令諸行願,隨心自在。 zhī lìng zhū hèng yuàn suí xīn zì zài sweet dew, and eradicate living beings' four demonic animosity, so that all will attain the wonderful fruition of the pure Dharma body.

May all the vows we make today be identical with those of all great Bodhisattvas in the ten directions. May all our vows be also identical with those of the great vows made by all Buddhas in the ten directions in their past cultivation. All these great vows are as vast as the Dharma nature and as ultimate as empty space. May we accomplish all that we wish for and perfectly fulfill our vows for bodhi. Likewise, we hope that all living beings also fulfill their wishes and accomplish their vows.

May all Buddhas of the ten directions, all revered Dharma, all Bodhisattvas, all sages and worthy ones, with their power of kindness and compassion, bear witness to our vows. May all heavenly beings, ascetic masters, good spirits, dragon spirits, with the power of their kindness and roots of goodness and their support of the Three Treasures, bear witness to our vows and enable us to have as-you-wish self-mastery in all of our practices and vows.

發迴向心第六 fā huí xiàng xīn dì liù

今日道場,同業大眾,已發菩提心竟,已 jīn rì dào chẳng tóng yẻ dà zhòng yỉ fā pú tí xīn jìng yỉ 發大誓願竟。次應發迴向之心。相與至 fā dà shì yuàn jìng cì yĩng fā huí xiàng zhī xīn xiāng yǔ zhì 心,等一痛切,五體投地,歸依世間,大 xīn děng yí tòng qiè wǔ tỉ tóu dì guī yī shì jiān dà ś 悲父。 cí bēi fù

南無彌勒佛 ná mó mí lè fó 南無釋迦牟尼佛 ná mó shì jiā móu ní fó 南無日光佛 ná mó rì guāng fó 南無無量寶佛 ná mó wú liàng bǎo fó 南無蓮華最尊佛 ná mó lián huā zui zūn fó 南無身尊佛 ná mó shēn zūn fó 南無金光佛 ná mó jīn guāng fó 南無梵自在王佛 ná mó fàn zì zài wáng fó 南無金光明佛 ná mó jīn guāng míng fó 南無金海佛 ná mó jīn hǎi fó 南無龍自在王佛 ná mó lóng zì zài wáng fó

Section 6 - Bringing Forth the Resolve to Dedicate Merit

Today, we are here in this Bodhimanda due to our shared karma. We have already brought forth our resolve for bodhi and have made great vows. Next we should bring forth the resolve to dedicate merit. Let us all now with utmost, heartfelt sincerity, bow in full prostration and take refuge with the Greatly Kind and Compassionate Ones who are like fathers to those of us in this world.

Namo Maitreya Buddha Namo Shakyamuni Buddha Namo Sunlight Buddha Namo Infinite Jewel Buddha Namo Most Honorable Lotus-flower Buddha Namo Noble Physique Buddha Namo Golden Light Buddha Namo Brahma Self-mastery King Buddha Namo Golden Brilliance Buddha Namo Golden Sea Buddha

佛 fó

南 無 樹 王 佛 ná mó shù wáng fó	
南無一切華香自 ná mó yí qiè huā xiāng zì	• •
南無勇猛執持牢 ná mó yǒng měng zhí chí láo	
南無内豐珠光佛 ná mó nèi fēng zhū guāng fó	
南無無量香光明 ná mó wú liàng xiāng guāng míng	···]
南無文殊師利菩 ná mó wén shū shī lì pú	
南無妙音菩薩 ná mó miào yīn pú sà	
南無無邊身菩薩 ná mó wú biān shēn pú sà	
南無觀世音菩薩 ná mó guān shì yīn pú sà	

Section 6	Bringing Forth the Resolve to Dedicate Merit
Nam	o King of Trees Buddha
Nam	o King of Self-mastery with the Fragrance of All Flowers Buddha
Nam	o Buddha Who Holds Firm a Staff with Courage and Vigor and
R	Renounces Battle
Nam	o Luxuriant Inner Pearl-light Buddha
Nam	o Infinite Fragrance and Brilliance Buddha
Nam	o Manjushri Bodhisattva
Nam	o Wonderful Voice Bodhisattva
Nam	o Boundless Body Bodhisattva
Nam	o Guan Shi Yin Bodhisattva

Again, we take refuge with the Three Treasures of the ten directions to the ends of empty space. May they, based on their power of kindness and compassion, bear witness to our vows. We vow to dedicate all our wholesome deeds to living beings of the four births and the six paths, be they deeds from the past, present, or future, and whether they are many or few, great or small, enabling all beings to bring forth the resolve for the Way. We do not aspire for the Two Vehicles, nor for the Three Existences, instead, together we dedicate all merit to unsurpassed bodhi. We vow that all living beings also dedicate the merit from their wholesome deeds, whether from the past, present, or future, to the aspiration for unsurpassed bodhi, rather than for the Two Vehicles, or for the Three Existences. 卷二

施,不向二乘,不向三有,同共迴向無上 shī bú xiàng èr chèng bú xiàng sān yǒu tóng gòng huí xiàng wú shàng 菩提。 pú tí

今日道場,同業大眾,相與發菩提心竟、 jīn rì dào chǎng tóng yè dà zhòng xiāng yǔ fā pú tí xīn jìng 發大誓願竟、發迴向心竟。廣大如法性, fā dà shì yuàn jìng fā huí xiàng xīn jìng guǎng dà rú fǎ xìng 究竟如虚空。去來現在,一切諸佛,諸大 jiù jìng rú xū kōng qù lái xiàn zài yí qiè zhū fó zhū dà 菩薩,一切賢聖,皆爲證明。重復至誠, pú sà yí qiè xián shèng jiē wéi zhèng míng chóng fù zhì chéng 頂禮三寶。某等發心發願,其事已畢,喜 dǐng lǐ sān bǎo mǒu děng fā xīn fā yuàn qí shì yǐ bì xǐ 踊無量。重復至心,五體投地,奉爲國家 yǒng wú liàng chóng fù zhì xīn wǔ tỉ tóu dì fèng wèi guó jiā 元首,父母師長,歷劫親緣,一切眷屬; yuán shǒu fù mǔ shī zhǎng lì jié qīn yuán yí qiè juàn shǔ 善惡知識,諸天諸仙,護世四王,主善罰 shàn è zhī shì zhū tiān zhū xiān hù shì sì wáng zhǔ shàn fá 恶,守護持呪,五方龍王,龍神八部,一 è shǒu hù chí zhòu wǔ fāng lóng wáng lóng shén bā bù yí 切靈祇;過去現在,窮未來際,一切怨 qiè líng qí guò qù xiàn zài qióng wèi lái jì yí qiè yuàn 親,及非怨親;四生六道,一切眾生;歸 qīn jí fēi yuàn qīn sì shēng liù dào yí qiè zhòng shēng guī 依世間,大慈悲父。 yī shì jiān dà cí bēi fù

Section 6 Bringing Forth the Resolve to Dedicate Merit

Today, we are here in this Bodhimanda due to our shared karma. Together we have brought forth our resolve for bodhi, have made our great vows, and have set our minds on dedication of merit. Our resolves are as vast as the Dharma nature, and as ultimate as empty space. May all Buddhas, Bodhisattvas, sages and worthy ones of the past, present, and future bear witness to these resolves. We again bring forth our ultimate sincerity and bow to the Three Treasures. We have now completed bringing forth the bodhi mind and vows, and our hearts are overflowing with limitless joy. With utmost earnestness, we again bow in full prostration on behalf of heads of nations, parents, teachers, elders, relatives throughout the kalpas, all retinues, good and bad advisers, heavenly beings, ascetic masters, the four world-protecting heavenly kings, spirits who bless the good and punish the evil, spirits who guard and protect those who uphold mantras, the dragon kings of the five directions, dragons and the rest of the eightfold division, and all other spirits, including all past, present and future friends, foes and those neither friends nor foes, and all other beings of the four births and the six paths. May they all take refuge in you, our Greatly Kind and Compassionate Ones who are like fathers to those of us in this world.

發迴向心	第六
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•									
		彌 mí	• • •	佛 fó					
		釋 shì							
		師 ^{shī}							
						勇 yǒng			
		過 guò				佛 fó			
•	•	鼓 gů	•••						
		E rì							
•	•	超 chāo							
		世 shì							
		休 xiū							
		寶 bǎo		佛 fó					
-		常 cháng	-	-					
南 ná	無 mó	淨 jìng	覺 jué	佛 fó					
南 ná	無 mó	無 wú	量 liàng	寶 bǎo	華 huā	明 míng	佛 fó		
南 ná	無 mó	須 ^{xū}	彌 mí	步 ^{bù}	佛 fó				
南 ná	無 mó	審 J bǎo	蓮 lián	華 huā	佛 fó				
南 ná	無 mó	yí	切 qiè	眾 zhòng	審 Dǎo	普pù	集川	佛 fó	

Namo Maitreya Buddha
Namo Shakyamuni Buddha
Namo Lion Sound Buddha
Namo Great Strength, Vigor, Courage and Power Buddha
Namo Firm Dwelling Buddha of the Past
Namo King of Drum Sound Buddha
Namo Sun and Moon Flower Buddha
Namo Surpassing Multitude of Flowers Buddha
Namo Lamp Radiance for the World Buddha
Namo Abounds in Silence and Tranquility Buddha
Namo Precious Wheel Buddha
Namo Ever in Cessation Buddha
Namo Pure Enlightenment Buddha
Namo Limitless Precious Flower Radiance Buddha
Namo Sumeru Steps Buddha
Namo Precious Lotus Flower Buddha
Namo Collection of the Multitudes of Treasures Buddha

薩

sà

薩

sà

南無法輪眾寶普集豐盈佛 ná mó fǎ lún zhòng bǎo pǔ jí fēng yíng fó
南無樹王豐長佛 ná mó shù wáng fēng zhǎng fó
南無圍繞特尊德淨佛 ná mó wéi rào tè zūn dé jìng fó
南 無 無 垢 光 佛 ná mó wú gòu guāng fó
南無日光佛 ná mó rì guāng fó
又復 yòu fù
敬禮過去無數劫諸佛大師海德如來 jìng lǐ guò qù wú shù jié zhū fó dà shī hǎi dé rú lái
敬禮無量無邊盡虛空界無生法身菩 jìng lǐ wú liàng wú biān jìn xū kōng jiè wú shēng fǎ shēn pú
敬禮無量無邊盡虛空界無漏色身菩 jìng lǐ wú liàng wú biān jìn xū kōng jiè wú lòu sè shēn pú
敬禮無量無邊盡虛空界發心菩薩 jìng lǐ wú liàng wú biān jìn xū kōng jiè fā xīn pú sà
敬禮興正法馬鳴大師菩薩 jìng lǐ xīng zhèng fǎ mǎ míng dà shī pú sà
敬禮興像法龍樹大師菩薩 jìng lǐ xīng xiàng fǎ lóng shù dà shī pú sà
敬禮十方盡虛空界無邊身菩薩 jìng lǐ shí fāng jìn xū kōng jiè wú biān shēn pú sà
敬禮十方盡虛空界救苦觀世音菩薩 jìng lǐ shí fāng jìn xū kōng jiè jiù kǔ guān shì yīn pú sà

Section 6	Bringing	Forth	the R	esolve to) Dedicate	Merit

Namo Dharma Wheel and Universal Presence of Abundant Multitudes of Treasures Buddha

Namo Flourishing Tree King Buddha

Namo Surrounded by Pure Virtue, Distinguished and Honorable Buddha

Namo Undefiled Light Buddha

Namo Sunlight Buddha

Again

We bow to Sea-vast Virtue Tathagata of innumerable kalpas past, great teacher of Buddhas.

We also bow to boundless and countless Bodhisattvas throughout all of empty space who have realized the non-birth Dharma body.

We bow to boundless and countless Bodhisattvas throughout all of empty space who have attained the non-outflow form body.

We bow to boundless and countless Bodhisattvas throughout all of empty space who have brought forth the bodhi resolve.

We bow to Ashvaghosa Bodhisattva, the great master who made the Proper Dharma flourish.

We bow to Nagarjuna Bodhisattva, the great master who made the Dharma flourish in the Dharma Image Age.

We bow to Boundless Body Bodhisattva who pervades the empty space of the ten directions.

We bow to Guan Shi Yin Bodhisattva who saves those suffering in the ten directions throughout empty space.

讚佛咒願 zàn fó zhòu vuàn

大聖世尊	巍 巍 堂 堂	神智妙達
dà shèng shì zūn	wéi wéi táng táng	shén zhì miào dá
眾聖中王	形遍六道	體散十方
zhòng shèng zhōng wáng	xíng biàn liù dào	tǐ sàn shí fāng
頂肉髻相	項出日光	面如滿月
dǐng ròu jì xiàng	xiàng chū rì guāng	miàn rú mǎn yuè
妙色金莊	儀容挺特	行止安詳
miào sè jīn zhuāng	yí róng tíng tè	xíng zhǐ ān xiáng
威震大千	群魔驚惶	三達洞照
wēi zhèn dà qiān	qún mó jīng huáng	sān dá dòng zhào
眾邪潛藏	見惡必救	濟苦爲糧
zhòng xié qián cáng	jiàn è bì jiù	jì kǔ wéi liáng
度生死岸 dù shēng sǐ àn	爲行舟航 wèi xíng zhōu háng	

故號如來。應供。正遍知。明行足。善逝 gù hào rú lái yìng gòng zhèng biàn zhī míng hèng zú shàn shì 世間解。無上士。調御丈夫。天人師。 shì jiān jiě wú shàng shì tiáo yù zhàng fū tiān rén shī 佛。世尊。度人無量,拔生死苦。 dù rén wú liàng bá shēng sǐ kǔ

以此發心功德因緣,仰願當今國家元首閣 yǐ cǐ fā xīn gōng dé yīn yuán yǎng yuàn dāng jīn guó jiā yuán shǒu gé 下,副元首閣下,文武百官,從今日去, xià fù yuán shǒu gé xià wén wǔ bǎi guān cóng jīn rì qù 至于道場。 zhì yú dào chǎng

Praises and Prayers

The great sage, the World-Honored One, is magnificent and towering. With wonderful and penetrating wisdom, he is the king among all sages. He manifests pervasively in the six paths throughout the ten directions. His head has a crown prominence, with an aura as brilliant as the sun; His face, perfect as the full moon, is adorned with a wonderful golden hue; His deportment, in movement or stillness, is upright and distinguished, always peaceful and serene.

His awe-inspiring virtue quakes the great-thousand worlds, terrifying all demons.

His three insights thoroughly illuminate, causing the multitudes of evil to hide away.

Seeing beings of evil disposition, he would surely save them;

Relieving beings of their sufferings is his nourishment.

He sails the sea of birth and death, taking all beings across.

Thus we honor him as: The Thus-Come One, Worthy of Offerings, of Proper and Universal Knowledge, Perfect in Understanding and Conduct, Skillful in Leaving the World through Liberation, Unsurpassed Knight, Taming Hero, Teacher of Gods and Humans, Buddha, World-Honored One who takes across countless people, liberating them from the suffering of birth and death.

By the causes and conditions issuing from the merit and virtue generated in bringing forth the resolve, may the heads of nations and thier deputies, civil and military officials henceforth until they accomplish bodhi:

又 yòu

zuò

				亡 wáng	身 shēn	爲 wèi	法 fǎ	,	如 rú	薩 sà	陀 tuó	波 ^{bō}	崙 lún	0			
							罪 zuì						0				
							法 fǎ			瑠 liú		光 ^{guāng}	0				
				善 shàn	解 jiě	難 nán	法 fǎ	,	如 rú	無 wú	垢 gòu	藏 zàng	0				
去	願 yuàn	至	于	道	場	0	日 mù	; ,	月	臣士 」	动 ié	親; qīn y	緣 ruán	0	從 cóng	今 jīn	日 rì
				散 sàn	形 xíng	空 kōng	界 _{jiè}	,	如 rú			身 ^{shēn}	0				
				具 jù	╋ shí	功 gōng	德 dé	,	如 rú	高 gāo	貴 guì	德 dé	上 wáng	0			
				焆 wén	法前	歡 ^{huān}	吉Hìx	,	猶 yóu	如 rú	無 wú	畏 wèi	0				
				神 ^{shén}	力 『	勇 yǒng	猛 měng	,	如 rú	大 tà	勢 shì	至 zhì	0				
又 yòu	願 yuàn	我 wŏ	等 děng	和 hé	尚 shàng	阿 ā	闍 shé	黎∥	,	同 tóng	學 Xué	眷 juàn	屬 shǔ	,	L shàng	中 ^{zhōng}	下 xià
座 zuò	,	yí	切 qiè	知 zhī	識 shì	0	從 cóng	今 jīn	日 rì	去 qù	,	至 zhì	于 yú	道 dào	場 chǎng	0	
				各 gè	得 dé	無 wú	畏 wèi	,	如 rú	師 ^{shī}	子 zĭ	上 wáng	0				
				影 yǐng	響 xiǎng	大 dà	化 huà	,	猶 yóu	如 rú	寶 bǎo	積買	0				
				焆 wén	聲 shēng	濟	苦 ků	,	如 rú	觀 ^{guān}	世 shì	音 yīn	0				
				善 shàn	能 f的 néng	諮 zī	問 wèn	,	如 rú	大 tà	迦 jiā	葉 shè	0				

- Roll 2
- Renounce their lives for the sake of Dharma, as did Sadaprarudita Bodhisattva;
- Eradicate all offenses by practicing great compassion, as did Empty Space Treasury Bodhisattva;
- Travel afar to listen to the Dharma, as did Lapis Lazuli Light Bodhisattva, and
- Se skilled at comprehending difficult Dharma, as was Undefiled Treasury Bodhisattva.

Furthermore, may all our parents and relatives from countless kalpas past, from now until they attain Buddhahood:

- ✤ Make their bodies expansive like empty space, as did Boundless Body Bodhisattva;
- ✤ Be replete with the ten merits and virtues, as was King of Noble Virtues Bodhisattva;
- Solution of the Dharma, as did Fearlessness Bodhisattva,
- And have courageous and vigorous spiritual powers, as did Great Strength Bodhisattva.

May our teachers of Dharma, acharyas, our fellow cultivators and relatives, monastics of the three seniorities, and all wise advisers, henceforth until they accomplish Buddhahood:

- ✤ Be fearless, as was Lion King Bodhisattva;
- Teach and transform beings on a vast scale, as did Accumulation of Treasures Bodhisattva;
- Contemplate the cries of the world and rescue those suffering, as did Guan Shi Yin Bodhisattva;
- Skillfully enquire and debate, as did Mahakashyapa.

卷二				發迴向心	第六
又願我等 yòu yuàn wǒ děng			信施檀 xìn shī tán		
識,各及 shì gè jí				于道場。 yú dào chẳng	>
	解諸危, jiě zhū wéi			0	
:	相貌端, xiàng mào duān	嚴,猶 yán yóu	如文殊 rú wén shū	0	
	能捨業 néng shě yè z			0	
	設最後, shè zuì hòu g	• • •	• • - · -	0	
又願諸天 yòu yuàn zhū tiān					, tiān
地虚空, dì xū kōng	主善罰 zhǔ shàn fá				
王, 龍神	八部,	幽顯靈	祇,各		。從
今日去, jīn rì qù					
	大慈普 dà cí pù			0	
	精進護 jīng jìn hù	法,如 fǎ rú	不休息 bù xiū xí	0	
	遠證讀; yuǎn zhèng dú s	誦,猶 sòng yóu	如普賢 rú pǔ xián	0	
	爲法焚 wèi fǎ fén s	身,猶 shēn yóu	如藥王 rú yào wáng	0	
又願十方 yòu yuàn shí fāng	一切怨 yí giè yuài	、親, Z	反非怨; í fēi yuàn (親,四生 gīn sì shē	ミ六 ing liù
道,一切 dào yí qiè	眾生,	各及眷	屬。從	今日去。	,至

Bringing Forth the Resolve to Dedicate Merit Section 6

May all of us, monastics and laity, faithful donors, good or bad advisers, and all retinues, from now until we attain Buddhahood:

- Resolve all dangers and difficulties, as did Rescuing Bodhisattva;
- Sear an adorned appearance, as did Manjushri Bodhisattva;
- Eradicate karmic obstructions, as did Renouncing Hindrances Bodhisattva; *
- Provide the final offering to the Buddha, as did Venerable Cunda.

May all heavenly beings, ascetic masters, the four world-protecting heavenly kings, the intelligent and righteous spirits, celestial spirits, earth spirits, empty space spirits, spirits who guard and protect those who uphold mantras, spirits who bless the good and punish the evil, dragon kings of the five directions, dragons and the rest of the eightfold division, visible or invisible spirits, all collectively together with their retinues, from now until they accomplish Buddhahood:

- Protect all beings with great kindness, as did Ajita Bodhisattva;
- Vigorously protect the Dharma, as did Never-Resting Bodhisattva;
- Certify from afar those who recite sutras, as did Samantabhadra Bodhisattva;
- Renounce and burn their bodies for the sake of Dharma, as did Medicine King Bodhisattva.

May all friends and foes, those neither friends nor foes, all beings of the four births and the six paths, and all living beings and their retinues, from now until they accomplish Buddhahood:

0

于道場。 yú dào chẳng

心無愛染 xīn wú ài rǎn	如離意女。 rú lí yì nǚ
	如勝鬘夫人 rú shèng mán fū rén
能行精進 néng xíng jīng jìn	如釋迦文。 rú shì jiā wén
	等無量壽。 děng wú liàng shòu
	如諸天王。 rú zhū tiān wáng
不可思議 bù kě sī yì	如維摩詰。 rú wéi mó jié

一切功德各成就,無量佛土悉莊嚴。仰 yí qiè gōng dé gè chéng jiù wù liàng fó dù xī zhuāng yán yǎng 願小方,盡虛空界,無量無邊諸佛,諸大 yuàn shí fāng jin xū kōng jiè wù liàng wù biān zhū fó zhū dà 菩薩,一切賢聖。以慈悲心,同加攝受。 pú sà "」, fī 願 圓 滿。 信心堅固,德業 i ng jiā shè shòu 救i jiù sà yuàn yuán mǎn " rú piān gu a shè shòu tóng jiā shè shòu tí più sà shēng 閒 滿 cí ci bēi xīn tóng jiā shè shòu tóng jiā shè shòu tóng jiā shè shòu tí più si shēng lễ mả ting zhū zhòng shēng thì zhěng jiê si shēng děng rú yì zǐ ling zhū zhòng shēng thể mà mì si shēng nán cí si shí shòu xiū chán sān yuàn guản tổ ng nian jiàn fó jiệ rú shěng mán yí qiẻ hèng yuàn bì cí xì shěng mán yí qiẻ hèng yuàn bì gìng chéng jiù děng yǔ rú lài jù děng zhèng jué

慈悲道場懺法卷第二

cí bēi dào chẳng chàn fǎ juàn dì èr

- ✤ Be free of the defilement of emotional love, as was Apart-from-mind Maiden;
- ✤ Have wondrous eloquence, as did Queen Shrimala;
- Practice vigorously, as did Shakyamuni Buddha;
- Bring forth wholesome vows, as did Infinite Lifespan Buddha;
- Possess majestic and awe-inspiring powers, as did the heavenly kings;
- Be inconceivable, as was Vimalakirti.

May all merit and virtue be accomplished, and immeasurable Buddhalands adorned. May the countless and boundless Buddhas, Bodhisattvas, sages and worthy ones of the ten directions throughout empty space, with their kindness and compassion, rescue, protect, and gather us in. May they perfect their vows, and with their solid faith ever deepen their virtuous deeds. May they nurture all beings of the four births as if nurturing an only child. May they thus enable all living beings to:

- Attain the four limitless minds and six paramitas;
- Attain the ten kinds of proper concentrations in cultivating *chan* meditation;
- ✤ Be blessed by the three vows;
- See Buddhas appearing spontaneously in accord with their thoughts, as did Queen Shrimala;
- Ultimately accomplish all vows and practices and
- ✤ Ascend to the stage of Proper Enlightenment equal to that of all Tathagatas.

End of the Roll Two of Repentance Dharma of Kindness and Compassion in the Bodhimanda

禶 zàn

菩提心啓。智	慧重光。
pú tí xīn qǐ zhì	huì chóng guāng
	方。究竟絕商量。 fāng jiù jìng jué shāng liáng
五體投降。回 wǔ tǐ tóu xiáng huí	• • •
南無離垢地菩	薩摩訶薩 (三稱)
ná mó lí gòu dì pú	sà mó hē sà

Praise

As the bodhi resolve comes forth, the light of wisdom continues to reveal itself. Every thought is accomplished and pervades the ten directions, Realizing the ultimate and wordless. Thought after thought pervades every direction, but the Ultimate is ineffable. We bow in full prostration and Dedicate all merit to those Supreme among the Multitudes. Namo Ground of Transcending Defilement Bodhisattva Mahasattva (3 times)

Roll 2

士 懴 chū chàn

萬德莊嚴之妙體,未離兜率,已降皇宮; wàn dé zhuāng yán zhī miào tǐ, wèi lí dõu shuài, yǐ jiàng huáng gōng 百福相好之慈尊,不起樹王,而升忉利。 bǎi fú xiàng hǎo zhī cí zūn, bù qǐ shù wáng, ér shēng dāo lì hú g覺王,垂慈憐愍。大哀曠濟,拔滯溺 wéi yuàn jué wáng, chuí cí lián mǐn, dà āi kuàng jì, bá zhì nì 之沉流。法眼圓明,鑒凡情之懇切。 zhī chén liú, fǎ yǎn yuán míng, jiàn fán qíng zhī kěn qiè

上來奉為求懺菜等,修崇慈悲道場懺法。 shàng lái fèng wèi qiú chàn mǒu děng, xiū chóng cí bēi dào chǎng chàn fǎ 今當第二卷,功德將完。壇內清眾,出懺 jīn dàng dì èr juàn gông dé jiāng wàn tán nèi qīng zhòng, chū chàn 入懺行道旋遶; 燒香散華諷經持咒。然將 rù chàn xíng dào xuán rào shāo xiāng sàn huā fèng jīng chí zhòu rán jiāng 二卷之功勳, 作此二時之回向。 yì zhēn zhī huí xiāng ci er shí zhī huí xiàng yì zhēn zhī nèi ró tuó dá mó sēng qié sān jiê zhī zhōng, tān xiān dì qí 水府。咸生懽喜之心,鑒此投誠之志。興 shuǐ fù bēi ai mǎn er yán zhī fú huí

出生功德,奉爲求懺某等,洗空三業,增 chū shēng gōng dé fèng wèi qiú chàn mǒu děng xǐ kōng sān yè zēng 長二嚴。 zhǎng èr yán

伏願:事障理障以消融,人空法空而清 fú yuàn shì zhàng lǐ zhàng yǐ xiāo róng rén kōng fǎ kōng ér qīng 淨;顚倒二心不住,定慧二種莊嚴;入不 jìng diān dǎo èr xīn bú zhù dìng huì èr zhǒngzhuāng yán rù bú

Concluding the Repentance

His wondrous body, adorned with the myriad virtues, Without leaving the Tushita Heaven, he descends to be reborn in the royal palace. The Honored One of Kindness is replete with hallmarks and fine characteristics, borne of his hundreds of blessings.

Without leaving his seat under the bodhi tree, he simultaneously ascends to the Trayastrimsha Heaven.

May the King of Enlightenment extend his great kindness and have sympathy for us. May he rescue all drowning beings with his great compassion.

May he witness our sincerity with his perfect, discerning Dharma eye.

[Dharma Host: On behalf of ______] and all of us who seek to repent, we practice this Repentance Dharma of Kindness and Compassion in the Bodhimanda. We have now successfully completed Roll Two, accomplishing its merit and virtue. This great assembly of repentance, here in this bodhimanda, has commenced and concluded Roll Two, circumambulated, lit incense, offered flowers, and recited sutras and mantras. We now transfer the merit from participating throughout the two periods of time in Roll Two. The Buddha, Dharma, and Sangha within One Reality, together with heavenly beings, ascetic masters, earth and water spirits of the three realms are delighted, witnessing our sincerity. May they compassionately regard us as their only child and help us perfect our two adornments of blessing and wisdom.

[*Dharma Host: On behalf of* _____] and all of us who seek to repent, may the merit and virtue generated help all purify the three karmas and grow in the *two* adornments.

We bow and earnestly pray:

May our *two* karmic obstructions, whether of phenomena or noumena, melt away;

May we realize the *two* kinds emptiness, and attain purity;

May we never dwell in the two kinds of inverted minds, but be replete with the

卷二

二之法門,證真常之妙理; 普沾恩有,法 er zhī fǎ mén, zhèng zhēn cháng zhī miào lǐ ; pǔ zhān ēn yǒu, fǎ 界冤親; 獲人法之兩空, 得無生之二忍; jiè yuān qīn ; huò rén fǎ zhī liǎng kông , dé wú shēng zhī èr rěn ; 二慧圓明, 二行圓滿; 優游於法海慈航, er huì yuán míng , er hèng yuán mǎn ; yõu yóu yú fǎ hǎi cí háng 常樂於薩婆若果。雖則依文懺悔, 猶恐未 cháng lè yú sà pó ruò guǒ suī zé yī wén chàn huǐ , yóu kǒng wèi 畫虔誠; 再勞清眾, 同求懺悔。

two adornments of samadhi and wisdom; and

- May we enter the non-dual Dharma-door, and realize true and ever-abiding wondrous principles.
- Furthermore, may all benefactors, friends and foes, and the rest of beings throughout the Dharma Realm share this benefit.
- May they all realize the *two* emptinesses of self and of dharmas, as well as the *two* kinds of patience culminating in non-production.
- May they all attain the perfect clarity of the *two* wisdoms and complete the *two* practices;
- May they all glide across the sea of dharma with ease, in the boat of compassion.
- May they all constantly dwell in the bliss of Sarvajna.

Although we have repented according to the text, we fear that we have not been absolutely sincere. Let us exhort ourselves that together, we continue to repent and reform.

The meritorious power of the Emperor of Liang Repentance Roll Two Enables the disciples and the deceased to eradicate offenses of divisive speech. May all realize the Bodhisattva's Ground of Transcending Defilement. As the Repentance is chanted, our offenses are blown away like flower petals in the wind.

Offenses repented, enmity resolved,

Wisdom and blessing increase as calamities are dispelled. Liberated from suffering and reborn in the Trayastrimsha, May we gather at the Dragon Flower's Three Assemblies And receive a prediction personally from Maitreya Buddha. (2 times) May we gather at the Dragon Flower's Three Assemblies Dragon Flower Assembly of Bodhisattvas Mahasattvas

Final Praise

Emperor of Liang Repentance Roll Two now concludes. We dedicate its merit to the four benefactors and the three realms. May all in this assembly enjoy increased longevity and blessings, May the deceased be reborn in the Western Pure Land, May the Dharma water cleanse our offenses. May the Bodhisattvas of the Ground of Transcending Defilement compassionately gather us in. Namo Ascending the Path to the Clouds Bodhisattva Mahasattva (3 times)

Praise

•					_	功 gōng		-	0								
	•					èr		罪 zuì	0								
								懺 chàn							0		
解 jiě	了 liǎo	冤 yuān	0	懺 chàn	了 liǎo	罪 zuì	0	消 _{xiāo}	災 zāi	增 ^{zēng}	福 fú	慧 huì	/ 脱	苦生	三切 :	利	0
								彌 mí							0	(=	稱)
								龍 lóng							訶 hē	薩 sà	0

禶

zàn

zàn

	懺 chàn					0			
	四 sì			0					
	某 mǒu c			0					
	亡 wáng			/ 願	[將 法	生水	洗愆	尤	0
	地 dì							0	
	登 dēng		•	•	•		(三	稱))

Dedication of Merit from the Repentance Dharma of Kindness and Compassion in the Bodhimanda

慈悲道場戲 注迴向 cí bēi dào chǎng chàn fǎ huí xiàng

七佛滅罪真言

qī fó miè zuì zhēn yán

離	婆 po	離	婆 po	帝 di	求 qiu	訶 he	求 qiu	訶 he	帝 di	陀 tuo	羅 la	尼 ni	帝 di
				毗 pi									
				莎 suo			(三	稱)					

補闕真言

bǔ què zhēn yán

							曜 la		
		 •	•	⊾ 囉 o la		•			
				资抹 o ma			訶 he	(三君	稱)

迴向偈

huí xiàng jì

願以此功德 yuàn yǐ cǐ gōng dé	,	普及於一切 pů jí yú yí qiè	0
我等與眾生 wǒ děng yǔ zhòng shēng	,	皆共成佛道 jiē gòng chéng fó dào	0

Dedication of Merit from the Repentance Dharma of Kindness and Compassion in the Bodhimanda

The True Words Of Seven Buddhas For Eradicating Offenses

li po li po di qiu he qiu he di tuo la ni di ni he la di pi li ni di mo he qie di zhen ling qian di suo po he (3 times)

Mantra for Rectifying Errors and Omissions

na mo he la da na duo la ye ye qie la qie la ju zhu ju zhu mo la mo la hu la hong he he su da na hong po mo na suo po he (3 times)

Verse of Dedication

May the merit from this Repentance, Universally benefit all beings. May I and all beings, Together accomplish Buddhahood.

zǒng huí xiàng

 		 •	 行 hèng	無 wú	-			•••	-	•
	沉 _{chén}		生 ^{shēng}	-	•		量 liàng			
-			佛 fó			_		-	•	

體	解	大	道		當願眾生 dāng yuàn zhòng shēng た上心 (二稱) i shàng xīn	
深	入	經	藏		當願眾生 dāng yuàn zhòng shēng 如海(二稱) ì rú hǎi	
ná 統	mó 理	zì 大	guī 眾	yī sēng	當願眾生 dāng yuàn zhòng shēng 1 無礙(二稱) e wú ài	

和南聖眾 hé nán shèng zhòng

Verse of Overall Dedication

May the merit and virtue From the profound act of bowing this Repentance, With all its superior limitless blessings, Be dedicated to all beings sunk in defilement. May all quickly go to the Buddha's Land of Infinite Light. All Buddhas of the ten directions in the three periods of time, All Bodhisattvas Mahasattvas, Maha Prajna Paramita!

To the Buddha I return and rely, vowing that all living beings understand the great way profoundly and bring forth the bodhi mind. (2 times)

To the Dharma I return and rely, vowing that all living beings deeply enter the sutra treasury and have wisdom like the sea. (2 times)

To the Sangha I return and rely, vowing that all living beings form together a great assembly, one and all in harmony. (2 times)

Homage to the multitudes of sages.



宣化上人(1918-1995)是20世紀最具威德的中國佛教高僧之 一;他是佛教叢林改革家,也是第一位教導大批西方人士學習 佛法的中國法師。在上人的一生中,他非常重視叢林傳統、道 德教育、佛教徒必須立足於傳統的修行和真正可信的經典、以 及各個宗教之間需要互相瞭解與尊重的重要性。為了實現這些 願景,上人特別注重這幾方面:闡明佛陀所教導的根本要義; 建立如法受戒的僧團;組織並支持將《大藏經》翻譯成英文和 各國語言文字;創辦學校、宗教訓練課程、以及學術研究和教 學的各項計劃。

1918年,上人誕生於中國東北地區哈爾濱南邊一個小村莊的農家。他是八個孩子中最幼小的。父親姓白,母親胡氏;上人的母親一生茹素念佛。十幾歲時,上人皈依佛教,法名「安慈」;出家後法號「度輪」。爾後上虛下雲老和尚(1840-1959) 傳授禪宗溈仰派法脈,傳嗣法號為「宣化」。

上人年幼時就跟隨母親茹素念佛。11歲時見到棄在野地的死嬰,上人領悟到生死事大,一切無常。於是萌發出家為僧,修行佛道之心;不過為順從母親的要求,應允必須等她往生後方可出家。12歲時,上人徵得父母同意,外出遠行,尋訪明師。

上人15歲才開始上學;16歲時就宣講佛經,幫助喜歡學習佛法 而不識字的村民。上人精勤專注,過目不忘,四書五經都能背 誦;並且旁及中醫、星相、占卜、及其他主流宗教的典籍。17 歲時,上人成立義務學校,一個人教導三十多個貧困的孩童和 成人。

18歲時,僅僅上學兩年半,上人即因母親病重而輟學,在家照顧母親。19歲,母親逝世,上人在母親墓旁,以高粱桿搭建茅

A Brief Account of the Life of the Venerable Master Hsüan Hua

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One of the most eminent Chinese Buddhist masters of the twentieth century, the Venerable Master Hsuan Hua (*Xuanhua*, 1918-1995) was a monastic reformer and the first Chinese master to teach Buddhism to large numbers of Westerners. During his long career he emphasized the primacy of the monastic tradition, the essential role of moral education, the need for Buddhists to ground themselves in traditional spiritual practice and authentic scripture, and the importance of respect and understanding among religions. To attain these goals, he focused on clarifying the essential principles of the Buddha's original teachings, on establishing a properly ordained monastic community, on organizing and supporting the translation of the Buddhist Canon into English and other languages, and on the establishment of schools, religious training programs, and programs of academic research and teaching.

Born in 1918 into a peasant family in a small village south of Harbin, in northeast China, the Venerable Master was the youngest of eight children. His father's surname was Bai, and his mother's maiden name was Hu. His mother was a vegetarian, and throughout her life she held to the practice of reciting the name of the Buddha Amitabha. When the Venerable Master formally became a Buddhist, in his mid-teens, he was given the Dharma name "Anci", and after becoming a monk, he was also known as "To Lun". Upon granting him the Dharma-seal of the Weiyang Chan lineage, the Elder Chan Master Xuyun (1840-1959) bestowed upon him the Dharma-transmission name "Hsüan Hua".

When the Venerable Master was a child, he followed his mother's example, eating only vegetarian food and reciting the Buddha's name. When he was eleven years old, upon seeing a dead baby lying on the ground, he awakened to the fundamental significance of birth and death and the impermanence of all phenomena. He then resolved to become a monk and practice on the Buddhist Path, but he acquiesced to his mother's request that he not do so until after her death. When he was twelve, he obtained his parents' permission to travel extensively in search of a true spiritual teacher.

At the age of fifteen, the Venerable Master went to school for the first time, and when he was sixteen, he started lecturing on the Buddhist Sutras to help this fellow villagers who were illiterate but who wanted to learn about the Buddha's teachings. He was not only diligent and focused but possessed a photographic memory, and so he was able to memorize the Four Books and the Five Classics of the Confucian tradition. He had also studied traditional Chinese medicine, astrology, divination, and the scriptures of the great religions. When he was seventeen, he established a free school, in which, as the lone teacher, he taught some thirty impoverished children and adults.

At the age of eighteen, after only two and a half years of schooling, he left school to care for his terminally ill mother. He was nineteen when she died, and for three years he honored her memory

蓬禪坐,守孝三年。守孝期間,上人誦讀《法華經》而有所了 悟。一日打坐中,見禪宗六祖惠能大師(公元638-713)來至茅 蓬,告以將佛法傳揚到西方。

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母喪之後,上人禮拜三緣寺^上常^下智禪師為師,成為沙彌。三緣 寺方丈和尚^上常^下仁禪師傳以金頂毗盧派禪宗法脈。此期間,除 了禪修外,上人深入經藏,並熟習漢傳佛教的各個宗派。

上人在長白山禪修隱居一段時期後,於1946年他開始了南下的 旅程。1947年在普陀山受具足戒成為比丘。1948年,經歷約二千 多里的長途跋涉,抵達南華寺,參禮當代已開悟並廣受尊崇的 虛雲禪師。虛老以心印心,後來正式傳付禪宗溈仰派法脈。

1949年,上人離開中國內地,來到香港。在港期間,上人教導 禪坐、講經說法、廣印經書、請造佛菩薩的塑像,並幫助從中 國內地來港的出家眾。上人在香港建立西樂園寺、成立佛教講 堂以及重建慈興禪寺。

1962年,應三藩市(舊金山)灣區香港弟子們的懇請,上人到 達美國,並於三藩市佛教講堂大開法筵;該講堂是以香港佛教 講堂分支道場的名義而設立的。隨著信眾人數的增加與多元 化,三藩市佛教講堂更名為中美佛教總會;之後,於1984年再 度易名為法界佛教總會。1970年,上人從中國城搬到位於三藩 市米慎(Mission)區新成立的金山聖寺。1975年,上人成立了總 會的第一個分支道場,即位於洛杉磯的金輪聖寺。1976年在加 州瑜伽市(Ukiah)又建立了道場總部—萬佛聖城。

1968年夏季,以大學生居多的一班美國人,跟隨上人學習,接 受嚴謹密集的教導。1969年,在上人座下出家的美國弟子,三 位沙彌和兩位沙彌尼,到台灣受具足戒,令台灣佛教界大為驚 by sitting in meditation beside her grave in a hut made of sorghum stalks. During this time, while reading the *Lotus Sūtra*, he experienced a deep awakening while seated in meditation, he had a vision of the Sixth Chan Buddhist Patriarch Huineng (638–713 CE). In his vision, Master Huineng came to visit him and to give him the mission of bringing Buddhism to the Western world.

After taking care of his mother's funeral service, the Venerable Master took as his teacher Chan Buddhist Master Changzhi, and he entered Three Conditions Monastery as a novice monk. Chan Master Changren subsequently transmitted to him the Dharma of the Jinding Pilu Chan lineage. During this time, the Master devoted himself not only to meditation but also to the study of the Buddhist scriptural tradition and to the mastery of all the major schools of Chinese Buddhism.

After a period of solitary meditation in the Changbai Mountains, in 1946 the Master began the long journey to the south of China. In 1947, he received full ordination as a monk at the Buddhist holy mountain Putuoshan. In 1948, after over two thousand miles of travel, the Master arrived at Nanhua Monastery and bowed to Chan Master Xuyun, China's most widely revered enlightened master. From him the Master received the mind-seal transmission, and later a more formal transmission of the Dharma of the Weiyang lineage of the Chan School.

In 1949 the Master left China for Hong Kong. There he taught meditation, lectured on the Buddhist Sūtras, and sponsored their printing. He also commissioned the making of images of Buddhas and Bodhisattvas, and he aided monastic refugees from mainland China. He also built Western Bliss Garden Monastery (*Xi Le Yuan*), established the Buddhist Lecture Hall (*Fo Jiao Jiang Tang*), and rebuilt and renovated Flourishing Compassion Monastery (*Ci Xing Si*).

In 1962, he traveled to the United States at the invitation of Hong Kong disciples who were then living in San Francisco Bay area, and he began lecturing at the San Francisco Buddhist Lecture Hall (*Sanfanshi Fojiao Jiangtang*), which had been previously established as a branch of the Hong Kong Buddhist Lecture Hall (*Xianggang Fojiao Jiangtang*). As the community at the Buddhist Lecture Hall in San Francisco grew, both in size and in diversity, the institution's name was changed, first to the Sino-American Buddhist Association and then, in 1984, to the Dharma Realm Buddhist Association. In 1970, the Venerable Master moved from Chinatown to the newly established Gold Mountain Monastery (*Jinshan Si*) in the Mission District of San Francisco. In 1975 the Venerable Master established the organization's first branch monastery – Gold Wheel Temple (*Jinlun Si*) in Los Angeles – and in 1976 he established a new headquarters as well, the City of Ten Thousand Buddhas (*Wan Fo Sheng Cheng*), in Ukiah, California.

In the summer of 1968, the Master began the intensive training of a group of Americans, most of them university students. In 1969, he astonished the monastic community of Taiwan by sending

嘆;那時期他們是第一批受具足戒的美國比丘、比丘尼。爾後 數年中,上人訓練並督導數百位登壇受戒者,包括亞洲人和西 方人士;他們從世界各地來到美國加州跟隨上人學習。現在這 些出家弟子多被分派在上人與弟子們於美國、加拿大、澳洲及 亞洲國家所建立的23個分支道場中傳授佛法。

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上人決心要將正法傳入西方,斷然地捨棄中國佛教界一些普遍的陋習。他教導弟子們要有擇法眼,並且依據經典,做有益且 合乎常理的真修行,而不是在不良文化傳承下的迷信儀式。

上人倡導多項有關叢林修行的改革,其中之一,他的出家弟子 必須依古來的修行,身著袈裟——亦即戒衣,表徵僧相。上人 勉勵僧眾和他一樣遵循佛陀所制的有益苦行,日中一食、夜不 倒單。他嚴格要求出家弟子要絕對的清淨,同時鼓勵在家弟子 遵守五戒。

上人雖然略懂英文,必要時也會講英語,但他幾乎都是以華語 來開示。主要的目的是鼓勵西方弟子學習中文,說華語的弟子 亦須學習英文,如此可以互相幫忙將《大藏經》翻譯成各國語 言文字,完成上人的心願。目前,上人所創立的佛經翻譯委員 會已經出版了百餘種佛經譯本,包括主要的大乘經典和上人的 淺釋。

上人是誨人不倦的教育家。在萬佛聖城,上人成立了僧伽及居 士訓練班、育良小學、培德中學男校及女校以及法界大學。從 1968年到1990年代的初期,上人每天講經,至少一次;並且應 世界各地佛教徒的邀請,至各處巡迴演講。上人曾帶領訪問團 至香港及台灣地區、越南、印尼、東南亞、歐洲等地宣揚佛 法。他的足跡亦遠至緬甸、泰國、印度、馬來西亞、澳洲以及 there, for complete ordination, two American women and three American men whom he had ordained as novices. They were the first Americans of that period to become fully ordained Buddhist monks and nuns. During subsequent years, the Venerable Master trained and oversaw the ordination of hundreds of people, both Asians and Westerners, from among those who came to California from every part of the world to study with him. These monastic disciples now teach in the twentythree monasteries that the Venerable Master and his disciples founded in the United States, Canada, Australia, and several Asian countries.

The Venerable Master was determined to transmit to the West the correct teachings of Buddhism, and he categorically rejected what he considered to be corrupt practices that had become widespread in China. He guided his disciples in distinguishing between genuine, scripture-based practices that were useful and in accord with common sense, as opposed to ritual superstitions that were unwholesome cultural accretions.

Among the many reforms in monastic practice that he instituted was his insistence that his monastic disciples accord with the ancient practice of wearing the monastic robe or precept-sash (*kasāya*) as a sign of membership in the monastic Sangha. He encouraged his disciples among the Sangha to join him in following the Buddha's beneficial ascetic practices of eating only one meal a day and of never lying down. Of his monastic disciples he expected strict purity, and he encouraged his lay disciples to adhere to the five precepts of the Buddhist laity.

Although he understood English fairly and spoke it when necessary, the Master almost always lectured in Chinese. His aim was to encourage his Western disciples to learn Chinese and his Chinese disciples to learn English, so that together they could help to fulfill his wish that the Buddhist Canon be translated into other languages. So far, the Buddhist Text Translation Society, which he founded, has published well over a hundred volumes of translations, including several of the major Mahayana Sūtras with the Master's commentaries.

As an educator, the Venerable Master was tireless. At the City of Ten Thousand Buddhas, he established formal training programs for monastics and for laity, elementary and secondary schools for boys and for girls, and Dharma Realm Buddhist University. From 1968 to the early 1990's he himself gave lectures on Sūtras at least once a day, and he traveled extensively on speaking tours. Responding to requests from Buddhists around the world, the Venerable Master led delegations to Hong Kong, Taiwan, Vietnam, Indonesia, Southeast Asia, and Europe to propagate the Dharma. He also traveled to Burma, Thailand, India, Malaysia, Australia and South America. His presence drew a multitude of the faithful everywhere he went. He was also often invited to lecture at universities and academic conferences.

南美;所到之處都接引攝受了眾多的善信。上人也常被邀請到 各大學及學術研討會演講。

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上人是一位融合各個不同佛教團體的倡導者。為了彌合久遠以 來北傳佛教和南傳佛教的分隔,上人邀請南傳的高僧到萬佛聖 城共同主持傳授僧眾具足戒,這是南北傳佛教共同受持的。

上人堅持各宗教之間的互相尊重,並極力推展宗教交流。他 著重於各宗教傳統的共通點,最終都是強調正行與慈悲。1976 年,他與于斌樞機主教——曾任南京的大主教及台灣輔仁大學 的校長,共同規劃世界宗教研究院,此研究院終於在1994年在 柏克萊市成立。

1990年,歐洲好幾個國家的佛教徒邀請上人;明知旅途勞頓, 將會使原已不甚健康的身體,雪上加霜,但上人仍然帶領了一 個規模龐大的歐洲弘法團。這也正是上人一貫以來為法忘軀的 精神。從歐洲回來後,上人的健康狀況更是日漸衰微;縱然病 得相當嚴重,上人仍於1993年又一次的長途跋涉到台灣弘法。

1995年6月7日,上人在洛杉磯示寂,世壽78。上人在世時,一 無所求;不求名,不求利,不求權力。他的一念一行都是為了 帶給眾生真正的福樂。上人最後的遺言:「我走後你們可以誦 《華嚴經》,念佛。你們要多少天就多少天,或者一個七,或 者七個七。火化之後,把我的骨灰灑到虛空去;旁的事情我什 麼也不要,不要給我造什麼塔,什麼紀念館。我來的時候麼么 也沒有,走的時候,還是什麼也不要,在世上我不要留什麼痕 跡.....我從虛空來,回到虛空去!」 The Venerable Master was a pioneer in building bridges between different Buddhist communities. Wishing to heal the ancient divide between Mahayana Buddhism and Theravada Buddhism, he invited distinguished Theravada monks to the City of Ten Thousand Buddhas to share the duties of full ordination and transmission of the monastic precepts, which the two traditions hold in common.

He also insisted on inter-religious respect and actively promoted interfaith dialogue. He stressed commonalities in religious traditions, above all their emphasis on proper and compassionate conduct. In 1976, together with his friend Paul Cardinal Yubin, who had been archbishop of Nanjing and who was the Chancellor of the Catholic Furen University in Taiwan, he made plans for an Institute for World Religions that came to fruition in Berkeley in 1994.

In 1990, at the invitation of Buddhists in several European countries, the Venerable Master led a large delegation on a European Dharma tour, knowing full well that, because of his ill health at the time, the rigors of the trip would shorten his life. However, as always he considered the Dharma more important than his very life. After his return, his health gradually deteriorated, yet, while quite ill, he made another major tour, this time to Taiwan, in 1993.

In Los Angeles, on June 7, 1995 at the age of 78, the Venerable Master left this world. When he was alive, he craved nothing, seeking neither fame nor wealth nor power. His every thought and every action were for the sake of bringing true happiness to all sentient beings. In his final instructions he said: "After I depart, you can recite the *Avatamsaka Sūtra* and the name of the Buddha Amitābha for however many days you would like, perhaps seven days or forty-nine days. After cremating my body, scatter all my remains in the air. I do not want you to do anything else at all. Do not build me any pagodas or memorials. I came into the world without anything; when I depart, I still do not want anything, and I do not want to leave any traces in the world ...From emptiness I came; to emptiness I am returning."



公在母墓旁,守孝至同年夏六月十九日,在佛前發願云: 稽首十方佛,及與三藏法,過去現在賢聖僧,惟願垂作證: ^{*}·度輪,釋安慈,我今發心,不為自求人天福報,聲聞緣覺, 乃至權乘諸位菩薩;唯依最上乘發菩提心,願與法界眾生, 一時同得阿耨多羅三藐三菩提。

- 一、願盡虛空、遍法界、十方三世一切菩薩
 等,若有一未成佛時,我誓不取正覺。
- 二、願盡虛空、遍法界、十方三世一切緣覺 等,若有一未成佛時,我誓不取正覺。
- 三、願盡虛空、遍法界、十方三世一切聲聞 等,若有一未成佛時,我誓不取正覺。
- 四、願三界諸天人等,若有一未成佛時,我誓 不取正覺。
- 五、願十方世界一切人等,若有一未成佛時, 我誓不取正覺。
- 六、願天、人、一切阿修羅等,若有一未成佛時,我誓不取正覺。
- 七、願一切畜生界等,若有一未成佛時,我誓 不取正覺。
- 八、願一切餓鬼界等,若有一未成佛時,我誓 不取正覺。
- 九、願一切地獄界等,若有一未成佛,或地獄 不空時,我誓不取正覺。

The Eighteen Great Vows of Venerable Master Hsüan Hua

On the nineteenth of the sixth lunar month, while practicing filial piety by his mother's grave, the Master made the following vows:

I bow before the Buddhas of the ten directions, the Dharma of the Tripitaka, and the holy Sangha of the past and present, praying that they will bear witness: I, disciple Tu Lun, An Tze, resolve not to seek for myself either the blessings of the gods or of humans, or the attainments of the Hearers, Those Enlightened by Conditions, or the Bodhisattvas of the Provisional Vehicle. Instead, I rely on the Supreme Vehicle, and bring forth the resolve for bodhi, vowing that all living beings in the Dharma Realm shall attain anuttara-samyaksambodhi (Utmost Right and Perfect Enlightenment) at the same time as I.

- 1. I vow that I will not realize right enlightenment as long as even one Bodhisattva in the three periods of time throughout the ten directions of the Dharma Realm, to the very ends of empty space, has yet not become a Buddha.
- 2. I vow that I will not realize right enlightenment as long as even one Solitary Sage in the three periods of time throughout the ten directions of the Dharma Realm, to the very ends of empty space, has yet not become a Buddha.
- 3. I vow that I will not realize right enlightenment as long as even one Hearer of the Teaching in the three periods of time throughout the ten directions of the Dharma Realm, to the very ends of empty space, has not yet become a Buddha.
- 4. I vow that I will not realize right enlightenment as long as even one god in the Three Realms has not yet become a Buddha.
- 5. I vow that I will not realize right enlightenment as long as even one human being in the worlds of the ten directions has not yet become a Buddha.
- 6. I vow that I will not realize right enlightenment as long as even one *asura* among people and gods has not yet become a Buddha.
- 7. I vow that I will not realize right enlightenment as long as even one animal has not yet become a Buddha.
- 8. I vow that I will not realize right enlightenment as long as even one hungry ghost has not yet become a Buddha.
- 9. I vow that I will not realize right enlightenment as long as even one being in the hells has not yet become a Buddha.

十、願凡是三界諸天、仙、人、阿修羅,飛潛 動植、靈界龍畜、鬼神等眾,曾經皈依我 者,若有一未成佛時,我誓不取正覺。

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- 十一、願將我所應享受一切福樂,悉皆迴向,普 施法界眾生。
- 十二、願將法界眾生所有一切苦難,悉皆與我一 人代受。
- 十三、願分靈無數, 普入一切不信佛法眾生心, 令其改惡向善, 悔過自新, 皈依三寶, 究 竟作佛。
- 十四、願一切眾生,見我面,乃至聞我名,悉發 菩提心,速得成佛道。
- 十五、願恪遵佛制,實行日中一食。
- 十六、願覺諸有情,普攝群機。
- 十七、願此生即得五眼六通,飛行自在。
- 十八、願一切求願,必獲滿足。
- 結云:眾生無邊誓願度 煩惱無盡誓願斷 法門無量誓願學 佛道無上誓願成

- 10. I vow that I will not realize right enlightenment as long as even one being in the Three Realms who has taken refuge with me has not become a Buddha whether that being is a god, ascetic master, human, *asura*, or animal that swims or flies, or whether a dragon, beast, ghost, or other inhabitant of the spirit-realm.
- 11. I vow to dedicate all the blessings and happiness that that I am due to enjoy to all the beings of the Dharma Realm.
- 12. I vow to fully take upon myself all the anguish and hardship that all the beings in the Dharma Realm are due to suffer.
- 13. I vow to appear in innumerable kinds of bodies in order to reach the minds of all the beings throughout the universe who do not believe in the Buddha's Dharma, so that I may cause them to correct their faults and become good, to repent and to start anew, to take refuge with the Three Jewels and finally to become Buddhas.
- 14. I vow that any being who sees my face or simply hears my name will immediately resolve to awaken and to follow the Path all the way to Buddhahood.
- 15. I vow to respectfully observe the Buddha's instructions and to maintain the practice of eating only one meal a day.
- 16. I vow to bring all beings everywhere to enlightenment by teaching each in accord with the various capabilities of each.
- 17. I vow, in this very life, to open the five spiritual eyes and to gain the six spiritual powers and the freedom to fly.
- 18. I vow to make certain that that all my vows are fulfilled.

To these personal vows he added the universal vows of the Bodhisattva: Living beings are countless, but I vow to save them all. Afflictions are endless, yet I vow to end them all. Dharma-methods can't be numbered; still, I vow to learn them all. The Buddha's Path is unsurpassed, and I vow to realize it.

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AUSTRALIA

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